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Letters must be registered if persons making remittances expect us to be responsible for their miscarriage. ☞The enhanced value of paper and ink, with 50 per cent advance on wages, obliges us to increase our terms of subscription.

**Ben. Evans Killed.**—It is not to be supposed, says the Maysville Eagle, that very many persons will be greatly grieved to learn that this notorious outlaw has met the fate merited by his crimes, though not in the mode that was most desirable. He was killed last week by some soldiers of the 39th Kentucky, at West Liberty. He was shot through the chest and wounded slightly in several other places, the first wound proving fatal. Ben. Evans led the band of robbers who were so handsomely repulsed by the citizens of Flemingsburg in an attempt to rob that place some months ago. He was indicted for counterfeiting before the war. We do not know whether he was ever in the Confederate service, but for months past he has been acting as a guerilla and robber.

☞ A little Sundy-school girl, of Shelbyville, Ky., desired to do all she could for the homeless women and children from the South, now in Louisville. It was not in her power to send the Relief Commission a sum of money, but decorating the parlor was a beautiful painting a fruit piece, the work of her own fingers, and valued by her far beyond its real worth. After quite a struggle in her mind between selfishness and benevolence, the true spirit gained the throne, and the picture was sent to Rev. Mr Sedwick, of this city, to be sold to the highest bidder, and the avails to "be given to the poor refugees." The picture is at Hegan's store, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth. To start the matter and encourage such noble deeds, ten dollars is offered.

**British Periodicals.**—Scott & Co., of New York, continue to republish the leading British Quarterlies and Blackwood's Magazine. The merits of these works are too well known to require any eulogy from us. They rank as the standard publications of Europe, and their pages give evidence of ripest scholarship and loftiest genius. The terms of subscription for the whole five reprints are only $15 a year, which is a very low rate when we consider the present prices of labor and of paper.

☞ The Nashville Railroad bridge across the Barren river, in this State, has been damaged by the flood. We learn, that, on Sunday, the train coming South was detained there, the trestle-work being so weakened that the managers were afraid to trust the locomotive upon it. Passengers, consequently, had to pass over on foot, after which the cars were pushed across by hand. After half an hour's detention, they moved forward, the train being drawn by a new locomotive.

**Stole an Anvil.**—George Pest, a negro with a bad physiognomy, was held for trial by the Nashville authorities on Tuesday last for stealing an anvil. Nothing could be "too hot or too heavy" for a man that would run off with an anvil. We should think that George, though an illegal appropriator, could scarcely be reckoned one of "the light-fingered gentry."

**Sonora Copper Mines.**—A correspondent of one of the St. Louis papers gives the narrative of an expedition from the foot of the Sierra Madre range across the State of Sonora to Arizona, in which allusion is made to the "marvellous" Nacosari copper mines, as follows:

It is a most wonderful development of that valuable ore, so lavishly and redundantly thrown down or up there, that almost upon the very surface one beholds masses of copper ore, with 50 per cent of pure metallic copper in it, in abundance sufficient to surfeit the markets of the world. I scarcely know whether to call it a vein or lode. It is sixty feet wide and runs for miles. The ore is so advantageously placed that it can be blasted out at one dollar per ton, I offering to contract to take five thousand tons at that figure. No shafts or tunnels seem necessary any more than on Pilot Knob or Iron Mountain. All that is necessary is to put in a blast and knock off "a ton at a pop." Besides the copper, each ton contains sixty dollars per ton of silver. I have many specimens of the beautiful ore, some of them as beautifully variegated as the colors of the spectrum, all of them 50 per cent pure. The "Don Juan" is a continuation of this wonderful mine, two thousand feet distant. Neither of them has been much worked, capital being wanting. The face of the mine already stripped present the beautiful ore in such advantageous position that the merest bungler in mining could knock it out so rapidly and at such little cost that it could be laid down at the doors of the smelting furnaces at a less percentage of expense than can be said of any copper mine I have heard of from Lake Superior to the Isthmus of Darien.

☞ The following is a full and correct copy of President Lincoln's Inaugural Address, read on the 4th of March:

Fellow-Countrymen: At this second appearing to take the oath of the Presidential office, there is less occasion for an extended address than there was at the first. Then a statement, somewhat in detail, of a course to be pursued, seemed fitting and proper. Now, at the expiration of four years, during which public declarations have been constantly called forth on every point and phase of the great contest which still absorbs the attention and engrosses the energies of the nation, little that is new could be presented.

The progress of our arms, upon which all else chiefly depends, is as well known to the public as to myself; and it is, I trust, reasonably satisfactory and encouraging to all. With high hope for the future, no prediction in regard to it is ventured.

On the occasion corresponding to this four years ago, all thoughts were anxiously directed to an impending civil war. All dreaded it—all sought to avert it. While the inaugural address was being delivered from this place, devoted altogether to *saving* the Union without war, insurgent agents were in the city seeking to *destroy* it without war—seeking to dissolve the Union and divide effects by negotiation.

Both parties deprecated war; but one of them would *make* war rather than let the nation survive, and the other would *accept* war rather than let it perish. And the war came.

One-eighth of the whole population were colored slaves, not distributed generally over the Union, but localized in the southern part of it. These slaves constituted a peculiar and powerful interest.

All knew that this interest was, somehow, the cause of the war. To strengthen, perpetuate, and extend this interest was the object for which the insurgents would rend the Union, even by war, while the Government claimed no right to do more than to restrict the territorial enlargement of it. Neither party expected for the war the magnitude or the duration which it has already attained.

Neither anticipated that the *cause* of the conflict might cease with, or even before, the conflict itself should cease. Each looked for an easier triumph, and a result less fundamental and astounding. Both read the same Bible, and pray to the same God; and each invokes His aid against the other. It may seem strange that any men should dare to ask a just God's assistance in wringing their bread from the sweat of other men's faces; but let us judge not, that we be not judged.

The prayers of both could not be answered—that of neither has been answered fully. The Almighty has His own purposes. "Woe unto the world because of offences! for it must needs be that offences come; but woe to that man by whom the offence cometh."

If we shall suppose that American slavery is one of those offences which, in the providence of God, must needs come, but which, having continued through His appointed time, He now wills to remove, and that He gives to both North and South this terrible war, as the woe due to those by whom the offence came, shall we discern therein any departure from those divine attributes which the believers in a living God always ascribe to Him?

Fondly do we hope—fervently do we pray—that this mighty scourge of war may soon pass away. Yet, if God wills that it continue until all the wealth piled by the bondman's two hundred and fifty years of unrequited toil shall be sunk, and until every drop of blood drawn with the lash shall be paid with another drawn by the sword, as was said three thousand years ago, so still it must be said, "The judgments of the Lord are true and righteous altogether."

With malice toward none; with charity for all; with firmness in the right, as God gives us to see the right, let us strive on to finish the work we are in; to bind up the nation's wounds; to care for him who shall have borne the battle, and for his widow, and his orphan—to do all which may achieve and cherish a just and a lasting peace among ourselves, and with all nations.

The festival of the Skaters' Club of Petersburg took place on the 26th of January, on the river Neva, and was honored with the presence of the Emperor and the majority of the princes of the imperial family, besides a large number of persons of distinction, including many ladies. Festoons and garlands of light, with chandeliers, immense torches, and Bengal fires, illuminated the inclosure, formed by a cordon of colored lanterns. Many of the skaters also carried torches, while others, and particularly ladies, bore small lanterns on their heads and at their waists. The proceedings commenced at half-past eight in the evening, and were kept up with spirit until midnight. Punch, tea, and other refreshments were distributed in pavilions, and in the centre of the inclosure had been erected a pile of enormous blocks of ice, the surface of which, cut into facets, glittered in the colored fires around like diamonds. A military band executed waltzes and other dances, to the music of which the skaters glided rapidly along in couples, sometimes in Indian file, sometimes rapidly crossing each other and forming mazy circles around the sledges and privileged spectators. An immense crowd of the common people looked on the brilliant spectacle from outside the barrier.

**Retirement of Mr. Secretary Fessenden.**—The heads of the several bureaus of the Treasury Department called Thursday afternoon in a body, to pay their respects, and take leave of the retiring Secretary of the Treasury.

Judge Sargent, on behalf of the heads of bureaus, addressed the Secretary as follows:

Mr. Secretary: The heads of bureaus of the Treasury Department have called in a body to pay their respects to, and take leave of you on your retiring from the position you have for sometime occupied. Called to that position at a momentous period, when war was carried on upon the most gigantic scale, requiring a corresponding measure of financial supplies, the duties of the office to which you were summoned, alike by the President and the approving voice of the country, were calculated to make anyone hesitate, but more especially one whose mental and bodily powers had for months been so severely taxed as yours had while Chairman of the Committee of Finance of the Senate. Another circumstance was also calculated to cause one to pause ere assuming the responsibility of administering the finances of the country at such a crisis, namely, the high reputation and signal ability of the eminent man who had presided over this department from the incoming of the Administration up to that moment.

No one could be surprised that you hesitated to assume the labor and responsibility of managing the finances of the country under such circumstances. But so loud and emphatic was the demand of the people, and such their confidence in your integrity and ability, that, happily for the country, you did not feel at liberty to disregard the public desire, but patriotically, at great personal sacrifice, accepted the position temporarily.

It is praise enough to say that the country has had no cause to regret the choice of the President, nor to abate one jot of the confidence it then so earnestly expressed in you.

In retiring from the control of this department to resume your duties in the Senate of the United States, you do but shift your sphere of public usefulness, and still carry with you the confidence and respect of the entire country.

We cannot restrain the expression, on the present occasion, of our profound regard. Our intercourse with you during the period we have been officially associated has been most agreeable to us, and marked by great courtesy and kindness on your part; and, in taking official leave, as we now do, we tender you our earnest wishes for your health and happiness, and devoutly pray that your public career may be prolonged through many years of honor to yourself and usefulness to our country.

RESPONSE OF MR. FESSENDEN.

Gentlemen: I am exceedingly thankful to you for this call and for the kind expression of regard I have received from you through the Commissioner of Customs. I can only say to you what you probably all know, that I came here most unwillingly. I shall have perhaps but a single regret in leaving the department, and that arises from the necessity of parting with so many gentlemen with whom my intercourse has been so exceedingly agreeable, and for whom I have a very friendly regard. I came here because I conceived it to be my duty under the circumstances, but encouraged and sustained by assurances of support from gentlemen connected with the office.

I have received that support from all of you, without a single exception, so far as I am aware. I found every gentleman here disposed to aid me. I can say to you, gentlemen, with entire frankness, that I believe my having been here will prove of very great benefit to myself, from the information and experience I have acquired; and I trust it has not been disadvantageous to others or to the department.

I think it would be better for the Government, and for the country, if Congress and gentlemen connected with the executive branch of the Government better understood each other. I shall go back to the Senate with many opinions corrected and improved with regard to the conduct of the departments, especially that with which I have been connected. I think I shall be disposed to render justice to gentlemen who, placed in situations like yours, labor in season and out of season for the public good, for what I conceive to be, in these times, a very inadequate remuneration for their services. I have no doubt the same is true with regard to all the other departments of the Government.

With regard to my daily intercourse with you, gentlemen, I can only say that, in my opinion, however we may be placed relatively, either in the department or elsewhere, no man in this country is above the rank of a gentleman; and every man who honorably and conscientiously performs his duty is entitled to be treated as such. Acting upon this belief, I have regarded the humblest clerk in this office, so long as he discharged his duty honestly and faithfully, as my equal, and entitled not only to my protection, but to equal rights with myself.

Gentlemen, you did not come here to make or hear speeches, and I will only add that I cordially reciprocate your kind wishes. At my age, new friends are not easily made, but I shall indulge the hope that, in leaving the department, I shall not lose the regards of those whose friendship I have learned to value.

**How They go to Bed.**—The young girl trips gaily up to her chamber, and, with the cautious timidity peculiar to her sex, first locks the doors and arranges the window curtains, so that by no possible chance a passer by or a belated nocturnal wanderer, from the pavement, can catch a glimpse of her budding beauty when *deshabille*. The task completed, she turns on the gas to its full, and institutes a general search throughout the apartment, that she may be sure it does not contain a "horrible burglar," or a desperate ruffian in big whiskers and a crisp black hair. Carefully, with her delicate little fingers, she lift the valance, peers into places where even Tom Thumb could not squeeze his diminutive corporation, and takes a cursory peep into the half emptied trunk, and not forgetting to glance nervously under the sofa, the space between which and the floor is not sufficient to contain the ghost of Calvin Edson, much less an ordinary robber. Having ascertained that she is really alone, she leisurely proceeds to divest her fair form of the silk and linen conventionalities of society. First she relieves her glossy hair of the pins and combs which enthrall it, and does it up more compactly. Then off comes the little collar, and the light vapory cloud she calls undersleeves, which all the day has been clasped around her white, plump arms, by a pair of India rubber straps. Next the love of a spring dress is unfastened in front. Then sundry waist strings and button straps are loosened, and lo! what a collapse, like Lowe's big balloon. She stands like Saturn, the centre of rings. There they lay upon the carpet, partly covered by the linen under-fixings, with no more expression in them than there is in the bare floor beneath the carpet.

Sits she now upon the edge of the snowy bed and begins the unlacing of gaiters, and the disrobing of those fair swelling limbs of the stockings. The pretty little foot is carefully perched upon the knee—down drops the gaiter, off comes the elastic, and her thumb inserted at the top of the stocking, pushes it down—down over the heel, and the cotton rests beside the prunella. So with the other foot, only involving a slight change of position. There is a smile that peers out from the blushes of her sweet face, now, as standing there before the glass, she places upon her head the night cap, and, with a quick twist of her fingers, ties the bewitching bow. Then the night gown is thrown over the frilled chemise, concealing the heaving bosom and the shoulders in the linen folds. Then counterpane and sheets are thrown back, the gas is turned down—down very low—and the little form presses the yielding couch, and the angel goes off to the world of dreams.

Now in the room directly above her is the great brute of a brother. He comes into it, shuts the door with a slam, turns the key with a snap, growls at a chair which happens to be in the way, pulls off his boots and throws them in the corner, jerks his socks from his feet, drops his pantaloons on the floor and lets them lie there, gets out of his coat and vest by a quick, vindictive sort of twist of his arms and body, unpins and unbuttons his collar, throws it carelessly at rather than on the table, travels to the window in his shirt extremity to let down the curtain, as if he didn't care a cuss whether the entire population of the street beheld his anatomy or not; then puts out his light and bounces into bed like a great calf jumping into a pile of hay—curls himself up, his knees nearly touching his nose, lies so a moment or two, turns on his back, stretches his limbs out, swears at the tucking in of the bed-clothes, grunts, gets over on the other side, and is—asleep. Then comes the snoring and snorting.

Isn't there a difference in style?

The Wilts Mirror, a reliable English provincial paper, publishes the following singular narrative: "A case exhibiting strange fatality in a family has occurred in Trowbridge. There was a family named Watts residing at Melksham Forest. The father was taken ill, died, and was buried. On the return of the mourners from the funeral they found the mother dead. She was buried, and, on the return of the sorrowing relatives from the grave, they found the daughter dead. Last week a surviving son died, and a letter containing the sad intelligence was sent to Trowbridge, to the only surviving child, a woman named Jane Watts. Her son took the letter, and, by way of gently breaking the news to his mother, told her her brother was ill. Looking up, she caught sight of the black border of the letter, and exclaimed: "He's dead! I shall die too." Although previously well, she sat down fainting in a chair. Her son, not thinking his mother's words could be verified, started for Melksham to see the last offices performed to his uncle's remains. In his absence a neighbor named Barnes happened to go into his mother's house, and found her partially insensible in a chair. He attempted to rouse her, but she fell from the chair under the grate. He summoned the neighbors, and medical assistance was procured, but, in spite of all attentions, she sank and died within four hours of receiving the intelligence. At the inquest held on the body, the coroner said it certainly was a most extraordinary case. The jury returned a verdict of "Died by the visitation of God."

The value of property in Naples has advanced so much that a house, formerly valued at 40.000f. was lately sold for 124,000 francs, and a vineyard reckoned as worth only 37,000 francs for 120,000 francs. In all other sales a similar advance in price has been realized.

## FROM BRAZOS SANTIAGO—IMPORTANT FROM MEXICO.

[Correspondence of the New Orleans Times.]

Brazos Santiago, Texas, Feb. 18, 1865.

Great excitement has prevailed here for three days past, in consequence of Mr. Echinson, U. S. Consul at Matamoras, having been ordered peremptorily to leave the country. Upon the glorious news of the fall of Fort Fisher Mr. E. raised the American flag over the Consulate. Soon after which he was informed by General Mejia, Maximilian's tool, that both his presence and that of the American flag was no longer agreeable, and that he must at once leave the "Heroic City;" whereupon the flag was taken down, the Consulate closed, and Echinson is now here on his way to Washington to communicate the affair to the Secretary of State. It is to be hoped that he will have the moral stamina to inform the Pretender that he cannot, with impunity, haul down the flag of the United States, and insult our consuls, by using all sorts of indignities toward them, as he has done in the case of Mr. Echinson, who informs me that he was grossly insulted, time and again, while walking the streets of both Matamoras and Bagdad, and that he narrowly escaped with his life. This affair will probably bring things to a focus between Maximilian and Uncle Sam.

A grand celebration took place yesterday at Bagdad—the Imperialists celebrating the death of the United States in the following manner: They killed a dog, formed a procession, headed by a band of music and the dog dead, and marched through the city with music appropriate for the occasion. Only another insult to our Government.

It is rumored to-day that General Juarez is marching against Matamoras with a considerable force; that General Mejia, who is in command at Matamoras, ordered Cortinas to march out with four regiments to meet and attack him, and, instead of making the ordered attack, he and his whole force joined Juarez, and that they are now marching on the city. The Imperialists are very much alarmed. If this rumor be true, the city will probably be in the hands of the Liberals before a week, for it is but indifferently garrisoned. "Bully" for Cortinas, say I!

Our "Southern brethren" at Brownsville are also very much alarmed for fear that the "Yanks" may take it into their heads to pay them a visit. Only last week General Slaughter ordered all valuables removed to Corpus Christi for safe keeping. To-day I have learned that they have been reinforced by eleven hundred men, and think the report correct.

Affairs on the island are *statu quo*. The health of the troops is excellent. The fortifications being built here are of the most permanent character—built, I think, with an eye single to our "foreign relations." Col. Jones, the new commander at this place, proves himself equal to the emergency.

The weather is bad and has been storming for three weeks almost constantly. Five wrecks have occurred near here within the last four weeks, all of which have proven total loss to the owners. Two of them were loaded with five hundred bales of cotton, all lost but ninety-five bales; two loaded with merchandise, which were a total loss.

The fifth one, a large bark, was in ballast, bound from Havana to Bagdad, for cotton.

The band of the 34th Indiana wish to be remembered to the Times office. Long wave the Times. More anon. SANTIAGO.

The New Orleans Times of the 27th, editorially says in reference to this matter:

Our readers have heretofore been advised by us of the expulsion of Mr. Echinson, the American Consul at Matamoras, by the hybrid government of Maximilian, and of the arrival of that gentleman in this city. We had an interview yesterday with a passenger by the same vessel who kindly furnished us with further particulars of the case. It appears that during the latter part of last fall, or early part of the winter, the Federal Government commissioned Mr. Echinson as Consul in place of Mr. Pierce, who had been recognized by Juarez, and who also continued his functions under the government of the Empire. Application was made to the military authorities for permission for Mr. E to act until his exequatur could be received from Mexico.

General Mejia, the commandant, consented, but the Prefect refused that august individual, observing that none of the acts of the Consul would be recognized until his exequatur was received. A statement of the case having been forwarded to the Mexican Secretary of State, he directed that the Consulate be closed forthwith.

The stars and stripes were at that time flying in honor of the victory of Fort Fisher, and the Prefect delayed transmitting the order until sunset, at which hour the flag was usually taken down. The archives of the Consulate were removed in safety to the residence of Mr. Pierce, and the office was closed. Our informant further states that the receipt of the order to close up leaked out, and caused intense excitement among our fellow-citizens in Matamoras.

**Converging Columns—Past and Present Campaigns.**—The Richmond Enquirer remarked, recently, in regard to the co-operative movements with Sherman, which were being made both from Tennessee and North Carolina, that "the moving of converging columns was always perilous and seldom successful."

There was much justice in the statement. History is full of instances of the failure of such movements. The celebrated campaign of Frederick the Great in Moravia and Silesia in 1742, came to grief through the want of proper co-operation of the French converging column. In the last great campaign against Napoleon, before his banishment to Elba, the allies were very nearly beaten in detail, owing to their large plan of converging movements. In this war we have repeatedly failed in such efforts. If it was a part of the plan of General Scott that Patterson's and McDowell's columns should converge and co-operate before fighting, then was Bull Run lost by the same cause. In General Sherman's great march across Central Mississippi last year, it was expected that he would unite with the converging column of cavalry under General W. S. Smith, but the latter was delayed in starting, and then, in some manner never yet explained, beaten back by a very inferior force, so that Sherman's invasion became only a raid. General Banks, in his famous Red river expedition, had expected to co-operate with the converging column under General Steele from Arkansas, when, together, they would have been far superior to Taylor. But he was attacked first, and, owing to his carelessness, beaten, and the whole expedition became a disastrous failure.

The most striking instance of the difficulty of these converging movements, however, was presented in the great campaign in Virginia last summer. It was the plan, apparently, to direct four converging columns on Richmond. Gen. Sigel was to move through the Valley; another column from Western Virginia; Gen. Butler was to attack by the Peninsula; and Gen. Meade to move directly from the Rapid Ann. General Butler states that it was proposed that his and the main column should converge at some point *above* Richmond. The plan will always be regarded by military judges as an able and comprehensive one; but, like all the plans relative to converging movements on a wide space, it was subject to perilous chances. The Western Virginia column did not get up in time to concentrate with the forces under Sigel; Sigel was beaten in detail; Butler was fastened to his first stronghold on the James, and, in order to converge, Grant was obliged to move the main column to his left, and abandon the whole plan of an upper movement on the James; so that the campaign, though through its fearful fighting weakening the Confederacy beyond any hope of recovery, did not succeed in its main object of a converging and co-operative attack above Richmond.

The present campaign is another of Lieutenant-General Grant's combination of movements. Three or four columns may be described as converging on Virginia and hemming in Lee's army; a cavalry attack from the Tennessee mountains (which may be nothing more than a raid against railroads); General Schofield's army advancing from Wilmington, with possibly a co-operative body from Newbern; Gen. Sherman's great force marching through the Carolinas, and Gen. Grant's main army pressing continually on Lee's front.

The usual fate of great converging movements, we believe will not overtake this grand plan, for the reason that *two of the converging columns are large armies*, and able fully to protect themselves against the power of the enemy. Whether Schofield unites with Sherman or not, the latter could alone make head against all Lee's army.

With Grant on one side, and Sherman on the other, we do not see what chance can save Lee from defeat or a disgraceful retreat. All human events are, indeed, uncertain; but regarding the usual relations in human affairs between cause and effect, we should say that this grand campaign was certain to come to a glorious issue, and we expect each day to chronicle a victory which will about bring to a close this terrible war.—*N. Y. Times.*

Some ingenious Constantinopolitan has discovered a novel method of advertising his wares. A late visitor to the city of the Sultan writes as follows: "At Pera, that interesting suburb of Constantinople, I visited the cemetery, which is full of beautiful monuments. One tomb especially attracted my attention by the richness of its ornamentation. I imagined it to be the tomb of some great personage, and proceeded to read the inscription, which was sculptured in golden letters, and contained, as usual, high-flown traditions of the virtues of the deceased. The date of his death was, however, wanting. I inquired the reason of my guide, who told me that the explanation of the omission was very simple. The date was left out—because the man was still alive. He had caused the monument to be built four years before, on the day of his wedding, which was likewise that of the opening of his business. He came every week to visit it. My guide added that he believed the intention of this strange proceeding to be simply that of advertising the business of the party, as every one who visited the cemetery would be sure to inquire about him."

**Printers in High Places.**—The U. S. Senate has chosen a printer for Secretary, a printer for Sergeant at-arms, while a printer occupies the Vice-President's chair. In the House a printer has been elected clerk, a printer postmaster, and on the first Monday of December, 1863, the House of Representatives chose a printer for their foreman or speaker; and also of fourteen gentlemen who had filled the office of Mayor of Washington, six were printers, namely: Rapine, Gales, Seaton, Weightman, Force, and Towers.

## OUR STATE CORRESPONDENCE.

Elizabethtown, Ky., March 8, 1865.

*To the Editors of the Louisville Journal:*

The raid into our town yesterday created some alarm, it was so sudden, so unexpected, and the surprise so complete, that the citizens were more alarmed than there was any occasion for. They were under the command of a man, it is believed, by the name of Burch; his command consisted of four men besides himself; one of them was supposed to be Wigginton. Combs was the name of another. One was Manus Johnson, a young man well known in Louisville; the name of the other is unknown. They were very desirous of burning the court-house, but in their eagerness for whiskey they delayed it so long that the timely arrival of the colored troops prevented it. Shots were exchanged, but no one was hurt. The only loss sustained by the citizens was one coat and a bottle of whiskey. They represented themselves as being regular rebel soldiers and belonging to Captain Clay's company.

Some cavalry stationed at this point could do great service to the country. X.

Kingston, Ky., March 5, 1865.

*To the Editors of the Louisville Journal:*

The people of this vicinity have been very much excited recently by the sudden discovery of oil. It has been found near the surface running in springs, and one man even found it in (quartz) quarts. The man in question was absent from home one day, and his wife concluded she would go out on the place and make an examination. After examining the various rich springs, she bottled some of the oily substance, and took it home. The old man returning quite dry, tried one of the bottles, thinking it was regular old Bourbon. He was suddenly struck, thereafter, with the petroleum excitement, which has led him to prospect very extensively for this profitable light-giving fluid. This fortunate mistake is about to develop in this part of Kentucky immense wealth.

Columbia, Ky., March 3, 1865.

*To the Editors of the Louisville Journal:*

To-day Dick Smith, of Clinton county, Ky., was hung here for the murder of Elsy Morgan, of Cumberland county, the crime having been committed some time in September last. Through the interposition of a very estimable lady here the Governor had prolonged his time for the period of one month, that he might have more time to prepare for the *interesting* (?) event.

Smith was a member of the 13th Kentucky cavalry at the time he committed the crime, but was given up to be tried by the civil authorities. Until within a few days of his death he had most confidently expected that some of his old comrades would release him by force, or that our friend Tinker Dave Beatty, the guerilla-hunter, would remember him in his rather disagreeable dilemma; but, finding his time shortening, his hopes became clouded, and he began at once to seek hope in the direction his spiritual advisers pointed out to him. Ministers waited on him daily, and to-day he was immersed by the Rev. Mr. Wallace, of the Christian Church. He expressed a willingness to die at last, and regretted only leaving his family of helpless children.

On the gallows he had but little to say, and appeared calm and resigned to his awful fate. He said that he hoped the young and old would take warning from his case, to shun liquor and bad company. He confessed his guilt and said he did not blame Morgan's friends for wanting him hung, and hoped he would meet them and him in the better world. He then assisted the Sheriff in adjusting the rope, bowed politely to his friends, bidding all adieu, the cart was driven from under, and he was launched into the eternal world the victim of his own sin and guilt. KENT.

Cadiz, Ky., March 6, 1865.

*To the Editors of the Louisville Journal:*

We have had Captain Lemon's company, of the 17th Kentucky cavalry, in our county for the last three weeks. They have proven a terror to guerillas and evil-doers. Our county had been much troubled with outlaw bands; amongst them were some of our citizens. Capt. Lemon has been untiring in his efforts to ferret out these citizen rascals and bring them to grief, and has been quite successful.

Last week information was given the Captain that ten or twelve guerillas had crossed the Cumberland river, and were going in the direction of Hopkins county. He instantly sent out a squad of his men under Sergeant Stout after them, and, although they started four hours behind in the chase, they overhauled the guerillas near the Tradewater, made a dash upon them, captured six horses, their equipage, guns, and pistols, and were back at their post in thirty hours from their time of departure. All praise to these brave and noble men. If such activity and energy was displayed by the Federal forces in the State we would soon be delivered from these outlaw bands. Yours, respectfully, "SPIRIT OF THE UNION."

## OUTRAGES BY GUERILLAS—NUMEROUS ROBBERIES AND MURDERS.

[From the Memphis Bulletin, March 1.]

**Citizen Whipped—Murder and Robbery.** A man named Joseph Dunbar, resides on the Raleigh road, about a mile and a half outside the picket lines. On Saturday night, fourteen guerillas woke him up, and taking him outside his house, asked him if he was a Union man. He said he was not. They told him he lied and carrying him about forty or fifty yards, they tied him to a tree, and gave him a hickoring. He was so much injured that he has since been confined to bed. The guerillas, after beating Dunbar, plundered his house and set it on fire, and then left.

The supply store of Mr. Thomas Baxter, on the same road, and a half a mile beyond Dunbar's, was also robbed by the same gang of guerillas on Saturday night. They stole from Baxter two yoke of oxen, a team of mules and a horse, and with his store goods, went on to the house of Mr. Green, which they robbed, at the same time shooting two negroes, one of whom, named Sam, was killed.

**Robberies and Arson and Cotton Burning.** On the Hernando road, a man named Andrew Giles has a farm about two miles from the city. A gang of twenty or thirty guerillas came to his house on Sunday night. Mr. Giles is an old man, and sickly. The guerillas took his two sons, a team of mules, a horse, four pigs, a lot of poultry, a considerable amount of household goods, and then setting fire to the place, left it. They went about a mile and a half further to the house of Thomas Duncan, and there whipped so unmercifully that they are sick from the effects, two negroes, then fired the house and outhouse, and taking a man named Williams, who worked for Mr. Duncan, along with them as a conscript. The house of Mr. Brooks, on the State line road, was entered by guerillas on Sunday night and robbed of all that was conveniently portable. They made Mr. Brooks pay $50, under penalty of being conscripted by them, and then left. Charles Wilford, about three miles from the city, on the Pigeon Roost road, on Monday night the guerillas robbed his house and set fire to it. They then carried off two colored men.

Thirty bales of Government cotton were burned by guerillas on the Pigeon Roost road, and about three miles from the city on last Monday.

**Cotton Burning and Murder.**—On the Arkansas side of the river, a little above the Mound City chute, and perhaps four miles from Memphis, two negroes were recently unmercifully whipped by guerillas. One of them was whipped to death. The guerillas then burned nine bales of cotton.

**Boat Sunk.**—The Government boat Naugatuck is reported to have been sunk by guerillas, on Monday, somewhere up the river.

**Large Robbery.**—A Mr. Justus lives near Duncan's wagon-yard. On last Friday night there were eight citizens and cotton buyers at his house, and about eight o'clock a knock came to the door. Justus stepped out, when his name was demanded. He gave it, and the guerillas said they didn't know he was the man they were looking for, and wanted to see his papers. He walked a little way from the door, and was then compelled to go further without alarming the men inside. A pass to enter Memphis was found, the Captain of the guerillas remarking that this was just what he wanted.

The guerillas then took from Mr. Justus's pocket $300 in paper money and $100 in gold. Then entering the house they ordered the persons inside to expose their pocket-books to see if they contained any papers. The guerillas assured them that their money was not wanted. The pocket-books were produced and were found to contain nearly a thousand dollars, which the guerillas appropriated and then left.

As an illustration of the utter demoralization caused by the rebellion, a reliable gentleman states that recently he stopped at a female boarding-school in Somerville, with the principal of which he was well acquainted. In the evening two men came in and were well received by both the teachers and pupils, but our informant ascertained that the two men were the same persons who a little while before, went at night to the house of a venerable couple over sixty years of age, and demanded their money. The old man refused to tell where it was, and these two rebel gentlemen hanged him and otherwise so seriously injured him that he soon after died, but he was obstinate and would not tell where his money was. The villains then took the old woman, tied her clothes over her head and applied hot coals of fire to her person until she told where the money was and they secured it. This outrage was well known at the female boarding school, but either through fear or sympathy the inhuman perpetrators were well received when they made their friendly call.

A Troy Alderman got married the other day, and had rather a thrilling time on his wedding tour. He was two days in getting to Buffalo on account of the snow; was in the American Hotel, in that city, when it burned down; and on his way to Chicago was thrown over an embankment twenty feet high by a railroad accident, badly bruising himself and his new wife. The couple are now in Chicago, recovering from their injuries and getting courage to try the return trip.

In England some of the churches have pews for deaf people. They are connected with the pulpit by means of tubes, which open in the pews, with trumpet-shaped mouths in convenient positions for the ear of the listener.

## TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

### The Advance of General Terry.

### He is Confronted by General Hood.

### Richmond Papers on the Situation.

### Raising Provisions by Subscription.

### Completeness of Sheridan's Victory.

### More Brilliant than First Reported.

### Making for the Lynchburg Canal.

### The Richmond Public Again Excited.

### Escape of Numbers of Prisoners.

### Two thousand Desertions in 30 Days.

TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Washington, March 9.

Richmond papers of the 7th instant are at hand, but they are entirely destitute of news from any quarter. The Goldsboro Journal of the 4th instant says: From Kingston we have the assurance that all is quiet. Not only has no advance been made by the enemy, but it is now thought doubtful by outsiders if there is any large force at Newbern.

New York, March 9.

The World's Wilmington correspondence of the 28th says: Our advance under Gen. Terry is but some twelve miles from here on the northwest branch of the Cape Fear river, with Hood's troops confronting it on the other side. Sherman is reported to-day as being within sixty miles of this place. If that is the case a junction will be easily made between General Schofield's troops and his, and a forward movement Richmondward ordered at once.

The Richmond papers still express the belief that Grant will attack Lee's lines around Richmond as soon as the ground will permit. The rebels believe that Grant has sent nearly all his cavalry from the armies of the Potomac and James to Sheridan in the Shenandoah Valley.

A meeting to obtain subscriptions of provisions for Lee's army was recently held at Danville.

In noticing it, the Richmond Whig says: General Lee's men must be fed, or we lose all.

The Danville Register is assured that it does not enter into Lee's plans to abandon the rebel capital unless, as is very prudently added, it becomes impossible to hold out any longer.

The Herald's Winchester correspondence says rebel deserters who arrived at Winchester, state that they passed Sheridan on their way down. He reached Woodstock, thirty miles from the starting point, on the first, and, though rain was falling, the roads very muddy, and the streams much swollen, his troops were pushing forward rapidly.

It was expected on the third day they would reach Staunton, ninety-eight miles up the valley, and a short distance north of the town where Early was with a small rebel force.

The Tribune's Washington special says: Gen. Emery's report, in Sheridan's victory over Early, was more complete than any report we have had. When last heard from, he was pushing for the canal running from Lynchburg to Richmond, which he had doubtless seized and destroyed before this.

New York, March 9.

On Sunday Richmond was excited with a rumor that Johnston had defeated Sherman, and was investing the position taken up by the latter. The next day, however, the Richmond papers admitted the falsity of the report, but claimed that Hampton had defeated Kilpatrick.

This report however was brought by a railroad passenger who was the only one that knew anything of it. The state of feeling in North Carolina is plainly evident from the tone of the press and recent events. Nearly a whole company of the 6th North Carolina cavalry deserted a few days since and came into Newbern bringing their horses and equipments.

Negroes are coming in in large numbers. The rebels are conscripting all the boys they can lay their hands on, and both the troops and people of that State are represented as heartily sick of the war.

The Union prisoners confined at Florence were sent to Salisbury on the approach of Sherman. On the way many escaped, and reached our lines at Newbern under the guidance of negroes and loyal whites.

Arrangements have been made to exchange ten thousand prisoners at Wilmington, and they are now being forwarded.

The Tribune's Washington special says: About one hundred deserters took the oath of allegiance and started North to-day. More are taking the oath than is generally thought.

They report that Lee rode out through their camp, promised them more food and clothes, and urged them to stand by him; but they concluded it would not pay.

In the last thirty days there has been two thousand deserters received, one hundred and forty of whom took the oath.

Cincinnati, March 9, M.

River fallen 1 foot 5 inches, with 54 feet 9 inches in the channel. Weather wet; light rain all morning; turning cold. Thermometer 45.

Pittsburg, March 9, M.

River 11 feet by the pier mark, and rising slowly. Weather clear and mild.

New York, March 9—M.

Stocks lower, and closed heavy. Money at 6@7 ℘ cent. Gold sold down to 194 at the Second Board. Reading, 110; New York Central, 109; Erie, 65¼; United States 6s, '81, 111½; United States 5.20s, 111⅛; United States 5s, '71, registered, 104; 7.30s, 114½; 10 40s, 97½.

Cotton quiet at 80c. Flour 5@10c better on common, $10 30@10 45 for extra State, $10 90@11 10 for round-hoop Ohio. Wheat dull and drooping, $2 78 for Milwaukee club. Corn dull. Oats dull at $1 12 for Western. Pork dull at $35 75 for new and $33 50@33 75 for '63, $30@30 25 for prime. Lard steady at $19½@23½. Dressed hogs dull. Whiskey lower; $2 25 for western. Petroleum quiet at 48 for crude, 67@68 for refined in bond, 88c free.

Cincinnati, March 9—M.

Flour very dull and prices nominal. Wheat dull, red $1 85. Oats dull at 80c. Rye $1 29. Whiskey dull, holders offering to sell at $2 15. Provisions dull and prices declining; city mess pork sold at $35, and bulk meats at 15⅝@17¾c. Lard dull and no demand. Groceries dull, but prices are not lower.

**Guerillas on the Nashville Railroad—Attack on a Train.**—The up-passenger train over the railroad, which left Nashville yesterday afternoon, in approaching a bridge a few miles below Elizabethtown at half-past one o'clock this morning, was fired upon by a band of guerillas, estimated to number fifty men. The outlaws had fired the bridge and placed an obstruction upon the track, hoping by these means to bring the train to a halt, and make it an easy capture. The first discharge was directed at the engineer, but the shots whistled harmlessly by. A guard on board the train returned the fire. The guerillas replied with a second volley, many of the shots striking the cars. The train was momentarily brought to a stop in order to remove the obstructions, which was quickly done. The cars again moved forward, and passed over the burning bridge in safety. The outlaws were left in full possession of the road.

**A Guerilla Hung.**—On Friday last a guerilla named James Hamilton, alias James H. Lowe, was hung at Macon, Missouri, in pursuance of the sentence of a military commission. He was found guilty of being a guerilla of Major's band, of violating his oath of allegiance, and several acts of robbery. He was from Monroe county, and plead not guilty. He was executed at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, under the direction of Brigadier-General Clinton B. Fisk, and was suspended until he was very dead.

**A Lazy Case.**—"I want to know," bawled out old Speargrass, "if that boy ain't got through them taters yet?"

"Sakes alive!" responded the old woman; "you had better be lookin' after that Jabez; here it's night, and he hain't brought a single bucket of taters from the fields this blessed day."

"Tew bad," continued the old man; "I'll bet he hain't dug a bushel of taters this day, and I strictly charged him to be spry, and dig and carry in ten bushels before sundown, or I'd give him the allfiredest walloping he ever had in all his born days."

With this piece of eloquence burning on his lips, Speargrass took down the wattle and started for the tater-field. There stood Jabez, a great loblolly, slab-sided, doless little whelp, digging for dear life, as though he was afraid dark would catch him before he got the last potato out of the ground.

"Why on airth," bawls the old man, "ain't you been and brought in them taters? Where are they? How many have you dug?"

"Well, dad," responded the hopeful, trying to wipe the sweat from his brow, and straightening up his long, lazy body perpendicular with the shovel handle, "I have been tuckerin away like sin all the afternoon, and here——"

"Where's the taters," bawled the old man.

"Well, dad, there's one! I were snakin' out another when you come, and as soon as I tip t'other out there'll be just three of them."

Old Speargrass "went in lemons," and the way he let loose with his wattle, and Jabez cut loose for home, was a fine illustration for the comic almanac.

A railway is to be built in Palestine. It will connect Jaffa with Jerusalem, will be about forty miles long, and, with a harbor at Jaffa, will cost half a million pounds sterling.

The value of a tract of land on Oil Creek, Venango county, Pennsylvania, two miles in width and twenty miles long, is estimated at two hundred and fifty million of dollars. Four years ago this land was hardly worth five dollars an acre.

**Police Proceedings**—*Thursday, March 9.*—John McNulty, drunkenness and disorderly conduct. Fined $5, and security in $100 was required for his good behavior for three months.

James Welch, robbing Abner W. Patterson of $95 50. Continued till to-morrow.

James A. Long was fined $5, and held to bail in $100 for three months, for being drunk and disorderly.

Ed Nally, Z. Forman, and Arthur Connor, disorderly conduct. Discharged.

## OFFICIAL.

### BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Wednesday Evening, March 8, 1865.

Present—President Brown, and all the members except Aldermen Carter, Kinkead, and Crowe.

The reading of the minutes of the preceding meeting was dispensed with, and the same were approved.

A message was received from his Honor the Mayor, stating his reasons for calling the Council together, which was ordered to be filed.

A message was received from his Honor the Mayor, transmitting a proposition from the Louisville and Portland Railroad Company, to extend the said road out Thirteenth to Market street, and up Market to Wenzel, together with a resolution granting the said Louisville and Portland Railroad such right of way.

Alderman Story submitted a motion to refer the above resolution to a committee, which was lost by the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Story and Baird—2.

Nays—President Brown, and Aldermen Ruble, Murphy, Osborne, Hubbard—5.

The question then being upon the adoption of the resolution, the same was adopted by the following vote:

Yeas—President Brown, and Aldermen Ruble, Murphy, Osborne, and Hubbard—5.

Nays—Aldermen Story and Baird—2.

CLAIMS ALLOWED.

Alms-house, $1,233 19, expenses for January, 1865;

A. Rammers, Tax Collector, E. D., $700, additional compensation;

K. P. Thixton, Tax Collector, W. D., $700, additional compensation;

P. & M. Pfeiffer, $150, for boundary stones;

T. C. Tucker, $12 50, for cement;

Jacob Gouggous, $5 50, for repair of engine-house;

Dr. P. C. West, $200, additional compensation;

Prentice, Henderson, & Osborne, $1,032 53, for printing.

A claim of Al. Bourlier of $25, as per bill rendered, was submitted and referred to the Committee on Public Works.

Alderman Ruble being in the chair, Alderman Baird obtained leave of absence.

Alderman Osborne, from the Finance Committee, reported an ordinance from the Common Council abolishing the office of Tax Collectors and creating the office of Receiver of Taxes, which was rejected by the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Ruble, Osborne, and Hubbard—3.

Nays—President Brown, and Aldermen Story and Murphy—3.

Alderman Baird appeared, took his seat, and asked leave to record his vote upon the above ordinance.

The President decided that, as Alderman Baird was absent when the vote upon the ordinance was taken and the result was announced, he could not now record his vote.

Alderman Baird had leave to enter his protest against the decision of the Chair.

Alderman Osborne, from the Finance Committee, was discharged from the further consideration of a communication of Geo. W. Morris, President of the Board of Directors of the House of Refuge.

Alderman Osborne, from same, submitted a communication from Isham Henderson, President of the Louisville and Portland Railroad Company, which was ordered to be filed.

Alderman Osborne, from same, submitted five several reports of the City Auditor to March 2, 1865, which were ordered to be filed.

Alderman Osborne, from same, submitted an ordinance from the Common Council making appropriations for the fiscal year ending March 9, 1865, which was read and referred to the Finance Committee.

Alderman Osborne introduced a resolution instructing the Street Inspector, Eastern District, to repair the gutter on the south side of Jefferson street, between Hancock and Clay, which was adopted.

Alderman Baird, from the Revision Committee, reported an ordinance from the Common Council to prevent the unlawful use or waste of water of Louisville Water Works Company, which was rejected.

Alderman Baird submitted a resolution from the Common Council, granting B. McAtee, contractor, further time until March 9, 1865, to grade, curb, and pave with bowlder stones Ninth street, from Grayson to Chestnut, which was adopted.

Alderman Baird, from the Street Committee, Western District, reported a resolution from the Common Council, instructing the Street Inspector, Western District, to construct stepping-stones on a line with the west side of Third street, on that portion of the wharf now finished to the river, which was referred to the Wharf Committee.

Alderman Story, from the Police Committee, submitted the report of the Chief of Police, as to the number of lamps unlighted during the month of February, 1865, which was ordered to be filed.

Alderman Hubbard submitted the bond of the Louisville City Railroad Company to the city of Louisville, for the fulfilment of their contract with the city, which was referred to the Committee on Elections, Bonds, and Contracts.

Alderman Hubbard submitted an ordinance from the Common Council to repeal an ordinance entitled "An ordinance authorizing the election of a Resident Surgeon at the Hospital, which was referred to the Hospital Committee.

Alderman Brown being in the chair,

Alderman Ruble, from the Committee on Printing, reported an ordinance regulating City Printing, which was passed by the following vote:

Yeas—President Brown and Aldermen Story, Ruble, Murphy, Osborne, Hubbard, and Baird—7.

Nays—None.

Alderman Story introduced a resolution instructing his Honor the Mayor to contract with some suitable person to complete the fill in Beargrass at Clay street, which was adopted.

And then the Board adjourned.

OLIVER LUCAS, Clerk.

[For the Louisville Journal.]

Messrs. Editors: I would not trouble you and the public further but for the misrepresentations made by German & Bro. in their card in the city papers on the morning of the 8th inst. In that card the Messrs. G. & Bro. make use of this language:

"That we have not been acting unlawfully in lithographing or selling the labels has been decided by the Chancellor of the Louisville Chancery Court, in a suit in said court, which Mr. McGill brought against us to enjoin us; but, on hearing the case, the Chancellor refused to grant the injunction, and dismissed McGill's petition, with costs."

It is a rule of evidence in the courts, I believe, that when a witness knowingly speaks falsely as to a material fact, he is not to be believed at all. Now, the above statement of German & Brother is utterly false, for the reason that it is intended to convey the idea that my application to the Chancellor for an injunction was refused, whereas it was granted, *but was not perpetuated*. They also wish to convey the idea that the case was *heard upon its merits* by the Chancellor, whereas the truth is that, upon a *preliminary* motion in the case, the Judge came to the conclusion that the Chancery Court had no jurisdiction in the matter, and made this order: "The case is dismissed for want of jurisdiction." Does this look like the idea conveyed in the following words: "That we have not been acting unlawfully in lithographing or selling the labels has been decided by the Chancellor of the Louisville Chancery Court"?

The other statements of this card are about upon a par with this. It requires the *face* of men who have dealt with the property of others as German & Bro. have with mine to enter the public prints with a card as full of untruth as theirs. [m9 m&etf] S. B. McGILL.

[For the Louisville Journal.]

NOTICE TO HON. J. F. BULLITT, CHIEF JUSTICE OF KENTUCKY.

George T. Wood, Alfred Allen, R. J. Browne, S. E. DeHaven, and Wm. R. Thompson were appointed a committee by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly under the following resolution:

"*Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky*, That inasmuch as a committee of the House of Representatives have reported that they had heard evidence conducing strongly to show that Joshua F. Bullitt, a Judge of the Court of Appeals for this Commonwealth, was guilty of belonging to a treasonable association, it is therefore the opinion of this Legislature that the said Bullitt's conduct should be investigated, and to this end, a committee of five members of the House of Representatives shall be appointed to prepare resolutions addressing him out of office, to be reported on the third Tuesday in May next; that it shall be the duty of this committee to cause the attendance of witnesses on process to be issued by said committee on that day, who shall be examined in presence of the two houses, in joint session, by a member of the Legislature, selected by joint ballot of the two houses, to conduct the examination, who is also to appear throughout in support of the prosecution; that the committee shall also give personal notice to Judge Bullitt of the sitting of the Legislature and of his trial, if he is to be found in the State, or by advertisement in the Louisville Journal and Democrat in the event of his absence, and he be permitted to appear in answer to the charges in person or by counsel at the bar of the Legislature in joint session; that said Bullitt may have process to procure the attendance of witnesses at the investigation; that the testimony shall be taken down in writing by some competent person, to be selected by the Speakers of the two houses.

"A copy—attest: JAMES B. LYNE, Clerk."

The Hon. Joshua F. Bullitt is notified to appear as directed by the above resolution. The committee will meet in the city of Louisville, at the Louisville Hotel, on the 8th day of March, 1865, and continue in session a reasonable time to issue summonses if required, and perform the duties of the resolution. All persons knowing the names of witnesses against Judge Bullitt are requested to furnish the names and residences of the witnesses to the chairman of the committee.

March 1, 1865.—m8 d21 G. T. WOOD, Ch'n.

The value of the Mariposa estate, formerly Fremont's, is returned to the internal revenue assessor by the company now owning it, at four hundred and twenty-seven thousand dollars. The assessor thinks that it should be rated at three million dollars.

# LOUISVILLE JOURNAL.

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Green Street, Between Third and Fourth.

FRIDAY, MARCH 10, 1865.

☞Governor Brown, of Georgia, delivered, on the 11th ult., quite a remarkable message to the Legislature of that State, in which he arraigns the whole conduct of the Confederate civil Administration and the operations of the rebel armies in terms intensely severe. The Governor charges the present hopeless condition of the rebel Government to the obstinacy and weakness of Jeff Davis and his Cabinet, but, with courageous despair, determines to share the impending ruin. No more graphic description could be given of the existing state of the Confederacy than is furnished in this closing paragraph of Gov. Brown's message:

> The night is dark, the tempest howls; the ship is lashed with turbulent waters; the helmsman is steering to the whirlpool; our remonstrances are unheeded, and we must restrain him, or the ship and crew must sink together and be buried in irretrievable ruin.

To appreciate the despondency of the rebel leaders as disclosed by the extract above, it is important to recall some of the great expectations which first allured them into the perilous scheme of rebellion. When the secession cause was in its incipiency, the Southern people were led to believe that there would be no war; but red-handed war has smitten all their borders with desolation. Confident in their native military prowess and in the decisive influence their commercial wealth would exert, they revelled in dreams of peace, abundance, and unquestioned national eminence; but they invoked upon themselves the most dreadful conflict, marked, as it is, by famine, pestilence, widowhood, and orphanage, while, instead of the splendid independence promised them, they have what Governor Brown calls an irresponsible despotism hastening into anarchy. In 1861, Davis, Yancy, and Toombs proclaimed that the essential importance of cotton to England and France would speedily secure from them the recognition of the Confederacy, and, under the seductive policy of direct free trade, it was expected that the quays of Charleston and New Orleans would be crowded by the ships of every foreign power, while the cities of New York and Boston would lapse into commercial decay. The experience, however, of the last four years has demonstrated that rebel cotton is not the only cotton in the world; the very blockade which shut it up within the confines of treason quickly forced its culture elsewhere, and now the lately undeveloped fields of India are white with the blooming product. England and France, prompted by the enlightened comity of nations, have withheld and will continue to withhold Southern recognition. New York and Boston appear to have acquired additional splendor from the fire of war, while Charleston and New Orleans now humbly acknowledge the supremacy of our avenging flag. All that Alexander H. Stephens predicted four years ago has followed the mad attempt at rebellion, and now ruin, ruin, and only ruin, appalls the Southern heart. It is far easier to arouse a people to do deeds of blood than to heal the inevitable complications of war. It is far easier to tear down a governmental structure than to build again its shattered columns. It is easier far to launch a vessel with the promise of a calm and stately voyage than to turn its course with skill and wisdom when the raging storm threatens speedily to engulph it. War's complications now imperil the rebel statesmen; an unexpected storm wrenches their vessel of State; and, looking impending ruin in the face, Governor Brown exclaims, The night is dark, the tempest howls, the ship is lashed with turbulent waters, the helmsman is steering to the whirlpool; our remonstrances are unheeded, and we must restrain him or the ship and crew must sink together, and be buried in irretrievable ruin!

☞For a number of years we have thought exceedingly well of the Hon. Joseph Holt, now Advocate-General of the United States. He has seemed to us to be eminently patriotic. He has, notwithstanding a pretty strong tendency to radicalism, given his energy and eloquence to the cause of the Union. We have thought that the country owed him much.

But we can't see the propriety of Mr. Holt's action in the case of General Paine, on trial before a court-martial at Paducah. We mentioned this matter the other day, and we would again call attention to it. General Paine's case was before an examining court several months ago. A very large number of sworn witnesses were examined. The court, after the examination, made out a list of such charges against Paine as it considered established by the testimony, and forwarded it to the United States Advocate-General at Washington. Among the charges thus forwarded, there was one that Gen. Paine, upon his own responsibility, had ordered and enforced the execution of two men, a citizen and a soldier, without trial or examination, and another that he had, without even the shadow of authority, levied heavy pecuniary contributions upon such men and women in Paducah as he chose to select for his purpose, and compelled them to pay as the only means of escaping a far severer punishment—probably death. But the Advocate-General, in instructing the court-martial as to what charges Paine should be tried on, not only omitted altogether those two very startling ones, the proof of which is said to have been unquestionable, but gave to the Judge Advocate written instructions that are represented to have been the most plausible and zealous argument for Paine that could have been urged.

Now why was all this? What is the explanation of the part acted by the distinguished Advocate-General? For what reason or semblance of reason did he refuse to let Paine be tried upon the two most important of all the charges that the Examining Court had represented as established? And for what reason did he depart so far from all usage as to argue Paine's case for him to the Judge-Advocate? We shall sincerely and heartily rejoice if satisfactory answers can be made to these questions.

The friends of the Advocate-General need not think that we would willingly do him a wrong. Certainly we would not. We expect General Paine's dishonorable dismission from the service but not upon the worst charges proved on him.

☞Gen. Jubal Early must hate and dread Gen. Sheridan more than he ever hated and dreaded the Devil. On the 19th of September, last year, Sheridan gave him a terrible whipping at Winchester, capturing several guns, 5,000 prisoners, and all the rebel wounded. On the 19th of October, just one month afterwards, Sheridan again defeated him, capturing fifty guns and a good many prisoners. And now Sheridan has finished up his work by capturing eight guns and nearly the whole of Early's force. We presume that the reported capture of Early himself was a mistake. Well, we don't want him. He is probably worth far more to us at the head of rebel troops than he could be in a Federal prison.

☞The Richmond Whig denies that General Sherman has military genius. Well, if a General who hasn't military genius can accomplish what Sherman has done throughout the South, what will be likely to happen when we send down there one who *has* military genius? If Sherman isn't a military genius, he is at any rate the rebellion's evil genius.

☞The Richmond Whig boasts that General Sherman has not lately won any battles. But has he not won cities and States and almost innumerable pieces of artillery? How can he be expected to win battles if the rebel armies run away without fighting?

☞All the female abolitionists are violently in favor of the negro's voting. Espousing the cause of nigger suffrage is the next thing to espousing the nigger himself.

☞Jeff Davis and Robert E. Lee, constituting the head and front of the rebellion, have turned *abolitionists!* What strange events occur in this queer world of ours!

☞Vice-President Andy Johnson seems to have bungled so awfully in swearing to support the Constitution that he was more sworn at than swearing.

☞The Washington reporter for the press reports that Congress adjourned sober. The report needs confirmation.

☞General Sherman, though a strictly moral man himself, has demoralized the rebels awfully.

☞Federal soldiers in the rebel States are a *uniform* currency.

☞Persons applying at Washington for rebel prisoners of war to be permitted to take the oath of allegiance under the President's Amnesty Proclamation were habitually required by "C. O'Leary," the Door-keeper of the White House, to pay him a handsome fee before he would let their names be announced to the President or their written applications to be handed to him. Mr. Etheridge, of Tennessee, published an exposure of the villany, and O'Leary was promptly dismissed. The Buffalo Advertiser says: "*We hope Mr. Etheridge feels etter now.*" That sounds as if the Buffalo paper were dissatisfied that the villain of a door-keeper was interfered with in his villany.

☞It is said that the guerillas in Kentucky anxiously await the draft, intending, when it is over, to get a large portion of the drafted men by forcible abduction or the men's own consent. Surely energetic measures should be taken to prevent this. When a man is drafted, means should be used to secure to the United States either his services or those of a substitute. And "bounty-jumping" should be made impossible. If things are managed after the next draft as they were after the last, the next, like the last, will give more strength to the Confederate than to the Federal armies.

☞Lee and Johnston, if the former can make up his mind to abandon Richmond, have it in their power to form a junction before Grant and Sherman possibly can. We have reason to think that this fact excites considerable anxiety at Washington if not some apprehension. This, no doubt, is our greatest present peril. If we get through it successfully, our Ship of State will have a fair wind and an open sea, and the waves will bound beneath her "like a steed that knows his rider."

☞It appears quite certain now that the nigger enrolment bill lately voted down by the Confederate Senate will become a law. Davis and Lee will hold the noses of the Senators and force the black dose down their throats. Then we shall witness a new experiment. Our opinion is, that the Union nigs and the Confederate nigs will rush into each other's arms and have a good time upon Federal soil.

When nigs meet nigs, then come not fights but jigs.

☞The Confederate Senators are discussing the negro-soldier question. We do not wonder that they do it with closed doors. No doubt a thousand things are said by them that would have a very ugly sound in the public ear. We have all heard of a horrible disease called the black death. That's what the Southern Confederacy will probably die of before long.

☞Gen. Sherman was right in destroying those houses in Columbia from which his men were fired on after his occupation of the city. He had as much right to destroy them as he could have to destroy regular hostile fortifications. If the rebels must curse anybody for the result, let them curse themselves.

☞The Mobile Advertiser says that General Beauregard is in such feeble health that he takes sweet milk exclusively as a diet. Should General Beauregard get into close proximity to General Sherman, he will be very apt to "take water"—and thus be a milk-and-water concern.

☞Our neighbor of the Press says that he looks upon some of our speculations as "having a value which is the nearest possible approach to"—*himself*. Oh Lord! what a compliment!

☞Our troops destroyed at Charleston the machinery for making the rebel currency. 'Twas well; heaven knows there is no need of any more of the stuff.

## ROBERT L. MAITLAND & CO.,
General
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND BANKERS,
No. 1 Hanover Buildings, Hanover Square.
ROBERT L. MAITLAND, WILLIAM WRIGHT. } NEW YORK.
a1 d&wly

THE
## SHIRT MANUFACTORY
OF
## GREEN & GREEN
HAS BEEN IN
SUCCESSFUL OPERATION
FOR
THREE YEARS,
DURING WHICH TIME
THOUSANDS OF GENTLEMEN
HAVE BEEN GIVEN
PERFECT FITS
MADE FROM MEASUREMENT.
m6

JUST RECEIVED
## 100 CASES
## FUR AND WOOL HATS,
Spring Styles,
AT WHOLESALE,
Bought since the decline in gold. For sale by
PRATHER & SMITH,
429 MAIN STREET.
m9

A. RAWSON, JOHN A. BRIDGLAND, } {A. C. RAWSON, JAMES B. BOUCK
## RAWSON, BRIDGLAND, & CO.,
Tobacco Factors
AND
General Commission Merchants,
NO. 21 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
jan6 dis6m

C. G. TACHAU. LEWIS TACHAU
## C. G. TACHAU & BROTHER,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
CIGARS, TOBACCO, PIPES, AND SMOKING ARTICLES,
No. 505 Main st., between Fifth and Sixth.

REFERRING TO THE ABOVE CARD, WE WILL at all times be prepared to exhibit to our friends and patrons a large and well-assorted stock. Our goods have been selected with great care, and our endeavor shall always be to satisfy both city and country trade in prices as well as in quality.
j18 d3mis C. G. TACHAU & BRO.

## Elegant 7-octave Rosewood PIANOS
AT FROM $350 UPWARDS AT THE WAREROOMS of,
D. P. FAULDS,
SOUTHWESTERN AGENT FOR
Steinway & Son's, Chickering & Sons, and other Pianos, Smith's American Organs, and Martin's Guitars,
f20 dis3m 223 Main st., bet. Second and Third.

## N. GWYNN
(Successor to Fielding & Truman),
Wholesale
HATS, CAPS, AND STRAW GOODS,
616 Main st., opposite Louisville Hotel,
f21 d1m LOUISVILLE, KY.

### Ambrotype Lost
ABOUT NOON ON THURSDAY. IT WAS IN A blue velvet case. The finder will please leave it at this office and receive a suitable reward. m10 d1*

### Masonic Notice.
COMPASS LODGE (No. 223) F∴ A∴ M∴ will meet THIS (FRIDAY) EVENING, March 10, at 7 o'clock, for work in M∴ M∴ degree.
By order JOHN H. HOWE, W. M.
WM. McCREADY, Sec'y. m10 d1*

### Masonic Notice.
KING SOLOMON'S ROYAL ARCH CHAPTER (No. 18) will convene THIS (FRIDAY) EVENING, March 10, at 7 o'clock.
By order of the H. P.
m10 d1* GEO. DOYLE, Secretary.

### Boarding and Lodging
FOR A GENTLEMAN AND LADY. ADDRESS W., Journal office. m10 d3*

## DRY GOODS.
J. M. ROBINSON. O. T. SUTFIELD. B. F. KARSNER.
## J. M. ROBINSON & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers
IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS, &c.,
516 Main st., bet. Fifth and Sixth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
f28 d1mis

## Planters' National Bank OF LOUISVILLE.
DIRECTORS:
J. M. DUNCAN, V. P. ARMSTRONG,
J. F. SPEED, WM. HUGHES,
LOUIS REHM.

THIS BANK WILL OPEN THIS MORNING, IN the People's Bank building, Hamilton block, Sixth street near Main, for the purpose of transacting a general Banking, Exchange and Collecting business.

Particular and prompt attention will be given to collections. J. M. DUNCAN, President.
J. W. BATCHELOR, Cashier. m1 d3mis.
March 1, 1865.
[Anzeiger copy.]

### Planters' National Bank of Louisville,
FEBRUARY 28, 1865.
A CALL OF TEN PER CENT, (10) ON THE CAPITAL STOCK of this Bank is ordered, payable at their Banking House on the 10th of March.
m1 d10is J. W. BATCHELOR, Cashier.

### U. S. 7-30 LOAN.
THE PLANTERS' NATIONAL BANK HAVING been appointed an agent to receive subscriptions to this, the only Loan now offered by the Government, is prepared to receive subscriptions from parties wishing to invest, and recommend it to *all persons* desiring a permanent and safe investment. The Notes are payable on the 15th of August, 1867, and bear interest at the rate of 7 3-10 per cent per annum, convertible at maturity—at the option of the holder—into the popular 5-20 6 per cent Gold Bonds, and are exempt from State and Municipal taxation. J. M. DUNCAN, President.
March 1, 1865. m1 dtfis.
[Democrat and Anzeiger copy.]

1865. SPRING. 1865.
## MILLINERY.
## MRS. A. C. PORTER
IS NOW OPENING THE LARGEST STOCK OF MILLINERY GOODS ever brought to this market, consisting of BONNETS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, HATS, STRAW TRIMMINGS and ORNAMENTS. Also, a large stock of LADIES' CAPS, NETS, HEAD-DRESSES, and VEILS; a large assortment of MOURNING VEILS and COLLARS, to which she invites her customers and the public to call and examine.
Prompt attention paid to all orders, at
No. 331 Market st., bet. Third and Fourth.
mar10 d3mis

### Boarding.
A GENTLEMAN, WITH WIFE AND ONE OR TWO children, may learn where to obtain board in a private family, with large lower front room, furnished or unfurnished, by addressing B. C., Journal office.
m10 d3

NANSON, OBER & CO., } St. Louis, Mo. { OBER, ATWATER, & CO., New Orleans.
## OBER, NANSON, & CO.,
Tobacco and Cotton Factors
AND
General Commission Merchants,
NO. 58 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,
REFER TO
Capt. Joshua B. Bowles, Pres't of Bank of Louisville.
Chas. Tilden, Cashier, do do.
D. S. Benedict, Pres't of Commercial Bank of Kentucky.
J. G. Barrett, Cashier of the Citizens' Bank.
Wm B. Hamilton, Pres't of the People's Bank.
Hunt, Quigley, & Co., Bankers.
Tucker & Co., do.
H. D. Newcomb & Bro.
McFerran & Menefee.
John B. Smith.

ADVANCES MADE ON SHIPMENTS TO THE above address by J. G. JACK,
Commission Merchant,
North side Main st., between Third and Fourth,
m10 d1mis Louisville, Ky.

SPRING OPENING
OF
## MILLINERY GOODS
AT
WHOLESAE.
## L. & G. BRONNER & CO.,
506 Main st., bet. Fifth and Sixth.

POSSESSING EVERY FACILITY FOR DOING A large wholesale trade, we have determined to enlarge our business to an unlimited extent, giving our customers an opportunity to select from a stock of goods surpassed by but few houses even in New York. Therefore we have no hesitancy in calling the attention of the trade to our assortment of

Millinery and Straw Goods,

which is ever selected without regard to cost or trouble. A full line of

Dress Trimmings, Fancy Goods, and Notions,

as TUCK and SIDE COMBS, BELL BUTTONS, BELTINGS and BELT BUCKLES, &c., has been added to satisfy the frequent calls of our customers.

PATTERN BONNETS AND TRIMMED HATS

in first-class styles are always considered a speciality.

Having a buyer in New York, whose taste in selecting FINE GOODS is equalled by few, and surpassed by none, affords us an opportunity of offering to the trade a class of goods which is unexceptionable.

Merchants buying in the city will do well to call.

Thanking our customers for their past liberal patronage, we are, respectfully,
L. & G. BRONNER & CO.
P. S.—Orders promptly attended to. m10 d1m

83 & 85 PEARL ST., CINCINNATI.
## DEVOU & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
MILLINERY GOODS
AND
LADIES' AND MISSES' HATS
In the following new shapes:
MILITAIRE,
VICTORIA,
FAUST,
STANDARD,
And other new styles;
Bonnets, Silks, Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, Ornaments,
And all new styles of Millinery Goods;
Cloak and Dress Trimmings, Corsets, Pads and Clasps, Cloaks and Shawls,
And Manufacturers of
Cloaks & Mantillas.
GOLD.—The value of Gold will regulate the prices of our Goods. Your orders solicited. Any goods sent you on order, if not satisfactory, may be returned.
m10 d2

### Marshal's Sale.
Jas. W. Gordon's Heirs, &c., against Jas. W. Gordon's Adm'r, &c., } In Chancery. No. 18,336.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUISVILLE Chancery Court rendered in the above cause, the undersigned or one of us, will, on Monday, March 13, 1865, about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court-house door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 4 months, the property in pleadings mentioned, viz:

A LOT OF GROUND

In said city, bounded thus: Beginning on the west side of Fourth street at a point 220 feet south of Breckinridge, at the south side of a 20-foot alley, thence southwardly with Fourth street 125 feet, thence westwardly parallel with Breckinridge street to Pope street, thence northwardly with Pope street 62½ feet, thence eastwardly parallel with Breckinridge street 128½ feet, thence northwardly parallel with Fourth street 62½ feet to a 20-foot alley, thence with said alley 200 feet to the beginning.

The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security.
THOS. A. MORGAN,
Marshal Lou. Chancery Court.
N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy.
Louisville, Ky., March 10, 1864—dtd

### HAY AND COTTON PRESSES
Portable and Hand Power.
25 HAY AND COTTON PRESSES, OF INGERSOLL'S PATENT, on hand, of our own manufacture.
These presses can be made to bale hay, shucks straw, moss, hair, cotton, rags, &c., &c., and will give perfect satisfaction.
MUNN & CO.,
Corner of Eighth and Green streets,
m10 d3* Louisville, Ky.

### SAW-MILLS, &C.
5 CIRCULAR SAW-MILLS;
5 Gumming Machines (Wolfe's patent);
5 Shingle Machines;
All of our own make, and warranted to give satisfaction.
For sale by MUNN & CO.,
Corner of Eighth and Green streets,
m10 d3* Louisville, Ky.

### THRESHERS.
3 SIX-HORSE CLEANERS;
2 Four-horse common Threshers;
5 Two-horse common Threshers;
All of our own manufacture, on hand and for sale by
m10 d3* MUNN & CO.

A FEW REASONS WHY THE
## AMERICAN WATCH
IS THE BEST.

It is made on the best principle, while the foreign watch is generally made on no principle at all. The foreign watch is mostly made by women and boys, BY HAND. While their labor is cheap, their work is dear at any price. Such watches are made without plan, and sold without guarantee. They are irregular in construction, and quite as irregular in movement. They are designed only to sell, and the buyer is the party most thoroughly sold. Those who have kept "ancres," "lepines," and "Swiss levers" in professed repair for a few years will appreciate the truth of our statement.

THE PLAN OF THE AMERICAN WATCH.

Instead of being made of several hundred little pieces, screwed together, the body of the American Watch is formed of SOLID PLATES. No jar interferes with the harmony of its working, and no sudden shock can throw its machinery out of gear. In riding or any business pursuit, it is all held together as firmly as a single piece of metal. It is just what all machinery should be—

1st. ACCURATE. 2d. SIMPLE. 3d. STRONG. 4th. ECONOMICAL.

We not only secure CHEAPNESS by our system, but QUALITY. We do not pretend that our Watch can be bought for less money than the foreign *make-believes*, but that for its real value it is sold for one-half the price.

OUR SOLDIER'S WATCH (named Wm. Ellery) is what its name indicates—Solid, Substantial, and always Reliable—warranted to stand any amount of Marching, Riding, or Fighting.

OUR NEXT HIGHER QUALITY OF WATCH (named P. S. Bartlett) is similar in size and general appearance, but has more jewels, and a more elaborate finish.

OUR LADIES' WATCH, recently brought out, is put up in a great variety of patterns, many of them of rare beauty and workmanship, is quite small, but warranted to *keep time*.

OUR YOUNG GENTLEMAN'S WATCH is neat, not large, and just the thing for the pocket of Young America.

THE PROOF of the merits of our Watch may be found in the fact that we now employ over seven hundred workmen in our factories, and that we are still unable to supply the constantly increasing demand.

OUR THREE QUARTER PLATE WATCH is thinner and lighter than the others we have described. Its fine chronometer balance is delicately adjusted to correct the variation caused by changes of temperature. These watches are the fruits of the latest experiments in chronometry, and are made by our best workmen, in a separate department of our factory. For the finest time-keeping qualities they challenge comparison with the best works of the most famous English and Swiss makers.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
Agents for the American Watch Company,
182 BROADWAY, N. Y.
m10 Fr&Tu3w

### GRAPE-VINES.
A LARGE NUMBER OF LARGE LAYERS OF Delaware, Diana, Concord, &c., on hand yet.
☞GRAPE GRAFTING done to order by
JOHN & PETER SACKSTEDER,
Green st., between Clay and Shelby,
m10 d12 Louisville, Ky.

## DRAFT FUND.
### Subscriptions to the Draft Fund.
WE ARE APPOINTED BY THE JEFFERSON County Court, in conjunction with the Precinct Committee, to receive subscriptions from residents of the County outside of the city. No person can have the benefit of the County draft fund without paying ($20) twenty dollars.

Payments can be made at the Anzeiger office, Jefferson street, near Third, J. G. Wilson's office, Jefferson street, near Centre, or at the County Court Clerk's office.
ANDREW MONROE,
G. P. DOERN,
m4 dtf J. G. WILSON.

## PETROLEUM.
THE NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL
PETROLEUM COMPANY,
ORGANIZED UNDER THE MINING AND MANUFACTURING LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.
CAPITAL ONE MILLION DOLLARS
IN
One Hundred Thousand Shares,
AT
$10 per Share, Not Liable to Assessment.
*Government Bonds and Securities taken in Payment for Stock.*
OFFICES:
No. 24 Empire Building,
71 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Post-office Address Box 5,368, New York.
OFFICERS:
Hon. DANIEL S. DICKINSON, President.
WM. T. PHIPPS, Vice-President.
ROBERT BASSETT, Secretary.
H. J. BURTIS, Mining Superintendent, Titusville, Pa.
ATLANTIC BANK, 142 Broadway, N. Y., Treasury.

The Wells of the Company are now producing Oil.

Payment for stock may be made in drafts, registered notes, or Government bonds, and securities, which bonds and securities will be taken at their market value.

Remittances may be addressed to the Company, P. O. Box 5 368, New York City, or to "Atlantic Bank, Treasury of the New York and Liverpool Petroleum Company, 142 Broadway, New York City."

Prospectus sent to any address on application, containing a full and clear account of the operations of this Most Successful Petroleum Company.
mar9 d3m

### Louisville City National Bank.
DIRECTORS:
C. N. WARREN, J. D. OSBORNE,
W. C. KENNEDY, J. A. BURNSIDE,
J. B. O'BANNON, THOS. E. WILSON.

THIS BANK IS NOW OPEN FOR THE TRANSaction of a general Banking business.

For the present the office is at the Banking-House of C. N. Warren & Co., Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

A call of 50 per cent on the capital stock has been made by the Directors 25 per cent payable 1st April and 25 per cent payable 1st May.
C. N. WARREN, Pres't.
m9 d30 R. S. MOXLEY, Cash.
[Democrat and Press copy.]

### DYSPEPSIA AND FITS.
FITS—A Sure Cure for these distressing complaints
—is now made known in a Treatise on Foreign
FITS—and Native Herbal preparations, published by
—Dr. O. PHELPS BROWN. The prescription
FITS—was furnished him in such a providential man-
—ner that he cannot conscientiously refuse to
FITS—make it known, as it has cured everybody who
—has used it, never having failed in a single case.
FITS—It is equally sure in cases of Fits as of Dyspep-
—sia, and the ingredients may be obtained from
FITS—any Druggist. Sent free to all on receipt of
—five cents to prepay postage, &c. Address Dr.
FITS—O. PHELPS BROWN, No. 19, Grand street,
—Jersey City, N. J. m9 d6

### Lost,
ON FRIDAY LAST, FROM THE CARS, BETWEEN Elizabethtown and Bowling Green, Ky., a VALISE containing the books and papers of Co. A, 12th Ky. Cavalry, also a suit of clothes. Any one finding it will be rewarded by sending it to R. W. Lucas, Bowling Green, Ky. JOHN H. STONE,
m9 d12* Lieut. Co. A, 12th Ky. Cav.

### Mason's Blacking.
300 GROSS ASSORTED, LARGE, MEDIUM, and small, for sale by
m9 eod10 WILSON & PETER.

## THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
CAPITAL $1,000,000, PAID IN,
Fiscal Agent of the United States,
and
*Special Agent for Jay Cooke, Subscription Agent,*
Will deliver 7-30 Notes, Free of Charge, by express, in all parts of the country, and receive in payment Checks on New York, Philadelphia, and Boston, current bills, and all five per cent interest notes, with interest to date of subscription. Orders sent by mail will be promptly filled.

This Bank receives the accounts of Banks and Bankers on favorable terms; also of individuals keeping New York accounts.
J. T. HILL, Cashier. J. U. ORVIS, President.
m4 d&w3mis

## H. B. WEBBER,
DEALER IN
Carpets, Oil-Cloths, Curtains,
AND
STEAMBOAT AND HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS,
296 Main st., bet. Pearl and Bank,
NEW ALBANY, INDIANA.
m7 d&w1m

## Gent's Furnishing Goods,
AT NEW YORK PRICES.
HONEST GOODS AT REASONABLE RATES. Spring styles, all fresh and new, at
333 Third street, near Jefferson.
JAMES & HILL.
R. C. HILL, Louisville. RICHARD JAMES, New York.
We would be pleased to see all our old friends and customers. Motto—Small profits and quick returns. Sutlers supplied. Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. m8 dtf

### CHOICE BUTTER.
50 FIRKINS MICHIGAN BUTTER in store and will be sold low to close consignment.
RHEA, SMITH, & BAGBY,
m9 d3* 123 Main st.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.
### Is Health Worth Having?
If it is, protect it. It is a jewel as easily lost as virtue and in some cases as difficult to recover. Nature, in our climate, and especially at this season, requires to be occasionally reinforced. But everything depends upon the tonic used for this purpose. The medicinal tinctures, *all of which are based on common alcohol*, are dangerous. Quinine, as everybody finds out who takes much of it, is a slow poison. One safe protective from all unhealthy atmospheric influences exists, *and one only*. This powerful preventive is HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS—a compound of the purest stimulant ever manufactured, with the most effective tonics, alteratives, regulators, and depurators that chemistry has yet extracted from the botanical kingdom. Convalescents, languid and feeble from recent sickness, will find the Bitters an incomparable restorative, not disagreeable to the taste, and eminently invigorating. No other stimulant produces the same effect as this Stomachic. It does not excite or flutter the nerves, or occasion any undue arterial action, but at once soothes and strengthens the nervous system and the animal spirits. m7 d12&w2

**A Physiological View of Marriage**—Containing nearly 302 pages and 130 fine Plates and Engravings of the Anatomy of the Sexual Organs in a state of Health and Disease, with a Treatise on Self-abuse, its Deplorable Consequences upon the Mind and Body, with the Author's Plan of Treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent free of postage to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in stamps or postal currency, by addressing Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y. Cases treated by mail as before. mar1 d1y

## SCOTT, DAVISON, & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
SCOTT, KEEN, & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers
IN
Men's and Boys'
FINE CLOTHING & FURNISHING GOODS,
CORNER SIXTH AND MAIN STS.,
Louisville, Ky.
f17 d3m

### A CARD.
SPOOL COTTON FOR MACHINE SEWING.

From the fact that a good article of Spool Cotton is indispensable to the successful operation of any Sewing Machine, and there being many makes of this article who do not hesitate to recommend their goods as being especially adapted for *Machine sewing*—a trial proving its utter worthlessness for the purpose set forth—and, to insure the use by those using our machines and machine operators generally of a good article, we would most confidently suggest a trial of *Clark's (our new Thread) Six-Cord, soft-finished Spool Cotton—Geo. A. Clark, Sole Agent—every number being six-cord to No. 80*—purely soft-finished, of great elasticity, strong, and of uniform strength. Having used and sold the above for several years, we do not hesitate in pronouncing it as being unexcelled. For the convenience of their friends using machines we would most respectfully suggest to country merchants their keeping a full line of the above thread. To guard against deception, see that the name of *Geo. A. Clark*, Sole Agent, is on every spool. It is put up in neat white boxes, containing 12 spools each, and thus can be well and conveniently kept.

GROVER & BAKER S. M. Co., WM. H. GOLDMAN, Ag't, No. 5 Masonic Temple, for the States of Kentucky and Tennessee.

WM. SUMNER & CO., Agents for Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines in the States of Ky., Ohio., Ind., Tenn., Mich., West Va., and West. Penn. Salesroom in Louisville No. 1 Masonic Temple.

f10 FrMo&We3m

**Diseases of the Nervous, Seminal, Urinary, and Sexual Systems.**—New and reliable treatment—in Reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—sent by mail in sealed letter envelope, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. d29 d3m

## R. C. Hill's Celebrated GOLD PEN
MANUFACTORY.
333 THIRD STREET. 407 MAIN STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY.
The largest, heaviest, and best Pen for the money in the market.
My pens are 14 and 16 carat fine, and guaranteed perfect in every respect. For further particulars send for circular price list. Pens repaired every day. Watch and Pen price list FREE.
GOLD PENS REPOINTED FOR 50 CTS. and stamp
WATCHES AND JEWELLERY.
The best at 333 Third street.
WATCHES
Repaired in the best style, on short notice, by experienced workmen, and warranted. Terms reasonable.
Address R. C. HILL,
Gold Pen Manufacturer & Dealer in American Watches,
f7 dtf

J. HINZEN. E. ROZEN
## HINZEN & ROZEN.
Piano-Forte Manufacturers,
ALSO AGENTS FOR
Mason & Hamline's Cabinet Organs,
THE BEST MAKE IN THE MARKET,
Market street, north side, between Sixth and Seventh,
jan27 d6m LOUISVILLE, KY.

### HAIR DYE! HAIR DYE!
BATCHELOR'S CELEBRATED HAIR DYE IS THE BEST IN THE WORLD. The only *Harmless, True, and Reliable* Dye known. This splendid Hair Dye is perfect—changes Red, Rusty, or Gray Hair instantly to a *Glossy Black* or *Natural Brown* without Injuring the Hair or Staining the Skin, leaving the Hair Soft and Beautiful; imparts fresh vitality, frequently restoring its pristine color, and rectifies the ill effects of Bad Dyes. The Genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR; all others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. Sold by all Druggists, &c. FACTORY 81 BARCLAY ST., N. Y.
Batchelor's New Toilet Cream for Dressing the Hair. o5 d1y

## MILLINERY.
INTENDING TO RETIRE FROM BUSINESS, ON account of ill health, I shall from this date sell my entire stock of
Millinery and Fancy Goods
At low rates, FOR CASH ONLY, to close the concern.
MRS. J. A. BEATTIE,
o28 2pdtf No. 160 Fourth st.

### Books Just Received.
FIRST, SECOND, AND THIRD YEARS OF THE

| | |
|---|---|
| War, by Pollard, per volume | $2 50 |
| Official Reports | 3 00 |
| Life of Stonewall Jackson | 1 50 |
| Morgan and His Men | 2 00 |
| Women of the South, in plain cloth | 3 00 |
| " " " morocco cloth, gilt top | 4 00 |
| Annals of the Army of the Cumberland | 3 50 |

Any of the above books sent free, by mail, on receipt of price named. A liberal discount to dealers. Address
A. H. REDFORD,
m8 d6* Louisville, Ky.

DAVID HART. BENJ. HART.
## HART & CO.,
Manufacturers of Clothing,
Nos. 70 and 72 Leonard street,
NEW YORK.,
WOULD INFORM THEIR FRIENDS AND FORmer customers that they have taken the large and spacious Warehouse Nos. 70 and 72 Leonard street, and are prepared to offer inducements both in price and style, and, from their long experience in the Western and Southwestern trade, hope to deserve the patronage of those buying CLOTHING for that market. Merchants will find it to their interest to examine our stock before purchasing. HART & CO.
P. S.—Particular attention paid to filling of orders.
j31 d3mis

### MADAME O'DAIR
Would respectfully announce to the public that she has removed on Market street, between Jackson and Hancock streets, third door from Hancock, where she may be consulted by all who may desire to know anything of Future Events. She will give the name, age, and character of any person. She will also delineate characters from likenesses. f22 d1mis*

### Safe Investment in Oil Stocks.
FOR SALE—
1,000 SHARES TRIUMPH OIL CO. STOCK, located on Oil Creek—now paying a dividend.
500 SHARES BRECKINRIDGE PETROLEUM CO. Stock, free from assessment.
For prospectus and terms apply to
JNO. L. STEWART & CO.,
m7 d6 632 Main st.

## NOTICES.
### Assistant Quartermaster's Office,
LOUISVILLE, KY., March 6, 1865.
SEALED PROPOSALS, IN DUPLICATE, WILL BE received at this office until 12 o'clock M. of 11th inst. for one million (1,000,000) POPLAR SHINGLES, best quality, to be delivered at the Government lumber-yard within ten (10) days from this date.

No bids will be received for less than one hundred thousand (100,000), and parties making bids must distinctly state the quantity they propose to furnish and the price.

The right is reserved to reject any bids or all if deemed unreasonable.

Bids will be opened and awards made on the 11th inst.
By order Brig. Gen. ROBT. ALLEN, Chf. Q. M.
A. M. TUCKER,
m7 d5 Capt. and A. Q. M.

### NOTICE.
LOUISVILLE & SALT RIVER ROAD COMPANY. The annual meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Directors, &c., will be held on
SATURDAY FORENOON, APRIL 8, 1865,
in Louisville, at the office of the Kentucky & Louisville Mutual Insurance Company, on Fifth street.
m8 d1m* D. McNAUGHTAN, Secretary.

### Teachers
WANTED IMMEDIATELY, A LADY COMPETENT to give music lessons on the piano. Also, one qualified to teach Oil Painting. W. S. GILTNER,
m8 d15* Eminence College, Ky.

### For Hire,
A GOOD HOUSE GIRL (COLORED), 14 OR 15 years old. Inquire of
E. H. NALLY, Broadway,
m8 d3* Between Preston and Jackson.

### Copartnership Notice.
WE HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED OURSELVES as partners, under the name and style of PHILLIPS & SCALLY, to do a WHOLESALE GROCERY, PRODUCE, and GENERAL COMMISSION business at the old stand of B. P. Scally, No. 204 north side Main street, two doors from Second, Louisville, Ky.
H. G. PHILLIPS,
March 1, 1865—m4 d6* B. P. SCALLY.

### Dissolution of Copartnership.
THE FIRM OF H. FERGUSON & SON IS THIS day dissolved by mutual consent, H. Ferguson withdrawing. All debts due by and all debts due to the concern will be settled by David Ferguson, who will continue the business as heretofore in the name of H. FERGUSON & SON. H. FERGUSON.
DAVID FERGUSON.
Louisville, March 4, 1865—d10

## APRIL ELECTION, 1865.
### For Mayor.
WE are authorized to announce JOHN M. DELPH as a candidate for Mayor of Louisville at the ensuing April election. m9 dte

WM. KAYE is a candidate for re-election as Mayor at the April election. f9 dte*

WE are authorized to announce Mr. THOS. SHANKS as a candidate for Mayor at the April election. f27 dte*

W. R. HYDES, the late City Marshal, is a candidate for Mayor at the ensuing election. f3 dte*

MR. JOSEPH CLEMENT (Magistrate) is a candidate for Mayor at the ensuing election. He voted for and is a supporter of the administration of President Lincoln. f20 dte

WE are authorized to announce PHILIP TOMPPERT, Sr., as a candidate for the Mayoralty at the April election. m3 dte*

### For City Assessor.
DICK WATTS is a candidate for the office of City Assessor at the ensuing April election. f11 dte*

MR. A. W. R. HARRIS is a candidate for re-election as Assessor at the April election. f20 4te

### For City Attorney.
A. M. STOUT, formerly of the 17th Ky., is a candidate for City Attorney at the April election. f13 dte

### For Street Inspector E. D.
WM. MODENBACH is a candidate for re-election as Street Inspector of the Eastern District. m6 e&mte*

### For Street Inspector.
WM. BAILEY (the late Ex-Street Inspector) will be a candidate for that office at the ensuing April election. m1 dte* HIS MANY FRIENDS.

GEORGE W. GRIFFY is a candidate for re-election as Street Inspector in the Western District. m9 dte*

### For City Treasurer.
HENRY WOLFORD is a candidate for re-election to the office of City Treasurer at the ensuing April election. m7 dte

## U.S. 7-30 LOAN
By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned has assumed the General Subscription Agency for the sale of United States Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three-tenths per cent interest per annum, known as the

SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN.

These Notes are issued under date of August 15th, 1864, and are payable three years from that time, in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 SIX PER CENT
GOLD-BEARING BONDS

These bonds are now worth a premium of nine per cent, including gold interest from November, which makes the actual profit on the 7-30 loan, at current rates, including interest, about ten per cent per annum, besides its *exemption from State and municipal taxation, which adds from one to three per cent more*, according to the rate levied on other property. The interest is payable semi-annually by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest amounts to

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| One cent | per day | on a | $50 note. |
| Two cents | " | " | $100 " |
| Ten | " | " | $500 " |
| 20 | " | " | $1000 " |
| $1 | " | " | $5000 " |

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET

now offered by the Government, and it is confidently expected that its superior advantages will make it the

Great Popular Loan of the People.

Less than $200,000,000 remain unsold, which will probably be disposed of within the next 60 or 90 days, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE,
SUBSCRIPTION AGENT, *Philadelphia.*
SUBSCRIPTIONS WILL BE RECEIVED by the
First National Bank of Louisville.
f16 dislm&w4

## A. B. SEMPLE & SONS,
Importers and Jobbers
OF
Hardware, Cutlery, Guns, Pistols,
etc., etc.,
602 MAIN STREET, CORNER OF SIXTH,
Call the attention of Country and City Buyers and Sutlers to their large stock of
Pocket & Table Cutlery;
Razors, Shears, Scissors;
Planters' Hoes, Axes;
Trace Chains, Hames;
Shovels, Spades, Forks;
Cotton and Wool Cards;
Which, together with a great variety of SHELF GOODS, they offer at low prices.
m6 d1mis

## J. V. ESCOTT,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
LOOKING-GLASSES, PICTURES, PICTURE FRAMES, PHOTOGRAPHIC GOODS, ARTISTS' MATERIALS, WINDOW-GLASS, PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS, &c.,
231 MAIN ST., BETWEEN SECOND AND THIRD,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
m7 d3m

### Corn Exchange Insurance Company,
NEW YORK.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital, paid in | $400,000 |
| Surplus January 1, 1864 | 200,645 |

THIS COMPANY INSURES AGAINST LOSS OR damage by fire and the perils of inland navigation on liberal terms, and will pay losses with a promptness unexcelled. P. B. ATWOOD,
j14 d3mis Agent in Louisville.

### NATIONAL 7-30 LOAN
SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THIS POPULAR LOAN RECEIVED by the United States Depositary, in this city, at his office, in the Custom-house. Interest-bearing U. S. Notes (except compound 6 per cents) taken in payment. W. D. GALLAGHER,
m8 dtf Agent for Jay Cooke.

### FINE HAVANA CIGARS
AT C. G. TACHAU & BRO.'S,
No. 505 Main st., bet. Fifth and Sixth.
18 d3mis

## WANTED.
### Wanted,
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, JEWELLERY, Diamonds, and Silverware, for which the highest market price will be paid. Apply between 9 A. M. and 2 P. M., to JUL. WELLMAN, north side Market st.,
m9 d1mis Between Fifth and Sixth sts.

### Partner Wanted
IN THE GROCERY, FEED, AND COMMISSION business with a capital of two or three thousand dollars. Address Box 1,125 Post-office, Louisville, Ky.
m10 d3*

### Wanted,
BY A YOUNG MAN OF GOOD HABITS, NIGHT work, as copyist or book-keeper; writes a very good and rapid hand. After a while his services may be reserved as a permanent copyist or book-keeper, if given full satisfaction. Address "JOHN," at this office.
m10 d2*

### House Wanted.
FOR A HOUSE CONTAINING 6 OR 8 ROOMS, A good and liberal tenant can be had, by addressing F. H. P., Drawer 111. Reference given. Location between Preston and Seventh streets. m10 d5*

### Wanted—Day Boarding.
A GENTLEMAN WISHES DAY BOARD IN A genteel private family, of strictly Union principles. Is plain, and wishes to board with plain people. Please address J. W. T., at General Palmer's headquarters.
m10 d1*

### Wanted,
A SITUATION, BY A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN, to take care of children, or as a cook in a small family. Apply, for a few days, to Mrs. Dr McCLELLAND, on Fifth street, between Green and Walnut.
m10 d2&Su1*

### Wanted,
A SITUATION AS A COPYIST, SALESMAN, OR Accountant. Unexceptionable references can be given as to qualifications, reputation, &c. Any person in want of one to fill either of the above capacities will please address C. A., Box 1,318, Louisville, Ky.
m10 d3*

### Wanted.
A NO. 1 SADDLE HAND CAN GET STEADY EMployment at Bowling Green, Ky.
m10 d12 JOHN T. GARRISON.

### Cook Wanted.
A GOOD COOK CAN OBTAIN A SITUATION ON application to No. 519 Chestnut street, between Centre and Sixth. References required. m9 d4*

### Wanted.
WANTED—A MAN TO TAKE AN INTEREST IN a very profitable business, with a capital of $400. Call at the Furniture Store No. 527 Market street, south side, between Fifth and Sixth. m9 d6

### Wanted,
A WHITE NURSE. GOOD REFERENCE REquired. W. E. SNODDY,
m9 d3 At Snoddy, Parrish, & Co.

### Wanted,
A SITUATION AS BAR-TENDER BY A YOUNG man who can be well recommended. Address J. S., office of this paper. m8 d3*

### Wanted,
$6,000 TO $7,000, IN A SAFE AND PROFITable investment.
J. L. BROWN, Agent,
Jefferson street, bet. Fourth and Fifth,
m8 d6* Louisville, Ky.

### Wanted,
A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS, BY A YOUNG lady, who is qualified to do all kinds of embroidery, braiding, and fine needle-work. Address M. C. E.,
m8 d6* Louisville Post-office.

### Wanted—Sewing.
I WILL GO TO THE HOUSE, OR TAKE SEWING home. Address S. J. H.,
m8 d3* Louisville Post-office.

### Boy Wanted.
WE WANT A BOY, 14 TO 15 YEARS OF AGE, to learn the practical hat business.
m7 d6 GREEN & GREEN.

### Wanted,
A NEAT WOMAN, WHO CAN SEW, WAIT ON a lady, and take charge of a little boy four years old. mar7 dtf

### Wanted,
SUBSTITUTES WANTED AND SUPPLIED ON reasonable terms at short notice. The highest prices paid for substitutes. Look out for the next draft, and procure a substitute for three years, at the subscribers.
f21 1m* PARSONS & MOLES,
At No. 5 Court Place, Louisville, Ky.

### Wanted,
TWO SMALL ROOMS, OR ONE LARGE ONE unfurnished (above First street preferred), for two young men, without board. Good references given. Address C. H., Journal office. m4 d6*

### Boarding Wanted,
BY A GENTLEMAN, WITH A FAMILY, WHO are Hydropathists. Good references can be given. Address G. H. K., P. O. Box 36. m4 d6*

## 1865.
Wholesale
MILLINERY GOODS
AND
MANTILLA MANUFACTORY.

WE BEG LEAVE TO CALL THE ATTENTION of our customers and the trade generally to the inducements we are preparing to offer them during the coming season. We are already selecting in the East the choicest styles of

MILLINERY GOODS

in all its branches, and we will be fully prepared in due season to fill any Milliner's catalogue. We will also be able to show them a general assortment of the latest pattern

BONNETS AND HATS,

and to supply them with any quantity at the lowest possible rates. We have also made complete arrangements for the manufacture of

MANTILLAS

on the upper floor of our establishment. We expect to keep two hundred and fifty sewing women employed during the season. We have seventy-five extra finishers besides a cutter and manager on the way from New York.

The encouragement we have invariably received from our customers, and the friendship shown us by the merchants of Louisville, has added much to our success, and can rest satisfied that our present efforts will be well worthy the continuation of their favors.

OTIS & CO.
f26 dtMar15

## TOBACCO DEALERS.
HOLYOKE & ROGERS,
Tobacco Factors
AND
General Commission Merchants,
NO. 162 WATER ST., NEW YORK.
ADVANCES WILL BE MADE ON SHIPMENTS to above address by N. E. MILTON & CO.,
Hamilton's Bank Building,
f26 dtf Corner Sixth and Main sts., Louisville, Ky.

## R. ATKINSON & CO.,
Commission Merchants
AND
BANKERS,
41 BROAD ST., NEW YORK.
ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENT OF PROPerty. All orders to buy or sell Gold and Government Securities promptly attended to on the usual terms. Will allow liberal interest on deposit account.
Apply to Messrs. O. W. Thomas & Co., Louisville, Ky., who are our agents, and will make all necessary arrangements for us. f10 d3mis

## Connecticut Seed Leaf TOBACCO.
THE ABOVE ARTICLE, SUPERIOR TO ANY other Leaf Tobacco raised in this country, is now in store and for sale at 134 THIRD STREET, below Main. Manufacturers of Cigars are specially invited to call and examine the above. GEO. W. MORRIS.
Louisville, Feb. 3 1865—distf

W. H. STOKES. J. P. MARSHALL. B. F. CHASE.
## W. H. STOKES & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
COACH AND SADDLERY HARDWARE,
Leather, Collars, Hames,
Trace Chains, &c.
509 Main st., between Fifth and Sixth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS WOULD find it to their interest to examine our stock before making their purchases. Orders from a distance will be attended to as if made in person. f25 d9mis

60 DOZEN FANCY SPRING OVER-SHIRTS just in and for sale low.
m3 d6 SMITH & CAMBRIDGE.

## FOR SALE—FOR RENT.
### For Sale,
A HOUSE AND TEN ACRES OF LAND. The place is well improved. It is situated in Bagdad, immediately on the Louisville and Lexington railroad. It is a good location for a mechanic, merchant, or doctor. For further information, apply to G. H. RADFORD,
m10 d12 Bagdad, Shelby county, Ky.

## Great Fruit Farm FOR SALE.
WE NOW OFFER FOR SALE OUR Farm, situated four miles from New Albany, near the State road, containing 100 acres, 60 being cleared, known as "Fawcett's Fruit Farm," and noted for the fine peaches and berries it has supplied the markets of Louisville, New Albany, Lafayette, and Chicago. There is now on the place one of the finest and best selected apple orchards, of 25 acres, to be found in the West, just beginning to bear freely, with a young and thrifty peach orchard in the same condition; also upwards of 300 pear trees of the choicest selection, and 150 cherry trees. It is well known to be one of the best locations for the smaller fruits, such as strawberries, raspberries, gooseberries, currants, &c.

We have in a single season netted upwards of $3,000. The improvements and condition of the farm will speak for themselves.

For further particulars inquire of J. B. Fawcett, New Albany, Indiana.
m10 eod1m J. B. FAWCETT & CO.

### For Sale,
ONE OF E. BIGELOW'S HEAVY SILVER-PLATED SIRUP CASTORS, in complete order, for a Soda Counter. Inquire at PFINGST & BRO.'S,
m9 d10 Corner Seventh and Broadway.

### To Physicians—Rare Opportunity.
THE LATE RESIDENCE OF DR. R. R. HOUSTON, with 125 acres of land attached, and situated half a mile from Clifton Mills P. O., Breckinridge county, is offered for sale. The location is perhaps unequalled by any in the country as a stand for a practising physician. The deceased had a large and paying practice. The improvements are good and convenient. Terms will be reasonable and payments made easy. Possession can be had immediately. Address or apply personally to
J. H. BASSETT, Adm'r,
m8 d6&w1* Stephensport, Ky.

### OIL HUNTERS, NOTICE!
### Steam Engine and Boiler for Sale,
ONE GOOD UPRIGHT ENGINE AND TEN-FOOT Boiler, in good repair; also one three-plunge Hydraulic Pump. Inquire at my Tobacco Factory, corner of Tenth and Grayson streets.
m9 d12* JOHN KAYE.

### Country Residence Near Louisville for Sale.
FARMINGTON, THE COUNTRY RESidence of MRS. PEAY, situated 3½ miles from the city limits, on the Bardstown turnpike road, is offered for sale. It contains 44 acres of the very best Beargrass land, a large brick dwelling-house, all necessary out-buildings, ice-house, filled, fine spring and water, handsome garden and shrubbery, orchard of bearing fruit trees, of different kinds. Location healthy. Possession of house, and part of the out-buildings, garden, and pasture given immediately. The arable land is under rent to a gardener for this year. Inquire of
G. T. BERGMANN,
m9 dtf South side Jefferson, bet. Fourth and Fifth sts.

### For Sale,
A DRAY and TEAM, all complete and ready for use. Apply to R. A. SHRADER & CO.,
810 East Market,
f23 m&etf above Brook st.

### For Sale,
WE OFFER FOR SALE THAT ELEgant and commodious residence, formerly occupied by Colonel Samuel Churchill, and now occupied by Hampden Zane, at the corner of Seventh and Kentucky streets. The house is one of the largest and best built in the city, being constructed out of materials of the first quality. The grounds around it contain about seven and a half acres, and are filled with the finest of shade trees, and the most beautiful shrubbery.

There is upon the premises a stable, carriage-house, ice-house, well, cistern, and abundance of servants' houses. We offer the place for sale upon most reasonable terms. For particulars, address Sam'l B. Churchill, through the Post-office, or apply to W. H. Churchill, east side of Sixth street, between Walnut and Chestnut streets. SAM'L B. CHURCHILL,
m9 d1m W. H. CHURCHILL.

## FOR SALE.
675 ACRES OF LAND, ON THE OHIO river, six miles above Cloverport, Ky.—400 acres cleared, and in a high state of cultivation—225 acres in meadow; orchard of about 400 apple trees; tobacco barn for 40 acres; hay press and barns; a stock barn for 100 head of stock; dwelling-house, with five rooms; good tenant houses.

One hundred acres are deadened, and now ready to clear up. Address
J. G. STEPHENS,
m9 d12* Louisville, Ky.

### For Rent,
A TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, OF THREE rooms and kitchen, with cistern and cellar, on the east side of Eleventh street, between Chestnut and Magazine, No. 707. Apply on the premises, from 8 to 11 A. M., and 2 to 4 P. M. m8 d3*

### Indiana Farm for Sale,
CONSISTING OF 54 FOUR ACRES OF fine farming land, six miles from Jeffersonville, one-quarter of a mile from the pike leading from Jeffersonville to Charlestown. It has a cottage house, with four rooms, good barn and other out-buildings, 100 apple trees, of choice fruit—40 bearing; also, pear, cherry, and peach trees. There are 44 acres cleared, the balance in timber, the whole being under good fence. The farm is well watered.
MILTON AKIN,
On the premises,
Or, CAPTAIN DICKEY,
On the Charlestown pike, five miles from Jeffersonville, Indiana. m8 d1m*

### Shelby Farm for Sale.
OWING TO MY HEALTH, I OFFER my farm for sale, lying immediately on the turnpike, leading from Louisville to Frankfort, 10 miles east of Shelbyville, containing 320 acres. There are 275 acres in cultivation and grass; well timbered; never-failing springs; a good, comfortable two-story house, containing 10 rooms; excellent barn, stable, cribs, cabins, and all necessary out-buildings complete; also, a never-failing well in the yard; and fruit, in abundance, of all descriptions. Possession given immediately. For further particulars, call on me at the farm, or address me at Clay village, Shelby county, Ky.
m8 d20* S. T. ROBERTS.

### Buggy for Sale.
Would suit a physician—Is neat, strong, and durable. Will be sold low and on easy terms. Inquire of Wm. Ruby, Carriage maker, corner of Sixth and Green streets, where the Buggy can be seen. m8 d3*

### For Sale,
30 FINE LARGE EXTRA BROKE MULES, just arrived at Brawner & Knox's stable, on Market street, between Sixth and Seventh.
m6 d1w S. DESHON & CO.

### PIANOS FOR RENT.
MR. T. P. CRAGG, LATE OF THE firm of Tripp & Cragg, wishes to state to his many friends and the public that he has removed his entire stock of Piano-Fortes to the well-known Music Establishment of D. P. Faulds, 223 Main street, where he will continue to rent them at his usual fair prices. m1 d1m

### For Sale or Exchange,
A LARGE, COMMODIOUS BRICK DWELLING, containing 15 rooms, beside bath-room, cellars, kitchen, servants' rooms, stables, carriage and ice houses, in fact every necessary out-building that would be desired on a lot—a well of excellent drinking-water—four cisterns—a corner lot, fronting 170 feet, and 517 feet deep—two acres—yard filled with beautiful shrubbery, evergreens, and forest trees, grapes, raspberries, fine asparagus-beds, &c. For terms apply to
JAMES L. BROWN,
m7 d8* North side Jefferson, near Fifth st.

### Broadway Lots for Sale,
100X200 SOUTHWEST CORNER BROADway and Sixth;
130X200 BROADWAY, near Eleventh, adjoining the residence of Jas. F. Gamble, Esq.
Apply to F. A. Kaye, Esq., or to
n7 d6is* W. H. WALKER & CO., Main st.

It is not necessary to publish a long list of diseases for which the CEDRON BITTERS are a Specific. In all diseases of the STOMACH, BOWELS, LIVER, or KIDNEYS; in all affections of the Brain, depending upon derangement of the Stomach or Bowels; in GOUT, RHEUMATISM, and NEURALGIA, and in FEVER and AGUE, it is destined to supersede all other remedies. It not only cures these diseases, but it prevents them. A wine-glassful of the BITTERS, taken an hour before each meal, will obviate the ill effects of the most unhealthy climate and secure the taker against diseases under most trying exposure.

PREPARED BY
DR. JOHN BULL
At his Labratory on Fifth cross street,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
d31 dis3m

### New York Cheap Wholesale Cloth and Furnishing House.
OTTINGER & BRO. WOULD RESPECTFULLY INvite the attention of the city and country trade to their large and well selected stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Cottonades, Jeans, Tailors' Trimmings, White and Over-Shirts, Collars, Scarfs, Handkerchiefs, and all kinds of Gents' Furnishing Goods, which they will positively sell at the lowest New York prices.

No. 603 Main street, up stairs, between Sixth and Seventh streets, four doors above the Louisville Hotel, and over Lisby, White, & Cochrane.

N. B.—We are selling White and Over-shirts 20 per cent below the regular prices.
☞Call and see. f22 d1mis

### Gentlemen's Travelling Companions and Cigar Cases
IN GREAT VARIETY at C. G. TACHAU & BRO.'S, No. 505 Main st., bet. Fifth and Sixth

FRIDAY, MARCH 10, 3 A. M.

☞ Our subscribers, or many of them, are in our debt for subscription up to the 1st of January, 1865. We trust they will come up and settle their accounts without further notice.

☞ We have to apologize to our readers for the paucity of space given to reading matter on the second and third pages. Our advertising patronage has exceeded our expectation in the last month.

It is impossible for us to fully anticipate the advertising we shall be required to do, or we would be prepared for it. To prepare for a change, it is necessary for us to notify our paper-makers, and they require many weeks notice, prepared as they always are, with a supply in advance. In addition to this, we have to obtain blankets of a particular make; also, rubber-blankets, not to be had west of New York, which requires time. These have been ordered, and, as soon as they are received, an enlargement sufficient for our purposes will be made. We hope, therefore, that our patrons will put up for the present with the paper as it is.

UNFORTUNATE.—Yesterday afternoon, about four o'clock, the Provost Guards arrested a man named Joseph O'Daniel, a discharged soldier, of the 10th Kentucky, he having served his time. When he fell into the hands of the guards he had a lot of housekeeping articles and groceries in his arms and a little whiskey in his head. He was, as he stated, just on his way home to his new wife. But he was rather too abusive to the guards, who therefore conducted him to the Provost Marshal's office. For this offence, and for being somewhat under the influence of liquor, he was ordered out on the fortifications to dig dirt for five days. He was taken there immediately, with his tin buckets and dishes under his arm. The friends of his wife can notify her of the fact.

WOOD'S THEATRE.—What a world of sadness is there in the unfortunate life of Fantine, as painted by the pen of Victor Hugo. Maggie Mitchell has caught the true conception of the author, and to see her in the character is to weep over sorrow and misfortune. She plays the part with earnestness, and the Fantine of Hugo's creation becomes a moving, living being. Howard's adaption of the work is a good one, yet there is not enough sunshine in it to bring the most pleasing powers of Miss Mitchell into requisition. Her pathos makes us weep, while the absence of the artless, childish simplicity affords no opportunity for a hearty laugh. Miss Maggie takes a benefit to-night, makes her last appearance, and repeats Fantine. Let her have a crowded house.

PROVOST BUSINESS.—Christopher Cummings well knew it was against military orders to sell whiskey to soldiers, but it seems that he has paid little regard to the order. He was ordered to work on the fortifications fifteen days.

John F. Heafer, a deserter from the rebel army, was paroled. He is from this county.

Wm. Hurst was presented to the Provost Marshal for disloyalty. He was also paroled.

Thomas Witherspoon, from Warfield, Indiana, was again arrested yesterday—the third time—for vagrancy. Two others, Donnell Connery and Daniel O'Herron, charged with drunkenness and vagrancy, were given five days' work on the fortifications.

LOUISVILLE THEATRE.—To-night Miss Leo Hudson takes a benefit, and we have a change of programme. The romantic drama of Wizard Skiff will be performed, Miss Leo appearing in three different characters. The first act of Mazeppa, the most thrilling one of the drama, will also be performed. The horse Sensation, by training, has been made a steed as wild and vicious as any animal on the plains of Tartary, and he will safely bear the fearless rider, bound to his back, up the steeps on the perilous ride. Let Miss Hudson have a flattering reception to-night.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CITY COUNCIL.—A communication was read from the Jeffersonville Ferry Company proposing to establish a ferry line from the foot of Clay street to a separate landing on the Jeffersonville side. This subject caused a great deal of discussion. It was thought that it was a dodge of the old ferry company to preclude all chances of a new ferry company in establishing an opposition line. Action was postponed. The ordinance to increase and uniform our police force passed, only three voting against it.

COUNTY BONDS.—The farmers of this county, who are able, having greenbacks lying by them or resting useless in bank, and who want to retain the laborers and poor mechanics in the county, should invest in the county bonds issued to fill up the quota of the county by paying a bounty to volunteers. We know of no safer investment. This is the only debt the county has ever contracted, and the tax, which is a very light one, is ample to meet the interest and the principal.

☞ Hon. Randall Crawford, one of the most able and eminent lawyers of Indiana, died of dropsy of the heart at Brooklyn, New York, on the 7th inst. Mr. Crawford was one of the oldest and most successful practitioners at the bar of the Indiana Supreme Court. His remains are to be brought back for interment at New Albany, where he resided. He was a College classmate of the Senior Editor of this paper.

RECRUITS.—One thousand five hundred and sixty-four recruits reported at the Barracks yesterday for regiments now at the front. Of this number, one hundred and fifty-two were from Camp Butler, Ill.; one hundred and seventy-two from Harrisburg, Pa.; eighty-nine from Madison, Wis.; three hundred and five from Jackson, Mich.; and eight hundred and forty from Columbus, Ohio.

THE FLOOD.—The river was still rising last evening, and there is now about thirty-five feet water in the channel. In the upper part of the city the houses are under water, and the residents are still living in the upper stories, when they have them, gaining access by rafts, skiffs, or "pontoons" laid upon the top of the water.

☞ The Cincinnati Commercial says that the well-known General Geo. B. Hodge, who left Covington more than three years ago, to join the rebel army, has written a letter to his friends, in which he expresses an earnest desire to take the oath of amnesty and return to his home.

COUNTERFEIT.—Look out for counterfeit twenty-five cent notes—they are coming in swarms. The words "United States" on the face are indistinct. On the reverse the lettering and the stars on the shield look hazy. Examine well all twenty-fives presented.

QUERY.—If a citizen who would shoulder arms if he could afford to do so, and would send a substitute if he could find the means, is drafted, does not appear, and is shot as a deserter, is he not shot because he is poor?

TRANSFERRED.—Yesterday the transfers were eight hundred and eighty-one to Nashville, twenty to Eminence, Ky., seven to Lexington, eleven to St. Louis, and sixty-nine to Cairo.

A NEW REGIMENT.—The 189th Ohio, a fine-looking body of men, arrived here yesterday morning on the mailboat. They were forwarded to Nashville.

DESERTERS.—John Willis, company A, 54th Kentucky, and David Wilkes, of the 4th Kentucky, were arrested in the city as deserters.

COUNTY COURT.—Judge Monroe has called a meeting of the Justices of the Peace residing outside of Louisville, for Saturday next.

☞ Twenty-seven persons subscribed to the bounty fund yesterday. They will pay for two volunteers.

☞ Four deserters arrived here yesterday from St. Louis, and one from Indianapolis.

☞ One hundred convalescents were received at the Barracks yesterday.

DEPREDATIONS IN EDGEFIELD.—Assaults and robberies still continue in Edgefield. Scarcely a night passes that we do not hear of some depredations committed. On Monday night three negroes, who had just been paid off, were attacked on the railroad, two of them robbed of everything valuable, including a considerable amount of money, the third making his escape by swimming the back-water. On Tuesday night, a young man, who is cashier in the Quartermaster's Department, was attacked at the little bridge, about three hundred yards beyond the railroad bridge. The soldier who made the assault had a knife in his hand, and cut the young man's coat and vest into shreds. A scuffle ensued, and fortunately the citizen made his escape without sustaining injury to his person. These depredations are invariably committed by soldiers, who are allowed to leave their commands at pleasure to seek whom they may devour.

BANISHED.—General E. B. Brown, commanding the District of Rolla, Missouri, has issued an order, dated March 4th, banishing from his district the following-named persons, citizens of Dent county, charged with openly feeding, aiding, and giving encouragement to guerillas: The families of J. B. Smith, Wm. Saddler, Fareso McFarland, Thomas Smith, Isaac Johnson, William Black, Mary Meadley, J. T. Barksdale, Moses Short, James Martin, Monroe Campbell, William Clieft, James Elkin, James Cox, George Hagler, John McDoval, D. H. Coffmon, John Nivens, James McPanky, and E. C. Meed. They are ordered to leave the district by crossing the south line of the State, and go one hundred miles below the border. They are permitted to take enough personal property, such as clothing, to make them comfortable.

☞ We would advise every one who is in want of any of the European or American poets, albums, family bibles, dictionaries, and all the late publications of the day, to call at the Cosmopolitan Gift Book-store, 210 Fourth street, opposite the National Hotel. This house is receiving daily large additions to its already large stock. The buyer, Mr. Smith, has taken up his residence in New York, which gives the concern an advantage over all other book-houses in the Southwest. You not only buy a book at the published rates, but you are the recipient of a handsome present at the time of sale, varying in value from fifty cents to one hundred dollars. Go by all means and see the handsome goods. *

LOSS OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.—The Evansville Journal is informed that in consequence of the unprecedented rise in the Tennessee river, immense quantities of Government stores, corn, and hay, have been submerged, and of course destroyed, at Eastport. If this is so, there has no doubt been gross neglect of duty on the part of the Quartermaster at that post. He is the same officer who destroyed the gunboats and transports at Johnsonville last fall.

☞ Col. A. M. Stout, late Colonel of the 17th Kentucky volunteers, has returned to the city from Washington. He has settled his accounts with the Government, and is prepared to enter upon the duties of a private citizen. He is a candidate for City Attorney.

☞ The following is a report of the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department on fires and alarms for the month of February, 1865:

Feb. 2.—The roof of John G. Baxter's house, on Main street, between Seventh and Eighth; the work of an incendiary. Loss $200; insured.

Feb. 5.—House on corner of Clay and Market streets. Loss trifling.

Feb. 10.—Wood Ferguson's house, on the Point, between Fulton and Creek. Loss $800.

Feb. 14.—The roof of the Farmer's Hotel, on Market street, between First and Brook. Loss $100.

Feb. 25.—The stores of U. B. Evarts and H. Wilkes, on Main street, between Fourth and Bullitt. Loss $8,200; insured.

Feb. 27.—House on corner of Fifth and Main streets. Loss $88,400; fully insured, and divided as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Lichten & Co. | $40,000 |
| Hirsch & Flexner | 25,000 |
| W. Krieshaber | 9,500 |
| I. Joseph & Son | 900 |
| Judge Nicholas | 5,000 |
| | $80,400 |
| Total loss during the month | $89,700 |
| Total insurance | 85,800 |

[For the Louisville Journal.]

The committee on the resolutions on the death of our late brother, Dr. WILLIAM SINGLETON, reported the following resolutions, which were adopted and ordered to be spread on the records of this Lodge:

Whereas, it has pleased the All-wise disposer of events to remove by death from our midst and from the troubles and turmoils of this life to another state of existence our worthy and well-beloved brother, Dr. WILLIAM SINGLETON, who was a Master Mason of Breckinridge Lodge No. 67, Dr. SINGLETON was a man of sterling integrity, an accomplished physician, a skilful surgeon, and a highly esteemed gentleman, and useful member of society. He leaves a widow and four children and a large circle of warm personal friends to mourn his loss. Cut off in the prime of life and in the midst of a brilliant career of usefulness, we cannot but admit the truth of those words, "In the midst of life we are in death." Therefore be it

*Resolved*, That we the members of Breckinridge Lodge No. 67, deeply lament and deplore the loss of one so dear to us and to the community at large; and, whilst we pay the last sad tribute of respect to his memory, we fondly indulge the hope, that, through the merits of the Lion of the tribe of Judah, he has been called from the lodge below to the Grand Lodge above, where the Supreme Architect of the universe presides.

*Resolved*, That we tender to the widow and orphan children of our deceased brother our sincere and heartfelt sympathy, feeling assured that, however sincerely his loss may be felt by us, yet to them it is irreparable.

*Resolved*, That the members of this Lodge will wear the usual badge of mourning for the accustomed time, as a token of respect to the memory of our deceased brother.

*Resolved*, That these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of the Lodge, and a copy be furnished Mrs. Singleton, and one to one of the leading journals of Louisville for publication.

WILLIAM A. BARTON,
GIDEON P. JOLLY.

A true copy from the Lodge Record.
F. H. CROSBY, Secretary Breckinridge Lodge No. 67.*

## NOTICES OF THE DAY.

☞ Rev. M. P. Bailey will preach in Glasgow, Ky., in behalf of the Kentucky Christian Missionary Society, on Sunday, the 12th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M. and 7 P. M.

MISS AUGUSTA ST. CLAIR.—This young lady, whose lectures to young ladies on education and kindred topics have won the approbation of the public in England and America, will, in a few days, deliver her lecture, "Marriage no Lottery." The sale of tickets begins to-day, and those who wish for good seats will do well to secure them early. See advertisement.

☞ Mr. C. C. Spencer has two attractive sales to come off this day; one at Mr. J. L. Hyatt's, in Jefferson county, near the Fair Grounds, the other at his auction-rooms. A fine assortment can be found at both sales. See advertisements.

GOOD NEWS.—Mrs. A. E. Porter has just arrived from New York with the largest and most select assortment of spring millinery goods ever offered to the retail trade, which she invites her customers and the public to call and examine at No. 331 Market street, between Third and Fourth, south side. m10 d3m

MILLINERY GOODS.—That old and reliable firm, Devou & Co., of Cincinnati, it will be seen by to-day's paper, offer to the trade an unusual and rare assortment of millinery goods, cloaks, mantillas, and dress goods. Old customers of this house know how to appreciate it, and new ones will do well to give it a call.

☞ Messrs. Green & Green, Main and Fourth streets, are in full supply of Gents' Printed and Fancy Shirts of their own manufacture. They are also largely engaged in making all varieties of Shirts to order from measure.

☞ The Willis House at Springfield, Ohio, is a modern institution, and Mr. Willis, the proprietor, always makes the traveller feel perfectly at home. He will open a new and elegant house in Springfield in a few weeks, and will be better able to furnish accommodations then than now.

FOUND.—A pocket-book containing an amount of money. The loser can obtain his property by calling at 529 Green street. f9 d2

HEADQUARTERS 2D MIL. DIST. OF KENTUCKY,
RUSSELLVILLE, KY., March 4, 1865.

*General Order No. 3.*

As a matter of grave importance, not only to the troops, but to the welfare of the State, the Colonel commanding, in assuming command within this district, desires fully to impress and enjoin upon the officers the necessity of strict discipline and subordination on the part of the troops.

In many cases, the actions of Federal officers here have been disgraceful, bringing discredit, not only upon themselves and the regiments to which they belong, but also to the Federal cause, by the unauthorized and unnecessary seizure of horses and property of all kinds, and by the unwarranted abuse of good citizens. These are positively forbidden, and cannot, and will not be tolerated. While it is expected that, with care and precision and judgment, all orders will be carried into effect, and the interests of the State and Federal Government earnestly guarded, at the same time, these unwarranted acts of officers and soldiers must cease.

The practice of commanding officers sending out scouting parties, without rations, for so long has been indulged in as to have become a tax upon the people, and an injury to the soldier. Supplies must, in every instance, be carried with expeditions, and the soldiers not allowed to waste them, with the knowledge that he will be allowed to eat at private houses.

Officers actually commanding troops, both at posts and on active duty, are required to remain with their commands. The habit of boarding at private houses (so much indulged in) has repeatedly done much harm.

The safety of camps should not be intrusted to patrol guards. Picket lines should be established, and at night invariably held.

Loyal citizens have a right to claim our protection, which should be cheerfully given them. Those disloyal, or, in other words, at enmity with the Federal Government, have no proper abiding place within Kentucky; therefore, those found in active sympathy with the enemies of the Federal Government, must be sent within the narrow scope of the enemy's lines.

Officers will be held strictly accountable for the proper execution of all orders, and the conduct of their respective commands. Any depredations committed by them will be ferreted out, and the officer found guilty dismissed the service.

It is earnestly desired that both officers and soldiers will be energetic and watchful, and ever bear themselves in such a manner as to merit the approbation of their superiors, and demand the good will and co-operation of all good and loyal citizens.

And, with this co-operation, which is certainly expected on the part of all citizens with the military authorities, we may confidently expect that the lawless and roving bands, which now infest the country, will soon be either annihilated or expelled, and prosperity again reign within the borders of Kentucky.

E. H. MURRAY,
Colonel 3d Ky. Cav., Commanding.
A. G. SLOO,
m10 d6 Captain and A. A. A. G.

**MARRIED,**

On the 7th instant, in Cynthiana, Ky., by Rev. W. B. Kavanaugh, Bishop H. H. KAVANAUGH of the M. E. Church South, to Mrs. MARTHA LEWIS, of Louisiana. e&nl*

**DIED.**

Of congestion of the brain, after an illness of thirty-four hours, on Thursday, the 9th instant, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the St. Cloud Hotel, in this city, CRITTENDEN PRENTICE SIMPSON, son of Lieut. William and Parlina Simpson, of Warsaw, Ky., aged three years, eleven months, and twenty-three days.

On the 7th instant, after an illness of two weeks, at the residence of her uncle, Thomas H. Crozier, Miss MARY JANE SLAUGHTER. m&e*

## TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

### Report that Lynchburg is Captured.

### Reported Acquittal of Gen. Payne.

### Payne Assaulted by Dr. Alexander.

### Savannah Cotton Seized by Gov'm't.

### Latest Arrival from Charleston.

### Incendiary Fires in That City.

### Utter Destruction of Columbia.

### Gen. Sherman Arrived at Charlotte.

### Beauregard Hovering on his Front.

### News from Mexico to the 19th Ultimo.

### Capture of Oaxaca Not Confirmed.

### Pierre Soule and Family in Mexico.

**To the Associated Press.**

XXXVIIITH CONGRESS—SECOND SESSION.

WASHINGTON, March 9.

SENATE.

Mr. Trumbull, from the Committee on the Judiciary, made a report on the credentials of Mr. Snow, Senator elect from Arkansas. The committee say that in 1861 the constituted authorities of the State of Arkansas, so far as they could succeed, took the State beyond the authority of the United States, and that in pursuance of the law of Congress, the President, by proclamation, declared the inhabitants of that State to be included in insurrection. Therefore the committee recommend that the question of admission be postponed till the next session, and until Congress shall take action in regard to the existing State government of Arkansas. The report was adopted.

Mr. Doolittle presented the credentials of John C. Underwood, Senator from the State of Virginia for six years from the 4th of March, 1865.

Mr. Trumbull said the Committee on the Judiciary had just made a report in the case of Arkansas, which was in a similar condition to Virginia, and it was therefore likely the committee would come to a similar conclusion.

Mr. Henderson did not indorse the Senator's views. He did not believe that the President's proclamation precluded the Senate from taking action on the subject of admitting the Senators. We should encourage the re-establishment of loyal State governments as a means of putting down rebellion and guerrilla incursions.

The subject was temporarily laid aside, in order to execute a special order, namely, the election of Chaplain for the Thirty-ninth Congress.

Mr. Lane, of Indiana, nominated Rev. Dr. Bowman (Methodist), present Chaplain.

Mr. Harris nominated Rev. Dr. Gray, (Baptist) of Washington.

Thirty-nine votes were cast, of which twenty were necessary to a choice. Dr. Gray, having received twenty-seven votes, he was declared duly elected Chaplain.

The credentials of Judge Underwood were then considered.

Mr. Doolittle said the State of Virginia had been recognized by the Executive and by Congress. When West Virginia was set apart as a separate State, the Government admitted Senators from the remaining part of Virginia. The further consideration of the subject was postponed till the next session.

On motion, the credentials of Joseph Segar, of Virginia, and Michael Hahn, of Louisiana, were withdrawn from file to be presented and laid over till next session.

Mr. Morrill, from the Committee on the Contingent Fund, reported against the resolution referred to them, to allow pay and mileage to Senators from Arkansas and Louisiana on the ground of want of jurisdiction, and therefore they asked to be discharged from the further consideration of the subject. The resolution lies over.

Mr. Nye offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

*Resolved*, That the Secretary of the Navy be requested to organize a board of not less than three competent persons whose duty it shall be to inquire into and determine how much the vessels of war and steam machinery contracted for by the department in the years 1862 and 1863 cost the contractors over and above the contract price and allowance for extra work, and report the same to the Senate at its next session, none but those that have given satisfaction to the department to be considered.

The Senate then went into executive session, and, upon the opening of the doors at 2:30 P. M., adjourned.

WASHINGTON, March 9.

Within a few days past ten paroled and escaped prisoners have arrived at the Navy-yard here. They came from the stockade prison at Florence, and belonged to various vessels that were captured at different times. The escaped men state that when Sherman marched toward Florence they were hastily placed on cars, and started toward Wilmington, but when that place was threatened, they were sent back to Goldsboro, where they remained a short time, and were then sent back to Wilmington. A flag of truce, it is said, was sent to Gen. Terry, asking if they could be exchanged through him, to which he replied it could not be done for several days.

While they were in Wilmington quite a number escaped, and were hid by the citizens; and these men say that several hundred must have got away in this manner by aid of Union citizens. One of the escaped prisoners, George Anderson, of the Passaic, was captured in Warsaw river, and on the 5th of December he escaped while being taken with other prisoners from Wilmington to Richmond, he and fifteen others jumping off the train when it was about thirteen miles from Wilmington. Two of these men were shot by the guard from the tops of the cars and killed, but all the others made their escape, and were in the city when our forces entered. There were about 5,000 prisoners brought away from Florence, a stockade of 1,000 sick being left behind. This place had been in command of Col. Iverson, of the 20th South Carolina, and it was said he was prisoner in Richmond for some cause when these men left.

The Senate to-day confirmed the nomination of Senator James Harlan to be Secretary of the Interior.

This morning Hon. Hugh McCullough formally entered on his duties as Secretary of the Treasury. The heads of the several bureaus of the department waited upon him in a body, and an address of welcome was made to him in their behalf by Judge Lewis Somer, of the internal revenue bureau. Mr. McCullough responded in an appropriate speech.

NEW YORK, March 9.

The revoking of the passport order by Secretary Seward, so far as relates to Canada, has removed all restrictions on travel through by the Suspension Bridge and Detroit, and unrestricted travel via the Great Western Railroad is now fully resumed.

A number of vessels, with cotton from Savannah, have arrived, making thirty-seven in all, bringing 23,580 bales of cotton. Other vessels, with 11,621 bales, are on the way. The Government has seized this cotton without regard to private marks, because Savannah was not surrendered with its garrison, but captured with all it contained.

The Emperor Maximilian, according to the advices received to-day from Mexico, has received at a special audience Mr. Peter C. Scarlett, the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of England. Mr. Scarlett presented to the Emperor of Mexico several autograph letters from Queen Victoria. The first of these letters is a formal one; the second one is a repetition of the first, but is addressed to the Empress Charlotte, "My best beloved sister," and the third is an acknowledgment of the letter sent by the Emperor to the Queen last June, informing her officially of his accession to the throne of Mexico. The Queen expresses her interest in the welfare of Mexico, and her belief that the establishment of the Empire is the beginning of a new and happy era for the country. She congratulates the Emperor on his elevation, and closes with the usual expressions of courtesy.

The typhoid fever is raging in Seacatreas.

The new railroad has so far progressed that the trip from Vera Cruz to New Mexico can be made in four days.

The Mexican papers publish long lists of diplomatic and consular appointments made by the Emperor to foreign governments. No appointments are made to the United States.

NEW YORK, March 9.

The steamer Eagle brings Havana dates of the 4th. Dates from Mexico to the 19th of February and Vera Cruz also had been received. The rumored capture of Oaxaca by the Imperialists is not confirmed.

The French claim a victory over Antonio Rajis, killing Rajis, besides capturing various munitions of war.

Romero is reported captured, with one hundred and sixty of his men, and two hundred killed, in New Leon.

The Imperialists claim a victory over Mendre at Barretal.

A report from Mazatlan says three thousand French soldiers have been sent to Senato. Fifty emigrants, pretending to go to Orizaba, report that from twenty to twenty-five thousand more are coming from the United States to buy lands and settle.

The Imperial expedition to Yucatan has been abandoned.

Pierre Soule and his family have arrived in Mexico.

A number of blockade runners have returned to Havana, having failed to run into Galveston.

WASHINGTON, March 9.

Information from the Army of the Potomac says all is quiet. The freshet is subsiding. The exchange of prisoners is resumed.

A report is in circulation that Lynchburg is in our possession, but it cannot be traced to trustworthy authority.

NEW YORK, March 9.

The steamer Fulton, from Hilton Head on the 6th, has arrived. Everything is progressing favorably at Charleston. Traders are beginning to open stores there.

Gen. Hatch is in command of the Northern District of the Department of the South. Gen. Schimmel is in command at Charleston. The railroad is completed to Goose Creek.

General Potter has advanced to Santee river without opposition.

News has been received of the total destruction of Columbia.

At last accounts Sherman had arrived at Charlotte, N. C. Beauregard was hovering on his front.

The 21st regiment, recruited at Charleston, has been mustered into service.

The lights are soon to be lighted on Sumpter and Moultrie, and the channel is being buoyed for navigation. Several incendiary fires have occurred in Charleston.

WASHINGTON, March 9.

The Charlotte (N. C.) Bulletin of the 28th ult. says: Everything we hear tends to increase our confidence and lift our hops from the doubt in which for several weeks they have been buried. Our authorities are active and alive to the emergency, and though the task before them is herculean, we believe success will reward its completion.

The Examiner says: It was stated a few days ago that Gen. Longstreet had communicated with the enemy under flag of truce, and that the object of the communication was to effect an arrangement for the return of deserters on both sides. The question of arming slaves is expected to be decided to-day in our Congress.

PHILADELPHIA, March 9.

The U. S. steamship Bermuda, from the East and West Gulf Squadrons, has arrived at the navy-yard. She reports that on the 24th of February an expedition under the command of Brig.-Gen. Newton, consisting of all the troops both white and black stationed at Key West, and the gunboats Honduras, Magenta, and Hendrick Hudson, started for the purpose of capturing St. Mark's. The result of the expedition had not been heard at the time the Bermuda sailed. The Bermuda brings 400 sick and discharged soldiers and sailors.

POUGHKEEPSIE, March 9.

A freight-train bound north on the Hudson River Railroad about nine o'clock last evening, ran into the Peekskill drawbridge, smashing several cars, and killing the engineer and fireman. At the time of the accident a sloop was passing through the draw, and the necessary signals were visible. The name of the engineer was John Hefland, and that of the fireman was Wm. Lent. The body of the latter has not been found. The body of the engineer was found on the top of the boiler, four feet under water.

CAIRO, March 9.

It is reported that the court-martial at Paducah has acquitted General Payne of all charges preferred against him.

General Payne, having accused Dr. Alexander, of Paducah, with giving false testimony before the military commission last fall, was attacked by the latter on the street yesterday with a revolver. Alexander was worsted in the encounter, and was afterwards arrested and lodged in the guard-house.

ST. LOUIS, March 9.

The steamer Imperial, the St. Louis and Nashville packet, struck the bridge across the Cumberland river at the latter place yesterday, and was sunk. Loss $50,000. Insured for $25,000.

The extensive pork-house of Thomas Henry & Co., at St. Joe, was burned on Monday last. Loss $200,000. Insured for $110,000.

NEW YORK, March 9.

Gold dull and devoid of a speculative movement. The lack of confidence causes delay, and certain holders may be obliged to throw on the market an amount that would materially put down prices. Opened at 196, fell to 194, and went up to 195½.

Mr. Watts Sherman, of the firm of Duncan, Sherman, & Co., died at Madeira on the 20th of February.

PHILADELPHIA, March 9.

J. Cooke reports that the sales of 7 30s today amount to $4,065 150, including $135,000 from Chicago, and $1,000,000 from New York, in a single subscription, besides $2,843 in single subscriptions.

SARATOGA, March 9.

The Messrs. Leland Brothers have concluded the purchase of the Union Hotel block, which will lead to the enlargement of the fine hotel now owned by them to double its present capacity.

NEW YORK, March 9.

The steamer Fulton, from Port Royal, reports that the steamer Illinois had sailed for Point Lookout with rebel prisoners.

Gold to-night 191⅝.

BOSTON, March 9.

The Hon. Peley Sprague, Judge of the U. S. District Court, has resigned on account of failing health. There was a heavy snow-storm here to-day.

BALTIMORE, March 9.

The Susquehanna river is reported clear of ice to-day. Travel will be at once resumed.

**To the Western Associated Press.**

NEW YORK, March 8.

The first dealings in railroad shares on the street to-day were at better rates, but the market weakened before the board. At the first session prices were generally steady with a moderate business.

In the afternoon gold was lower, and a speculation for a rise was broken by the military news. Sterling exchange dull. Money easy at 7 per cent. Petroleum stocks quiet and steady.

Kennedy, tried as a hotel-burner, is still confined at Fort Lafayette. The result of the trial has not been published, but it is understood he has been convicted.

The World's Washington special says to-night: Senator Gwynn recently stated on his departure for Paris that it was caused by information he had received from trustworthy source that the province of Sonora had been ceded to France by a secret treaty, which would not be made public till after the entire pacification of Mexico by the French. He went to Paris to arrange plans for a colonization and to form an alliance of California and Sonora for an empire.

The Richmond Enquirer of the 6th says: It is proposed to add another talking apparatus to the two now assembled in the capital of Virginia. The last is to be a supreme sovereign talking apparatus called a convention in name and in behalf of the poor distracted cause which has been talked to death. We solemnly protest.

The Virginia Senators in the rebel Congress have been instructed to vote in favor of the bill to place niggers in the army. The bill was defeated when before the Senate by only one vote, Both the Virginia Senators voted against it.

The Danville Register says the crisis of the war is rapidly approaching, and in a short time a heavy and decisive battle will be fought.

NEW YORK, March 9.

The Richmond Enquirer of the 7th has a reply to a correspondent, who inquires: What mean these rumors of a Senatorial Committee approaching the President to submit to terms of submission? Is that report true? Are any Senators or Representatives whipped? Have they approached the President to press upon him any such base proposition? Is any attempt made by these rumors to create the impression that Lee is ready to consider terms for laying down arms under the pretext of repeating the suffering and sacrifice by a forced surrender, and who are busy in their plans of surrendering to subjugation?

Speak out! The crisis demands boldness and decision, and determined resistance to internal as well as external enemies. The worst enemies who now depress us are whipped seceders. This hour of agony is no time for factious opposition for faltering with peace propositions, which can lead to nothing but despair, relaxation, and ruin. The terms of reconstruction now coming from Congress are nothing less than subjugation. Let us know the worst, that a summary remedy may be applied.

The Enquirer, in response, says it can't answer all the questions asked, for want of information, and then goes on, in remarkable and significant language, showing that the rebellion is in its death throes. That there is a party of whipped seceders in and about Richmond can't be denied. They are cowardly and miserable wretches, who brought war upon the country, and who would now surrender to the enemy. We have no doubt but that there was a plan on foot to force Mr. Davis to resign, and that Mr. Stevens had consented to resign, so that Mr. Hunter, the aspirant, would become President. The plan, we hope and believe, has miscarried; at any rate the conspirators may understand, that, if they should succeed, they will have placed a barren sceptre in their grasp, thence to be wrenched by an unlenial hand, and, no son of theirs succeeding, Robert E. Lee, by and with the consent of the army and the people, will grasp the sceptre they may wrench from the hands of Mr. Davis and wield it for the safety and security of his country's liberty and independence. No cabinet of whipped seceders shall capitulate this country into slavery and crouch at the footstool of Mr. Lincoln. Congress has utterly failed, it is incompetent, and is doing injury. It has neither the capacity nor the courage, and is wanting in firmness and resolution. It is unfit for revolution. The very men who were foremost to secede are the first to surrender. A single head and a single arm is now needed, and if Congress would consult its patriotism it would intrust all the power with the President and Lee and go home. The Virginia State banks can furnish one or two millions in gold, and this will secure the supplies now needed. Let the Legislature promptly act, and turn the gold over to General Lee. Congress is defunct, and is no longer to be looked to for any aid in the struggle. The negroes have been withheld until it is now nearly too late. Currency is beyond their power. To help those who talk of compromise is mean submission to subjugation.

Gov. Vance makes an earnest appeal to the people, saying Lee's army must, for three or four months to come, depend for food on portions of Virginia and North Carolina. He himself has donated half his stock of provisions to the rebel government, placing his own family and dependents upon half rations, and recommends that other citizens follow his example.

In regard to Sherman, the Richmond papers have nothing positive. They don't know where he is, his main column being, as they declare, hidden by his cavalry.

The Sentinel says: The new levy of the Yankees will not avail to overwhelm us. We will surely win the fight if we do our duty. None are more confident of this than those who have had the opportunity of observing things at the North. None are more enthusiastic and none are more buoyant with courage and hope, and let no man suppose such is not the spirit of our people. Let no one imagine that the few poltroons with beard on who are whipped without ever having been a fight, are a sample of our population. It is a shame, indeed, that these miserable tremblers are allowed to vex the patience and tire the ears with exhibitions of their disgraceful cowardice, but we protest against judging others by the many. We protest against judging those of Richmond by these whipped croakers. We wish our women would take their brooms and drive them into the river. We tell our soldiers the people are as unequivocally resolved as they, and will stand up to them and sustain them. Let them take care of the Yankees. Those who are to join the trenches in the ranks will take care of the whipped women at home. We do not intend to be sold out by these ancient people. We, too, may not have provision for some crimes against our safety, supposing them impossible, but the powers of the people are not destroyed by this want of legislation. Let no means be possible, and we shall have safety, and by the God willing, is sure if we do our duty. Victory is ours unless we voluntarily forfeit it. There is nothing in the situation to defeat us. We may say this on high authority.

If heaven were to curse us with a meanness of soul that would lead us to renounce the liberties for which a noble army of martyrs has died, and fling away the glorious heritage which our fathers gave us, that indeed would be misery, for it would be disgrace, infamy, hopeless ruin—the very blackness of eternal darkness on our country and our cause.

Proud we are now to claim Jackson as our compatriot. The very Turk would hiss if we did not. We are not yet reduced to the necessity of taking courage from despair. The enemy have indeed shut us up to that necessity, if it should ever come; but, thank heaven, it has not come. We have bright, natural certain hopes—hopes big with victory and radiant with sunrise—if we will bear ourselves as good soldiers a little longer, stand up like men for a time of trial—the hour of darkness that precedes the day.

WASHINGTON, March 9.

The Senate in executive session to-day confirmed a large number of military nominations, including Brigadier-General Rawlings to be Chief of Staff to Lieutenant-General Grant. The Senate confirmed many miscellaneous nominations.

The President to-day nominated James Harlan, Senator from Iowa, to be Secretary of the Interior in place of Judge Usher, who has tendered his resignation, to take effect on the 1st of May, in order, in the meantime, to settle certain business pending in the department. The nomination of Mr. Harlan was confirmed. Freeman Clark, ex-Congressman from New York, was confirmed Comptroller of currency.

The law providing for recruiting in the rebel States for the benefit of the loyal States is repealed, and the Provost Marshal-General has notified officers and commanders of rendezvous accordingly.

The records in Commodore Ingraham's office show that from the 8th of February to the 8th March 1,766 rebel deserters have been received in the city from the armies operating against Richmond.

One hundred and twenty deserters, the greater part from North Carolina, arrived to-day.

Senator Saulsbury, of Delaware, has been omitted from the Senate committees which were arranged in the Republican caucus. He was previously on the Committees of Commerce, Patents, and Pensions. Senator McDougal, formerly on the Committee of Foreign Relations, is also omitted from all committees.

[For the Louisville Journal.]

MESSRS. EDITORS: We stated in reply to Mr. McGill's first communication that we had no disposition to enter into a newspaper controversy with him, nor do we intend to. We would state, however, concerning his second publication, that his statements therein are not true, as can be readily seen by any one who wishes to take the trouble to examine the papers in the Chancery suit referred to. It may be remarked, also, that Mr. McGill keeps silent on the subject of the proceedings before the United States Circuit Court. Mr. McGill may make himself notorious, if he chooses, by further publication. We are done with him on this score, yet are prepared and ready to defend ourselves in any judicial proceeding he may wish to institute.

GERMAN & BRO.

## RIVER NEWS.

PORT OF LOUISVILLE

ARRIVALS YESTERDAY.

Gen. Buell, Cincinnati. Major Anderson, Cincinnati.
W. F. Curtis, Cincinnati. Nannie Byers, Cincinnati.
Rebecca, Jeffersonville.

DEPARTURES YESTERDAY.

Gen. Buell, Cincinnati. Major Anderson, Cincinnati.
W. F. Curtis, Nashville. Nannie Byers, New Orleans.
Rebecca, Tenn. River.

STAGE OF THE RIVER.—The river at this point is still rising. By the mark in the canal it had risen eight inches during the twenty-four hours preceding 5 o'clock last evening, at which time there were thirty-four feet ten inches water in the canal. Dispatches from Pittsburg, yesterday at noon, report the Ohio on a rise again with eleven feet water by the pier mark. At Cincinnati, at the same time, the river was falling, and had fallen seventeen inches during the previous twenty-four hours. The Cumberland continues to rise slowly. The Tennessee is at the highest tide. Johnsonville is surrounded by water, and Eastport submerged. At the latter place the damage to Government freight is considerable, says the Nashville Press. There is a depth of fifteen feet in the channel from St. Louis out to Cairo. The Illinois is reported clear of [illegible] down, with plenty of water for boating. The Upper Mississippi is almost stationary, and in good boating stage. The Missouri river is falling from Leavenworth to the mouth.

The weather was cloudy, with a slight fall of sleet about nightfall, and cold, with the mercury at [illegible] o'clock, and freezing at night.

The formidable iron-clad gunboat Manayunk, built at Pittsburg, is on her way down from that city, in tow of the tugs Little Jim Rees and Panther.

## COMMERCIAL.

DAILY REVIEW OF THE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL, THURSDAY, March 9, 1865.

Gold in New York opened to-day at 195¾, advanced to 196, and closed at noon at 196¼. Here brokers were buying at 193@194, and selling at 198@199. Money market still tight. Quartermaster's vouchers are selling at 2½@3 per cent discount. Exchange is scarce at 1-20@¼ buying, and par selling.

[illegible]

# LOUISVILLE JOURNAL

[For the Sunday Journal.]

### TO ANNIE CABLE COLE.

BY HUBER.

Fair gifted girl, so genius-blest,
  Thy glorious dreams so sweetly wrought
In strains of soul-inspiring song,
  And wildest imagery of thought,
Are wafted to my lonely soul
  Like Angel whispers in the air,
And move its still unfathomed depths
  With strange and subtle influence rare.

They gently touch each silent cord,
  Which thrill'd, ere boyhood hours were gone,
With goodness, truth, and purity,
  And wake anew each heavenly tone;
They stifle every earth-born thought,
  And kindle all my spirit's fire
In longings for a holier life,
  A new existence—nobler, higher.

They thrill my bosom's listless void
  With aspirations, proudly great,
To work the worthiest, loftiest aims
  Of manhood's heaven-ordained estate;
And resolutions, bravely firm,
  To gird my soul and strike anew
For glory, honor, usefulness—
  To wrestle, conquer, dare, and do.

But ah, thy wildly-grieving notes,
  Like sobbings of a widow'd dove—
The trembling, faltering of thy lyre,
  Whene'er it chants of hapless love—
The sadness, sweetly undefined,
  Which wavers through each pensive strain,
Hath shivered o'er my 'wilder'd heart
  A strange foreboding thrill of pain.

A maddening fear, sweet minstrel girl,
  That thou, who sway'st my soul at will,
Hast quaff'd, in proudly hidden grief,
  The bitterest draught the Fates distil,
Art groping through a shadowed life,
  With dead affection's haunting ghost—
Hast trusted with a woman's trust,
  *Hast deeply loved and darkly lost!*

If so, thou knowest th' Almighty source
  Whence cometh peace, and strength to bear;
For woes which earthly balms heal not
  E'er drive the suffering spirit there.
Perchance thy pure untinted brow,
  And azure eyes—I've dream'd them blue—
Again may glow with tranquil joy—
  But ah, *my* dreams of roseate hue!

Oh 'twere a fearful thing to lose
  The love of thy strange yearning soul,
Its wild impassioned clinging faith—
  That love's my dreaming spirit's gaol!
Yet what have I to do with dreams,
  A reckless son of fiery Mars,
With soul imbrued in crimson tides,
  Attainted with the breath of wars!

And yet, methinks 'twould gently bring
  A softening influence to my breast,
And nerve my heart, could I but wear
  *Thy* name upon my helmet's crest,
And hope, while battling bravely on
  For foul Disunion's dire defeat,
To lay all laurels nobly won,
  Accepted trophies at thy feet.

LOUISVILLE, KY., March 1, 1865.

### PARAGRAPHS—CHIEFLY ORIGINAL.

The popular saint—St. Lucre.

The Tug of War—a gunboat.

The oldest lunatic on record—Time out of mind!

Punch says "Robert Macaire" should be played in a devil-may-care manner.

Russia is striking oil wells in quantities, and the greasers of Mexico find their country greasy.

Who was the fastest woman mentioned in the Bible? Herodias; when she got a-head of John the Baptist on a charger.

The noblest question in the world is, What good can I do in it?

Women love to exercise control; they are not satisfied unless they have husbands to order.

Death-rattle—the sound of the rattlesnake's tail.

Put no faith in a new promise based on the breach of an old one.

The more idle a rumor is, the busier it generally is.

Titus complained that he had "lost a day." A chess-player often loses a knight.

They say that man, unlike other animals, "walks upright." But his walk, morally speaking, is oftentimes anything but upright.

If you give two persons a seat in a cornfield, can this proceeding be called "setting them by the ears?"

Men are so liberal and disinterested that they give advice when they need the article far more than the recipient does.

We hear a good deal about pork-packing, but, in travelling upon railroads, we conclude that it is nothing in comparison with man-packing.

It has been proposed to tax stays, but it was objected to on the ground that it would diminish consumption.

A heartless man is a man of bad heart.

Why can a man bite best after drinking vinegar? Because it sets his teeth on edge.

The first human sin was improper indulgence in eating, and it has been one of the chief sins ever since.

Aliment is easily changed to ailment.

The only blusterer that a brave man will take a blow from is the wind.

Wives die earlier than single women. Females can't last long unless well husbanded.

The labors that a man performs with his hands are but his out-works. Let him look well to the strengthening of his inner-works.

Most heads diffuse less light than a pumpkin-shell with a tallow-candle in it.

A man behind the times is apt to speak ill of them. Probably they don't look well from behind.

It sometimes seems to us that men are ironically called human beings, because they are of all beings the most inhuman.

If you have the feeling of hate or revenge, subject it to a severe process of mental chemistry, examine into its nature, its uses, its philosophy, and, before you have finished the scrutiny, it will probably vanish like a volatile substance into the air.

The men play cricket in the fields. A woman plays it by singing merrily at the hearthstone.

The passions are at least bold, generous, though destroying lions; egotism is a quiet, deep-biting, ever-sucking, venomous bug.

There are many eternities in the human heart in this poor life of time—eternal wishes, eternal hopes, perpetual pictures, perpetual sounds.

Man ought always to tremble in the presence of his highest happiness, as, also to believe that there is a soft and gentle dew from Heaven, that ever falls upon the stony earth.

No man needs so much money as he who despises it.

A man who thinks properly is as serious at the thought of his birth as of his death.

Let the table to which you invite your guests be round, for then, like death, it will make all equal.

There is nothing like tears for watering the flowers of joy.

A woman who is transported to the third heaven can afford to carry the other two in her hands to give away.

"I shall be," and "I might have been!" The former is the music of youth, sweet as the sound of silver bells, the latter the plaint of age, the dirge of hope, the inscription for a tomb.

Ride as we will on the swiftest billow of to-day, we are never out of sight of yesterday.

The science that could teach men to forget would be more welcome to many than all the trickery of mnemonics.

A vain man, like him who looks at the spectre of the Brocken, sees himself ten times as large as he is.

### Notice.

The bonds of the city of Louisville, to the amount of $200,000, authorized to be issued to raise a bounty fund, will be ready for sale as soon as they can be printed and filled up, which will be in a few days.

The bonds are for $1,000 each, with coupons attached, for semi-annual payment of interest; one hundred of the bonds being payable ten years after date, and the other hundred payable twenty years after date.

That the citizens of Kentucky, especially of Louisville, may have an opportunity of making an investment in the purchase of the bonds to such an amount as they may wish, those who desire to purchase will please at once address the Mayor of the city, giving their names and residence, the number and character of the bonds proposed to be bought, and the highest price they are willing to pay therefor.

This invitation for proposals is not, however, limited to citizens of Kentucky.

WM. KAYE, Mayor.

FEBRUARY 23, 1865. f23 dtf

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GLASSWARE—1,500 boxes Glassware, assorted, for sale by
m2 d&w1m R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

WHITE-LEAD—1,000 kegs White-Lead in Oil for sale by
m2 d&w1m R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

CHEMICALS—
1,000 ounces Sulph. Quinine;
200 " " Morphine;
200 pounds Calomel;
300 " Blue Mass;
100 " Hydryodate Potash; for sale by
m2 d&w1m R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

50 BALES BEST WADDING, black and white, in store and for sale low by the bale.
m3 d6 SMITH & CAMBRIDGE.

## MILITARY.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF KENTUCKY,
LOUISVILLE, KY., Feb. 25, 1865.

*General Orders, No. 4.*

Reliable evidence has reached these headquarters that emissaries of the rebel government are engaged in recruiting for their exhausted armies in the State of Kentucky. Appeals are again made to the young men of the State to disregard their duty and risk their lives and honor in a wicked and desperate cause, while men who have deserted the rebel service and are now peaceably at their homes, are required to rejoin their commands, and again encounter the perils of treason, under the threatened penalty of betrayal to the Federal authorities, who, they are taught to believe, will treat them as outlaws and guerillas.

To counteract these efforts to mislead the men who have in good faith deserted the rebel service, all deserters from the rebel armies now in this department, will, within thirty days from date, report themselves to the Provost Marshal of the county in which they reside for registry, and all persons who may hereafter desert from the rebel armies and come into this department, will, within five days after their arrival, report themselves for the same purpose.

Provost Marshals will receive the report of all persons presenting themselves under this order, will register the names, age, residence, and the particular military organization from which they have deserted. Such registry will be regarded by the military authorities of this department as a distinct renunciation of all further connection with the rebel government, and as entitling the registered person who demeans himself as a peaceable citizen to military protection.

Persons who refuse to present themselves for registry, as required by this order, will be understood as adhering to the rebel government, and, if captured, will be treated as spies, guerillas, or otherwise, according to the circumstances of the case.

By command of Major-General PALMER.

G. M. BASCOM, Major and A. A. G.

m6 dtmar27

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF KENTUCKY,
LOUISVILLE, KY., March 4, 1865.

*General Orders, No. 7.*

The Post Commandant of Louisville will at once suppress all slave pens, and other private establishments for the confinement of persons in the city, and will discharge persons confined.

He will report the execution of this order.

By command of Maj.-Gen. PALMER.

J. P. WATSON,
m6 d6 Captain and A. A. A. G.

HEADQ'RS ACT. ASST. PROVOST MARSHAL GEN'L,
STATE OF KENTUCKY,
LOUISVILLE, KY., March 1, 1865.

*Circular No. 28.*

By special direction of the War Department, it is announced that recruits may be enlisted for the 1st regiment of U. S. Veteran Volunteer Engineers, now on duty at Chattanooga, Tenn., under command of Col. W. E. Merrill. Provost Marshals, and other officers authorized to enlist and muster in men, are hereby instructed to receive for that regiment any white recruits who may elect to join it in preference to Kentucky organizations, and who are able-bodied, according to recruiting regulations, and have the necessary qualifications for the duties of engineer soldiers. Credits will be given to the proper counties of this State, in the usual way, and the recruits will be forwarded to the general rendezvous in Louisville, Ky.

W. W. SIDELL,
Lieut.-Colonel 10th U. S. I., A. A. P. M. G., Chief Mustering and Disbursing Officer, and Superintendent of Volunteer Recruiting for Kentucky. mar1 d15

HEADQ'RS ACT'G ASS'T PROVOST MARSHAL GEN.,
STATE OF KENTUCKY,
LOUISVILLE, KY., March 1, 1865.

*Circular 29.*

By Circular No. 24, Provost Marshal General's office, December 31, 1864, further enlistments for cavalry and artillery were prohibited except in special cases to be designated by the War Department.

Two cases of exception have been designated by that Department, viz: the 6th and 7th Kentucky cavalry, the former being permitted to add by new enlistments 600 men to its present strength, and the latter 654. Recruiting and mustering officers and all others concerned are hereby notified.

W. H. SIDELL,
Lieut.-Col. 10th U. S. Infantry,
m2 d15 and A. A. Provost Marshal Gen. for Ky.

HEADQUARTERS 2D MILITARY DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY, March 3, 1865.

*General Orders, No. 1.*

In compliance with orders from Maj.-General Palmer, commanding Department of Kentucky, dated Louisville, Ky., March 2d 1865, I hereby assume command of all troops in the Second Military District of Kentucky, from and including the line of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad to the Cumberland river.

Commanders of regiments, detachments, and companies (unassigned) will at once report to these headquarters, at Russellville, Ky., their station, strength, and condition of their respective commands.

E. H. MURRAY,
m4 dtf Colonel 3d Kentucky Cavalry, Commanding.

### General Hospitals in Louisville, Ky.

B. H. Gilbert, Surgeon U. S. Vols., Superintendent and Medical Director U. S. A. General Hospitals, Louisville, Ky., and Jeffersonville, Ind. Office on Walnut street, between Fourth and Fifth.

Officers' U. S. A. General Hospital, corner of Brook and Broadway, in charge of Surgeon Wm. Clenderwin, U. S. Vols.

Brown U. S. A. General Hospital, B. E. Fryer, Assistant Surgeon U. S. A., in charge. On hill east of Park Barracks, on Third street.

Crittenden U. S. A. General Hospital, corner of Fifteenth and Broadway, in charge of Surgeon R. R. Taylor, U. S. Vols.

Clay U. S. A. General Hospital, Sixth street, between Walnut and Chestnut, in charge of Surgeon Francis Greene, U. S. Vols.

Eruptive U. S. A. General Hospital (Branch 2, small-pox, Branch 4, measles), on Newburg road, three miles from the city.

Foundery U. S. A. General Hospital, corner of Fifteenth and Main streets, in charge of Surgeon E. B. Phelps, U. S. Vols.

Sedgewick U. S. A. General Hospital, corner of Fifteenth and Broadway, in charge of Surgeon J. H. Grove, U. S. Vols.

Strader U. S. A. General Hospital, foot of Fourth st., in charge of Surgeon Benj. McCluer, U. S. Vols.

Transfer U. S. A. General Hospital, Broadway, near the Nashville Depot, in charge of Surgeon J. R. McClurg, U. S. Vols.

### General Hospitals in Jeffersonville, Ind.

Jefferson U. S. A. General Hospital, one mile east of the city, in charge of Surgeon M. Goldsmith, U. S. Vols.

Joe Holt U. S. A. General Hospital, one mile west of the city, in charge of Surgeon H. P. Stearns, U. S. Vols.

No. 16 U. S. A. General Hospital, near the railroad depot, in charge of Assistant Surgeon A. B. Prescott, U. S. Vols.

### General Hospitals in New Albany, Ind.

Medical Director of Northern Department in charge of the General Hospitals at New Albany, Charles S. Tripler, Surgeon U. S. Vols., Office, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Surgeon Thos. W. Fry, U. S. Vols., Superintendent of Hospitals. Office, DePaw House.

Hospital No. 4, upper corner Ninth and Main, S. J. Alexander, A. A. Surgeon U. S. A., in charge.

Hospital No. 5 (Colored), northwest corner Main and Lafayette, W. A. Clapp, A. A. Surgeon U. S. A., in charge.

Hospital No. 6, Elm street, between upper Sixth and Seventh, E. S. Crosier, A. A. Surgeon U. S. A., in charge.

Hospital No. 8, Main street, between Pearl and State, A. S. Green, A. A. Surgeon U. S. A., in charge.

Floating Hospital "Ohio" (Colored), lying at the foot of lower Fourth street, J. A. Octerlong, A. A. Surgeon U. S. A., in charge.

HOSPITAL CHAPLAINS.

No. 4 and "Ohio," Rev. W. V. Daniels, services on Sunday, at 9 A. M.

Nos. 5 and 8, Rev. S. S. Potter.

No. 6, Rev. E. J. Purdy, services Tuesday at 6 P. M., and Sunday at 11 A. M.

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### REMOVAL.

WM. McCREADY WOULD INFORM HIS friends and patrons that he has removed to No. 408 Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth north side, where he will be most happy to receive the visits of his former customers and all new ones who wish to purchase or have made the finest LADIES', MISSES', and CHILDREN'S BOOTS, SHOES, and GAITERS to be found in this or any other city.
m3 d1m

### FOUNTAIN HOTEL,

Northeast corner of Jefferson and Floyd streets.

I HAVE TAKEN THE ABOVE HOTEL, formerly known as the "Gregory House," and have refitted it in the best style, and am prepared to accommodate the public in the most satisfactory manner. This house is located in a most convenient position for persons from the country, being opposite the Louisville and Frankfort Depot, and I respectfully ask a share of their patronage.
m1 d1m J. N. HARRELL.

### Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT the State Treasurer's office, in the city of Frankfort, until the 20th day of March next, for the erection of a Work-shop, Chapel, Dining-room, and Smoke-house; Steam Heating Apparatus for Work-shop, Chapel, and Dining-room; Steam Engine, Boilers, Shafting, Belts, Pumps, and Pulleys in the Kentucky Penitentiary, according to plans and specifications in possession of the Commissioners, which can be seen by application at the Treasurer's office; agreeable to the act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, entitled "An Act for the Benefit of the Kentucky Penitentiary," approved February 10th, 1865.

J. H. GARRARD,
PHILIP SWIGERT,
JOHN B. TEMPLE,
Commissioners.

FRANKFORT, February 14, 1865. f15 dtd

A. HILGER, Late foreman of J. Winter. | W. VOSS, Late foreman of J. L. Deppen.

### HILGER & VOSS,
### Merchant Tailors and Clothiers,

SOUTHEAST CORNER FIFTH AND MARKET,

**Louisville, Ky.**

☞ A large assortment of FURNISHING GOODS always on hand. m1 d3m

### State Troops.

I AM AUTHORIZED BY THE GOVERNOR OF Kentucky to recruit a regiment of Mounted Infantry, to be mustered into the service of the State for the period of twelve months, unless sooner discharged.

Compensation, as to Pay, Clothing, and Rations, the same as received in the United States service.

The condition of the State requires prompt action. Kentuckians! refuse longer to be exiled from your homes! Come forward and volunteer for the defence of your State. For particulars, address

M. C. TAYLOR,
Louisville, Ky.

February 14, 1865. f15 dtf

### BARKLEY & FISHBACK,
### General Government Claim Agents,

CORNER OF FIFTH AND JEFFERSON,

HAVING LATELY ASSOCIATED WITH THEIR firm Capt W. O. WATTS, late of the 37th Ky. Mtd. Inf'ry, are prepared to settle the accounts of

**ARMY OFFICERS**

With the Ordnance and Quartermaster's Departments at Washington City, and procure for them

**Certificates of Non-Indebtedness.**

They will give their attention to the collection of all kinds of Government Claims, such as PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, &c., and are prepared at short notice to make out any and all kinds of VOUCHERS, Affidavits, Muster Rolls, and other Military papers.

Capt. WATTS, being a practising Lawyer, and having had experience as JUDGE ADVOCATE, will practise before Courts-Martial and Military Commissions, and generally attend to any legal business connected with the Military. f11 d1m

### WOOD TURNING.

I AM PREPARED TO DO ALL KINDS OF WOOD Turning at my shop, at Munn's Factory, on the corner of Green and Eighth.
m1 d6m GEO. ALLCHIN.

**Butter! Butter!**

5,000 LBS FRESH ROLL BUTER for sale by
f20 d1m DORN, BARKHOUSE, & CO.

CREAM TARTAR AND SODA—
100 kegs Bicarb. Soda;
10 bbls pure Cream Tartar; for sale by
m2 d&w1m R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

WINDOW-GLASS—2,500 boxes Window-Glass for sale by
m2 d&w1m R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

50 BAGS PRIME RIO COFFEE in store and for sale by
m2 d6 OTTER, HACKETT, & CO.

1 CASE FANCY COLORED ALPACAS just received and for sale low by
m3 d6 SMITH & CAMBRIDGE.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

ESTABLISHED 1852.

### KAHN & WOLF,

Manufacturers of

### CLOTHING,

438 Main street, corner of Fifth,

**Louisville, Ky.**

WE WOULD INFORM OUR FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS that we are now receiving from our manufactory in Philadelphia a large and varied assortment of

NEW STYLES

**Spring and Summer Clothing**

suitable for city and country trade, and we cordially invite merchants to give us a call and examine our stock.

Mr. KAHN devotes his personal attention to the manufacture of Clothing in Philadelphia. He is an experienced buyer, purchasing from first hands exclusively for cash, and our facilities generally enable us to offer advantages that cannot be surpassed East or West.

The liberal accommodation we have heretofore given we are willing to extend to all GOOD MEN in the trade.
f27 d&w3m

### JAMES M. STEVENS,

No. 628 Main street,

Nearly opposite Louisville Hotel,

LOUISVILLE, KY.,

**WHOLESALE DEALER IN**

Hosiery,
Gloves,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Suspenders,
Handkerchiefs,
Neck-Ties,
Scarfs,
Combs,
Brushes,
Buttons,
Threads,
Ladies' Belts,
Belt Buckles,
Belt Ribbons,
Velvet Ribbons,
Silk, Worsted, and
Cotton Braids,

Meerschaum Pipes
Imitation do do,
India Rubber do,
Briar Root do,
Wood do,
Pocket-Books,
Pocket-Mirrors,
Jewellery,
Towels,
Soaps,
Pomades,
Perfumery,
Travelling Bags,
Violins,
Paper,
Envelopes,
Pencils,
Pens,

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS

IN GREAT VARIETY.

We are constantly receiving new goods adapted to the wants of the trade, which will be sold low for cash.

Country and City merchants and Sutlers are solicited to examine our stock. m1 d3m

### SMITH & CAMBRIDGE,

624
MAIN STREET,

### Dry Goods Commission Merchants

AND

Agents for Eeastern Manufacturers,

f27 d20 LOUISVILLE, KY.

### FRANKLIN HOTEL,

On Broadway, between Eighth and Ninth streets
LOUISVILLE, KY.

LEGROS & DIETZ,.......Proprietors.

THE UNDERSIGNED ANNOUNCE TO THEIR old friends that they have opened a Hotel at the above location, and solicit a share of their patronage, as well as that of the travelling public generally. The proprietors are well known from their long connection with the Nashville Depot. Their house being nearly opposite the Nashville Depot, will be found a very desirable place for those leaving on or arriving by the Nashville trains, and the meals of the house will be regulated to suit the arrival and departure of trains.

ALFRED LEGROS,
m2 d6m FRANK DIETZ.

### Copartnership Notice.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVE ASSOCIATED ourselves together, under the name and style of HUTCHINGS, DUNCAN, & CO., for the purpose of conducting a WHOLESALE GROCERY and COMMISSION business, and hope by prompt attention to business to merit a liberal portion of patronage.

North side Main, between Seventh and Eighth streets.

DAVID B. HUTCHINGS,
J. A. DUNCAN,
M. A. DOWNING,
BEN. C. WHEAVER.

DAVID B. HUTCHINGS, Of Logan co., Ky.
JAMES A. DUNCAN, Of Hardin co., Ky.
M. A. DOWNING, Late of Shelby House.
BEN. C. WEAVER, Late with Huffman & Duncan.

### HUTCHINGS, DUNCAN, & CO.,
### Wholesale Grocers

AND

### COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND DEALERS IN

**Leaf Tobacco, Country Produce, &c.,**

North side Main st., between Seventh and Eighth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

STRICT ATTENTION PAID TO THE SALE OF BACON, LARD, PORK, WHEAT, FLOUR, and WHISKEY. Orders and consignments solicited.
f23 d1m

JNO. BENNETT. CHAS. C. BRENNER.

### BENNETT & BRENNER,
### House, Sign, & Ornamental PAINTERS,

320 Jefferson, north side, between Third and Fourth, R. C. Shirley's old stand,

f27 d LOUISVILLE, KY.

JOS. SACHS, Late of St. Louis, Mo.
S. B. SACHS, Late of Kentucky.

### J. & S. B. SACHS,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers

IN

### Boots and Shoes,

No. 36 WEST PEARL ST.,

**Cincinnati, Ohio.**

WE INVITE THE MERCHANTS OF KENTUCKY and Tennessee to examine our stock, having a full assortment adapted for the above trade always on hand.
f24 d1m J. & S. B. SACHS.

JAS. MORTON, Late Cash'r B'k of Tenn., Nashville, Tenn.
JAS. S. MORTON.
JOHN J. CRAIG, Late Cash'r Br. Union Bank, Knoxville, Tenn.

### MORTON, CRAIG, & CO.,

**Commission, Receiving, and Forwarding Merchants. Office No. 24 West Fourth st., Cincinnati, O.**

WE HAVE ENTERED INTO COPARTNERSHIP under the above name and style, for the purpose of doing a general commission, receiving, and forwarding business, and beg leave to announce to our friends, and the trade generally that we are now prepared to receive consignments, and to give our entire time and attention to the interest of those who may favor us with their business.

We also propose—and have arranged to make it a special and prominent feature of our business—to purchase goods on orders, and therefore solicit orders from our friends and merchants doing business in the country, with entire confidence that satisfaction will be given.

Officers and soldiers having trade permits for Tennessee, can be facilitated in their business arrangements, by calling at our office. We respectfully invite all Tennesseeans and friends from other sections of the country, visiting the city, for their convenience, to have their letters addressed to our care, and to make our office their headquarters during their stay in the city.

JAS. MORTON,
JOHN J. CRAIG,
f20 d1m JAS. S. MORTON.

### PETROLEUM.

GEOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL EXAMINATIONS and reports will be made on oil lands and mineral deposits by the undersigned, who has devoted much time and close attention to the practical development of petroleum in Pennsylvania, Kentucky, and other States.

C. W. WRIGHT, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry in the Kentucky School of
f26 d14* Medicine, corner of Fifth and Green sts.

### ABNER COOPER,
### COMMISSION MERCHANT

**Butter, Cheese, and Western Produce.**

No. 314 Main st., bet. Third and Fourth.

CASH PAID FOR FEATHERS, LARD, WHITE Beans, Dried Fruits, Ginseng, and Beeswax. Orders for any goods in the city promptly filled. feb20 d3m

### Volunteers---State Service.

I AM AUTHORIZED BY THE GOVERNOR to raise a Company for the Capital Guards' regiment, whose special duty will be the defence of the trains between this city and Lexington. The service will be for one year, and the pay, rations, clothing, &c., will be the same as for the regular service. I can be found at John Kountz's Restaurant, on Fifth, east side, between Market and Jefferson.
j11 dtf CHAS. JUNO, Captain.

**Cigars! Cigars!**

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF THE BEST BRANDS just received from Eastern manufacturers and for sale by
f20 d1m DORN, BARKHOUSE, & CO.

**Soap! Soap!**

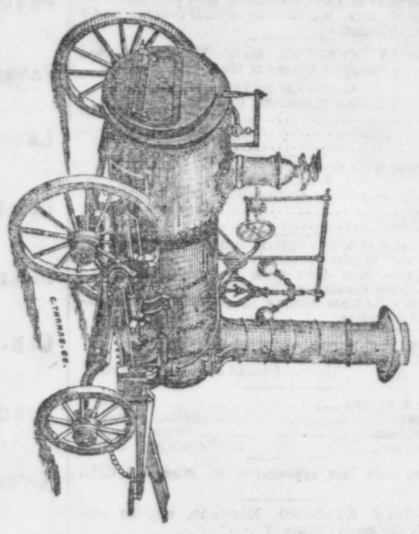
500 BOXES ST. LOUIS PALM AND GERMAN Soap just received and for sale at factory price by
[f20 d1m] DORN, BARKHOUSE, & CO.

**Whiskey! Whiskey!**

500 BBLS RAW;
250 bbls new and old Copper Whiskey;
For sale by
f20 d1m DORN, BARKHOUSE, & CO.

## PETROLEUM.

### Oil Well
### TOOLS AND MACHINERY



I AM MANUFACTURING AND KEEP CONSTANTLY on hand Portable and Stationary Steam Engines, Boring Tools, and other machinery used in boring for Oil and Salt.

JULIUS BARBAROUX,
Hydraulic Foundery and Machine Shop,
f22 dtf Louisville, Ky.

### MUTUAL BENEFIT
### PETROLEUM COMPANY.

ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

Capital Stock 200,000 Shares at $2 50 per Share, $500,000. 40,000 Shares, or $100,000 reserved for Working Capital, to fully develop the Property of the Company, the balance to be applied to the Purchase of Lands and other Property.

OFFICE..........NO. 130 PEARL STREET, (Hanover Square,) New York.

OFFICERS:

Hon. JOHN KELLY, New York, President.
JOHN C. GILES, New York, Vice-President.
WILLIAM E. FROST, New York, Secretary.
JOHN S. GILES, New York, Treasurer.
WILLIAM S. O'BRIEN, New York, General Superintendent.
JOHN C. CORNELL, Titusville, Pa., Assistant Superintendent.
Messrs. MARTIN & SMITH, Attorneys and Counsellors, Bank of Commerce Building, New York.

TRUSTEES:

Hon. JOHN KELLY, Sheriff of the City and County of New York.
GEORGE T. HAWS, Secretary Commonwealth Fire Insurance Company, New York.
JOHN S. GILES, Treasurer New York Fire Department Fund, New York.
WILLIAM S. COLLINS, Merchant, No. 130 Pearl st., New York.
GEORGE P. LAWRENCE, Merchant, No. 11 South William street, New York.
SAMUEL J. SMITH, Merchant, No. 10 Maiden Lane, New York.
JOHN C. GILES, Merchant, No. 11 South William street, New York.
WILLIAM S. O'BRIEN, Merchant, 71 and 73 Front street, New York.
JOHN C. CORNELL, Assistant Superintendent, Titusville, Penn.

Of the property belonging to this company, all of which are bottom lands, about one hundred and seventy-five acres have been selected by competent judges, as the best of oil-producing lands. Oil Creek and its tributary streams run directly through most of this property.

FIRST.

The tract situated on Maguire's, runs tributary to Oil Creek, a few rods from the main stream, and about four miles from TITUSVILLE, consists of one hundred and nine acres IN FEE, and is unusually well located, being a continuous gorge, through which runs the above-named creek. There is ample low land, terminating in high bluffs on either side, conveniently adapted for the sinking of over two hundred wells, and presenting indisputable evidences of superior oil territory. This tract is pronounced by experts in oil lands to be exceedingly promising, its topographical construction closely assimilating to lands which have proved immensely productive of oil. Extensive arrangements are being made by the United States, and other well-known companies, for developing the adjoining property, and, from its close proximity to already producing wells, the opinion is confidently entertained by judges that the yield of oil must be very large.

This tract, upon which is a saw-mill, is abundantly supplied with valuable timber, thus guaranteeing a sufficient supply of fuel for operative purposes.

SECOND.

That piece or parcel of land marked on the Company's map as B, consists of sixteen acres IN FEE; situated about five miles from Titusville, on Little Oil Creek, or Caldwell Creek, a tributary of Oil Creek proper, desirably located, with the stream flowing directly through it, and consisting entirely of bottom lands, on one side of which rises a high bluff, heavily timbered.

This tract is regarded as a very choice piece of oil-boring land, and upon which can be sunk at least thirty wells. The adjacent property is now being extensively tested with flattering success, which contributes to enhance the value of this plot.

THIRD.

The parcel of land marked on the Company's map as C, comprises fifty-four acres and fifteen rods IN FEE, located on the east branch of Caldwell Creek, which is mostly bottom-land, with high bluffs, heavily timbered, rising abruptly on each side. This tract is strikingly advantageous for boring purposes; the superficial evidences of oil on it, and the successful experiments on the adjoining property, give unmistakable promise of highly satisfactory results.

Prospectus and map, containing every information, will be furnished on application at the office of the Company, or sent by mail, to parties wishing to subscribe.

A limited number of shares only are now offered for a short time, and can be subscribed for at the office of the Company, No. 130 Pearl street, Hanover Square, New York; of JOHN S. GILES, Treasurer, No. 174 Canal street, New York; or either of the Trustees or Agents. feb21 d1m

### Buena Vista Oil and Mining Co.

THE BOOKS OF THIS COMPANY ARE NOW open. Parties desiring to subscribe for stock can do so by applying to R. Atwood, Main street, between Third and Fourth, or to R. J. Menefee, 118 Main street.

R. ATWOOD, Treas.
R. J. MENEFEE, Sec'y.

Louisville, Jan. 26, 1865—dtf

LOUISVILLE, KY, Feb. 18, 1865.

*Prof. J. Lawrence Smith:*

DEAR SIR: There seems to be some doubt in the minds of a few of our friends as to the actual opinion you entertain as to our lands in Harrison county, Ind., the last clause in your published report not being satisfactory. By giving us your opinion on the subject, you will oblige, yours, respectfully,

ROBT. ATWOOD,
R. J. MENEFEE.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Feb. 18, 1865.

*Messrs. Atwood and Menefee:*

GENTLEMEN: Your note is received asking my opinion regarding your 1,444 acres of land in Harrison county, Ind. In reply, I would simply state that the petroleum indications are of a most favorable character on your tract of land, and, in my opinion, fully justify the thorough development contemplated by the company.

Yours, respectfully,
f22 dtf J. LAWRENCE SMITH.

### Petroleum, Coal Oil, or Rock Oil.

IN REGIONS OF COUNTRY WHERE IT EXISTS it is most generally found upon the margins of coal fields probably many miles away, and most frequently under hilly, rocky lands where there are indications of upheavals at one time, and frequently where it exists the oil is seen upon the surface of springs and streams, giving it a greasy appearance and frequently the rainbow colors. Should any one know of such indications, I will make it largely to their interest to give me immediately information as to its exact locality. Cut this notice out or copy address, as you may some time hear of such indications. Address ALEXANDER WALBY, care of John Maguire, Real Estate Agent, No. 45, Walnut street, St. Louis, Mo. f18 d1m

### OHIO AND KENTUCKY
### PETROLEUM & MINING
### COMPANY.

**Incorporated under the Laws of the States of Ohio and Kentucky, Feb. 1865.**

Capital Stock, $1,000,000

**In 200,000 Shares at $5 Each.**

WORKING CAPITAL RESERVED FOR DEVELOPMENT OF PROPERTIES, $40,000.

**A Limited Am't of Stock Reserved at $2 50.**

**Lands Located in Washington county, Ohio, and on Oil Creek, Penn.**

OFFICERS:

B. F. PEIXOTTO,..........President.
J. VON BORRIES..........Vice-President.
THEODORE SCHWARTZ..........Treasurer.
WM. KRIEGSHABER..........Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

B. F. PEIXOTTO, of Davis, Peixotto & Co., Cleveland, O.
J. VON BORRIES, of J. Von Borries & Co., Louisville, Ky.
THEODORE SCHWARTZ, of John Smidt & Co., " "
WM. KRIEGSHABER, of Wm. Kriegshaber, " "
GEORGE A. DAVIS, of Geo. A. Davis & Co., New York.
HENRY OBERNDORFER, of Chas. Lichten & Co., " "
ABRAHAM KAHN, ESQ., of Philadelphia, Penn.
ISAAC WOLF, of Kahn & Wolf, Louisville, Ky.
HENRY DEPPEN, of Henry Deppen, Louisville, Ky.
R. C. YATES, of Tod, Yates, & Co., Cleveland, Ohio.
MANUEL HALLE, of M. Halle & Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Subscription Books will be open at the Banking-House of Messrs. John Smidt & Co., on Tuesday, Feb. 21st, when a limited amount of subscriptions at two dollars and fifty cents ($2 50) will be received, upon which no further call for assessment will be made, and on which dividends, when declared, will be paid at the full par value, $5.

For further information inquire of the Secretary and Treasurer, Main street, Louisville, Ky., or of the President, Cleveland, Ohio. f16 d1m

### OIL WELL
### Machinery

IN CONNECTION WITH OUR STEAMBOAT AND STATIONARY ENGINE building, we are prepared to build PORTABLE ENGINES and OIL WELL TOOLS of double refined material at the shortest notice. Jack Screws, Tobacco Machinery, and Hay Presses always on hand.

DAVIES & CO.,
Washington Foundery,
j27 dtf Corner Main and Ninth sts.

### Lawson Brass Foundery,

**No. 25 Tenth st., bet. Main and Market.**

**J. F. HAWLEY, - - - Proprietor.**

HAVING SERVED OUT THREE YEARS IN THE army, I am now in charge of the above named Foundery. I am happy to state that I have secured a continuation of the services of Mr. JOHN LAWSON, Machinist, who will still be on hand to attend to the practical part of the business, for which he is amply qualified from an experience of thirty years.

I am prepared to manufacture all kinds of Brass work. Particular attention paid to Metallic Packing and Babbet Metals of all kinds, Brass and Composition Castings, &c. Cash paid for Brass, Copper, and other old metals.
f20 d1m

## FOR SALE.

### For Sale.

I HAVE BOUGHT THE OLD WAREHOUSE ON the levee, between Fifth and Sixth, and, having torn it down, have quite a lot of Lumber of various kinds for sale, also a large amount of Brick.
m2 d15* CHAS. DREW.

### Coal Lands for Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED, COMMISSIONER BY VIRTUE of a judgment of the Pulaski Circuit Court, rendered at its September term, 1864, in the suit therein pending of Louis Patterson and Robert Chesney, administrators of John G. Lair, deceased, plaintiffs, against the Nashville Coal Company, defendants, will sell at public outcry, at the Court-house door, in the town of Somerset, on Monday, the 27th day of March, 1865, the lands embraced in the deed from John G. Lair to the Nashville Coal Company, which is of record in the Pulaski County Clerk's office.

There are several tracts and several hundred acres of land embraced in this deed, upon which are valuable coal mines and other minerals; also a new railroad running from the coal mines to the landing on Cumberland river; several new houses, machine-shops, stables, and other improvements.

This property is considered the most valuable coal interest in Pulaski county, and will be sold to satisfy the judgment in the suit aforesaid, which is for the purchase money due from the Nashville Coal Company.

The sale will be *positively* made on the above day, and on a credit of nine months, purchasers giving bond, with approved security, bearing interest from date, payable to Lair's administrators.

W. McKEE FOX, Com'r,
m1 dtd Pulaski Circuit Court.

### For Sale—200 Indiana and Illinois Farms,

AMONG WHICH ARE THE FOLLOWING:

No. 123—250 acres in Tippecanoe county, Ind., near a R. R. station, 150 acres in cultivation, two-story brick house 34 by 28, frame barn 48 by 64, with fine orchard, wells, &c. Price $53 per acre.

No. 119—120 acres in White county, Ind., one mile from a R. R. station, 80 acres improved, good orchard and comfortable buildings. Price $3,200.

No. 100—260 acres, six miles from Lafayette (a city of 16,000 population), 150 acres fenced and 100 acres in cultivation—good house, orchard, well, and spring. Price $33 per acre.

The lands in this portion of the State are of a first-class character.

Persons desiring to look over our full list of property can obtain the same by calling at our office or addressing us by mail, requesting the *Real Estate Bulletin*, which will be sent them free of charge.

HAMLIN & HINES, Real Estate Agents,
310 Jefferson st., bet. Third and Fourth,
f27 d Louisville, Ky.

### Elegant and Desirable Residence for Sale Cheap,

ON THE BARDSTOWN PIKE, WITHIN 30 minutes' walk of the P. O., or 10 of the street-cars, containing 7 rooms, with cellar, cistern, stable, &c., on a lot 100 by 185 feet, with a choice selection of ornamental and fruit trees. For further particulars inquire of Col. C. C. Alfriend, Green street, between Third and Fourth, or address R. M. D., Box 268 P. O.
f28 d1m*

### For Sale,

TWO OFFICERS' HORSES, OWNED BY an officer just mustered out. Call on
S. M. NOEL & CO.,
m3 d12 Frankfort, Ky.

### For Sale,

A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE, SITUATED ON the west side of Fifth street, between Walnut and Chestnut—lot 50 feet 9 inches front, running back to Centre street, with good brick stable, smoke-house, and cellar on same. For particulars call on me, at Wm. Terry's, No. 630 Main, between Sixth and Seventh streets.
f28 dtf G. M. HEWETT.

### OIL LANDS FOR SALE.

THE FEE-SIMPLE OF 1,045 ACRES OF SELECTED Oil territory on Oil Creek and Anderson River, in Perry county, Indiana; heavily timbered with white oak and black walnut. Title perfect. For terms address

H. CRAWFORD,
New Albany, Ind.

Refer to J. Von Borries & Co., and John Smidt & Co., for information and maps. f22 d1m

### For Sale,

IN JEFFERSONVILLE, IND., A TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE—eight rooms and porch—a good cellar, cistern, and bath-house—two good stables, carriage-house, feed-room, coal-house, a large wood-house, two grape arbors, and 15 fruit trees—the lot newly fenced—43½ feet front by 213 feet deep. Everything about the premises in good order. A good neighborhood. The house is about four squares from the ferry. For further information call at Sterling, Moon, & Co.'s Machine shop, on Spring street, Jeffersonville, Indiana. feb8 dtf

### Steam Engine for Sale,

ONE STEAM ENGINE, 12-INCH CYLINDER, 3 feet stroke, with boiler, heater, and all of the connections, complete and in perfect order. Also 100 feet 3-inch Shafting, Pullies, &c.

MILLER & MOORE,
Corner Ninth and Jefferson sts.,
f24 d&w1m Louisville, Ky.

### Circular Saw Mills.

TWO SINGLE SAW MILLS COMPLETE, PAGE'S patent, with saws from 48 to 60 inches, now in our warehouse and for sale low. Apply to

MILLER & MOORE,
Corner Ninth and Jefferson sts.,
f24 d&w1m Louisville, Ky.

### Steam Propeller for Sale.

I HAVE FOR SALE A STEAM Propeller. Any one wishing to purchase will for particulars apply to

Capt. PINK VARBLE,
f25 dtf Corner of Fourth and Water sts.

### House and Lot for Sale,

ON NORTH SIDE JEFFERSON, BETWEEN Jackson and Hancock. House, 4 rooms, lot 35 by 204. Inquire of JOHN BOES & CO.,
f16 d1m* 119 Market st.

### For Sale,

A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE and Farm of 114 acres, 45 in timber, on the Louisville and Lexington Railroad, 27 miles from Louisville, near the station at La Grange. New brick building of seven rooms, metal roof, large cistern, a well of fine water, and all necessary out-buildings. Yard ornamented with flowers and shrubbery. Young Orchard of apple and peach-trees. Garden has the finest variety of small fruits. The best situation for cultivating fruits of all kinds. Address G. B. MOORE,
f21 d30* La Grange, Kentucky.

### For Sale.

I WILL SELL, ON REASONABLE TERMS, my HOUSE (just finished), situated on Walnut above Fifth street.
f21 dtf A. J. BALLARD.

### For Sale,

SEVERAL HUNDRED IMPROVED FARMS, IN Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana, and Illinois, and several large tracts of improved land in Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, and Wisconsin. Pamphlets containing full descriptions and prices of each will be sent by mail, free of charge, on application.

SAMUEL A. SARGENT,
Northwest cor. Fifth and Walnut sts.,
f21 d30* Cincinnati, Ohio.

### FOR LEASE:

THE

### FINEST PLACE IN THE SOUTH.

**BELLE-MONTE, NEAR NASHVILLE.**

THE ELEGANTLY IMPROVED AND magnificent country seat known as Belle-monte, two and a half miles southwest of the city of Nashville, is offered for lease for a term of three or five years. The principal dwelling is one of the most expensive in the United States, while the place, as a whole, is THE FINEST IN THE SOUTH, costly and elegant as many Southern mansions are.

The grounds adjoining the residence comprise sixty-five acres, and on the place is an abundance of statuary, shrubbery, evergreens, and vineyards, with pleasant walks and drives; green-houses, containing the choicest flowers and plants; hot-house; grapery; vegetable garden; fruit trees of the best varieties; ice-house; aviary; coal and wood-house, and a gas-house which supplies the whole building, and can easily be extended throughout the entire grounds. Ponds, with gold-fish, and elegant water-tower, founts, &c. Three large cisterns, two water tanks for the supply of bath-rooms, kitchen, &c.; a good well and a fine spring; substantial and costly stables, carriage-house, and driver's house, besides a handsome cottage with four rooms, kitchen, &c., built for gardener's house, which is entirely detached from the other improvements.

The residence has thirty or forty rooms, large airy Hall, spacious Galleries and Verandas, one large room suitable for a Ball Room or Picture Gallery, fine Billiard Room, Bowling Saloon, &c. A Gymnasium and Pistol Gallery might easily be added.

The place would make an attractive Summer Resort or Private Hotel. Its proximity to the Capital of Tennessee, and the scarcity of hotel accommodations will insure ample patronage. There is no reason why Belle-monte should not become the most noted and fashionable resort in Tennessee. A desire to visit Europe on the part of the owner, is the only reason for leasing the place. A gentleman or company, with capital and energy, can easily double their investment annually.

With the place will be sold a fine Billiard Table, two splendid Grand Pianos, one Cylinder Piano, one large Music Box with clock attached, and an extensive assortment of Household and Kitchen Furniture, embracing everything desirable in a dwelling.

The undersigned will furnish all necessary information, terms, etc., at their Real Estate Agency Office, No. 29 Cherry street, Nashville, or by letter to parties at a distance. We can exhibit lithograph views of Belle-monte, and a splendid painting of the place from the easel of Wagner, at our office.

☞ Possession will be given in May or June, if desired.

NELSON & MURFREE,
f18 d1m Real Estate Agents.

### Dwelling-House for Sale,

A VERY COMFORTABLE DWELLING-House and Furniture, situated on east side Third, between Chestnut and Broadway. Can be bought at a reasonable rate by applying at once to
f6 dtf R. J. MENEFEE, 118 Main st.

### For Sale,

MY FARM OF 265 ACRES, AT O'BANNON's Depot, on the Louisville and Frankfort Railroad, is offered for sale. It is well watered and well set in grass—has 5 acres of vineyard (young vines) and young orchard of apples and peaches. Would take a city residence in part pay. Call and see me, as I will give a bargain, or apply to Dr. FORBE, opposite the Custom-house, Louisville, Ky.
n12 dtf B. MUSSELMAN.

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### OHIO RIVER SALT CO.

**JOHN B. SMITH, Sole Agent.**

I HAVE ON HAND AND AM CONSTANTLY RECEIVING some of the best brands of

### SALT!

in superior cooperage, which I offer to city and country dealers at the lowest market price,

**Third st., between Main and River,**
LOUISVILLE, KY

j25 d3m

### Great Western
### BILLIARD ROOM,

**U. S. Hotel, corner of Fourth and Jefferson sts.,**
LOUISVILLE, KY.

R. B. FLETCHER, Proprietor. m3 d1m

### HIDES! HIDES!

WE HAVE FOR SALE 9,000 GREEN SALTED city butcher Hides, in good condition and free from cuts, which we will sell to Tanners and others in small lots to suit them.

HOLT & TAYLOR,
207 Main st., south side,
f15 dtf Louisville Ky.

COAL OIL—25 bbls Coal Oil for sale by
m2 d&w1m R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

## RAILROADS.

### Louisville & Frankfort & Lexington & Frankfort Railroads.

**On and after Tuesday, Jan. 3, 1865,**

**Trains will leave as follows:**

No. 1—Leaves Louisville daily (except Sundays) at 5:25 A. M., stopping at all stations except Fair Grounds, Race Course, Ormsby's, O'Bannon's, Beard's, Brownsboro, and Belleview. Leaves Lexington at 2:00 P. M., and arrives at Louisville at 7:00 P. M.

No. 2—Leaves Louisville at 2:20 P. M. (Sundays excepted), stopping at all stations except Fair Grounds, Race Course, Brownsboro, and North Benson. Leaves Lexington at 6:00 A. M., and arrives at Louisville at 11:05 A. M.

No. 3—Accommodation leaves Lagrange daily (Sundays excepted) at 7:00 A. M., and arrives at Louisville at 9:00 A. M. Leaves Louisville at 2:50 P. M., and arrives at Lagrange at 5:35 P. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS leave Louisville and Lexington daily (Sundays excepted).

d31 dtf SAM'L GILL, Sup't.

### Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

**Change of Time.**

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, OCT. 3, 1864, TRAINS will leave the Depot, corner of Ninth and Broadway, as follows:

5 A. M. THROUGH FREIGHT Train for Nashville daily.
7 A. M. MAIL AND PASSENGER Train for Nashville, Bowling Green, and Clarksville daily.
2:30 A. M. EXPRESS PASSENGER Train for Lebanon, Perryville, Danville, Harrodsburg, Campbellsville, and Columbia daily (except Sunday).
6:30 A. M. FREIGHT Train for Lebanon.
2 P. M. ACCOMMODATION Train for Bardstown daily (except Sunday).
1 P. M. MAIL AND PASSENGER Train for Nashville daily.
6:30 P. M. FREIGHT for Nashville daily.

o3 B. MARSHEL, Sup't Transportation.

### Louisville, New Albany, and Chicago Railroad.

TWO DAILY TRAINS LEAVE NEW ALBANY OPposite Louisville—

9:30 A. M. Chicago Express, daily (Sundays excepted), making direct connection at Mitchell for St. Louis, Cairo, Evansville, St. Joseph, Leavenworth, Kansas City, and all points West; also at Green Castle and Lafayette for Terre Haute, Mattoon, Alton, Decatur, Springfield, Jacksonville, Quincy and all points in Central Illinois, and at Michigan City for Detroit, Chicago, and points Northwest.

9:20 P. M. St. Louis and Cairo Night Express, daily, making direct connections for all points West and Northwest, and for Cincinnati and all Eastern Cities.

Only one change of cars to St. Louis, Chicago, and Cincinnati. Baggage checked through from the Hotels.

For further information and through tickets apply at the office of the Company, southwest corner Main and Third streets, Louisville, Ky. Office open Sundays from 5 to 7 o'clock P. M.

S. S. PARKER, Agent.
A. B. CULVER, Superintendent. s10 dtf

### JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD.

**TWO DAILY TRAINS**

LEAVE JEFFERSONVILLE, OPPOSITE LOUISVILLE, as follows:

2:25 P. M. Daily (except Sundays), making direct connections as follows:

AT INDIANAPOLIS:

For Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Baltimore, Washington City, and all points East and Northwest.

For Chicago, Detroit, and all points in the North and Northwest.

For Cairo, St. Louis, Hannibal, Quincy, St. Joseph, &c.

9:00 P. M. Daily (Saturdays excepted), making direct connections as follows:

AT SEYMOUR:

For St. Louis, Cairo, St. Joseph, and all points West

AT INDIANAPOLIS:

For all Eastern and Northeastern cities.
For Toledo, Detroit, &c.
For Chicago and Northwestern and Western cities.

☞ Passengers by taking this route avoid a disagreeable and dusty OMNIBUS RIDE OF FIVE MILES.

☞ This route is 60 MILES SHORTER, and passengers save 12 HOURS in time over any and all other routes to Chicago and the Northwest.

THIS IS THE ONLY DIRECT ALL RAIL ROUTE TO EASTERN CITIES.

☞ Passengers should EXAMINE THEIR TICKETS CAREFULLY to see that they read "JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD."

☞ Any information can be obtained or Tickets purchased at the office of the Company, SOUTHEAST corner of Main and Third streets, Louisville, Ky., or at the R. R. Depot, Jeffersonville.

Fare always as low as by any other route.

a19 J. A. NAFEW, General Ticket Agent.

## COAL.

### COAL! COAL!

### F. W. MERZ,

Green street, between Second and Third,

**LOUISVILLE IRON-WORKS,**

Dealer in the best quality of

**PITTSBURG COAL.**

Orders by railroad and country wagons promptly filled.
d22 d3m

### THOMPSON & CO.,

DEALERS IN PURE

### WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKIES,

&c.,

Importers of

### Verzenay Champagne,

AND DEALERS IN

### CALIFORNIA WINES,

Old Blue House,

**79 Fourth st., bet. Main & Market.**

f17 d1m

### KING & OWEN,

### UNDERTAKERS

**At the old stand, Southeast corner Jefferson and Third Streets.**

HAVING THOUROUGHLY CHANGED THE OLD house and fitted it up for our business in a style heretofore unknown in this city, we will devote our time exclusively to the burial of the dead, for which purpose we will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of

**I. C. SHULER & CO.'S**

justly celebrated Air-tight, Galvanized, Wrought Iron Caskets and Cases, which, for lightness, durability, style, and finish, surpass anything before offered to the public.

We also keep on hand CRANE, BREED, & CO.'S and W. M. RAYMOND & CO.'S Metallic Burial Caskets and Cases. Also, a large assortment of Wooden Coffins and Coffin Mountings. All calls attended to promptly night or day, in the city or country, by one of the firm in person. The senior partner of this house has the exclusive agency for the sale of I. C. SHULER & CO.'S Caskets and Cases in the eastern division of Kentucky, commencing at the mouth of Salt River (excepting some three or four counties where they are now sold), and is prepared to furnish Undertakers with them by calling at our office, corner of Third and Jefferson streets.

d28 d3m KING & OWEN.

*Business College*

**Bryant, Stratton, & Spencer's**

### INDIANAPOLIS BUSINESS COLLEGE

IS ONE OF THE PROMINENT INSTITUTIONS constituting the "Chain of International Business Colleges," located in twenty-three of the largest cities of the United States and Canadas. The Scholarships issued at the INDIANAPOLIS COLLEGE good throughout the "Chain." This Institution offers unequalled advantage to Young Men and Ladies desiring a Business Education. The various departments of Book-Keeping, Commercial Law, Calculations, &c., are under the charge of able and experienced teachers. Penmanship taught by one of the authors of the Spencerian System. Telegraphing taught by a practical Operator.

For further information send Stamps for College Monthly and specimens of Business Writing, or call at 30½ West Washington street.

BRYANT, STRATTON, & SPENCER,
f18 d1m Indianapolis, Ind.

### THE NEXT DRAFT.

I WILL GIVE EXEMPTION TO PERSONS CLAIMING exemption from draft.

ANDREW MONROE,
f10 dtf At Court-house.

### THOS. A. BERRYMAN,
### Attorney at Law,

*(Late of Owenton, Ky.)*

HAVING REMOVED TO LOUISVILLE, KY., WILL practise law in the Courts held in the city, and in the Court of Appeals. Office on Fifth street, opposite the Court-House. f16 d1m&w4*

BURLAP SACKS—5,000 four-bushel Oat Sacks in store and for sale by GEO. C. HUNTER,
Agent for Manufacturers,
j26 d1m Main, bet. Third and Fourth sts.

## NATIONAL BANKS.

### Second National Bank
### OF LOUISVILLE.

DIRECTORS:

JAMES BRIDGEFORD, V. R. BARTLETT,
JAMES PARKHILL, S. S. BUSH,
MOSES BROWN, C. G. DAVISON,
WM. E. HUGHES.

THIS BANK IS LOCATED FOR THE PRESENT at the old stand of Tucker & Co., on the east side of Fourth street, between Main and the river, and will transact a general Banking, Exchange, and Collecting business.

Prompt attention given to collections.

JAS. BRIDGEFORD, President.
GEO. S. ALLISON, Cashier. m2 d30

### CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY

TO

### The Second National Bank,

**LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.**

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, Feb. 2, 1865.

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "THE SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF LOUISVILLE," in the city of Louisville, in the county of Jefferson, and State of Kentucky, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3d, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking under said Act:

Now, therefore, I, Hugh McCulloch, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Second National Bank of Louisville," in the city of Louisville, in the county of Jefferson, and State of Kentucky, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act afforesaid.

SEAL In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this second day of February, 1865.

HUGH McCULLOCH,
f14 d60 Comptroller of the Currency.

### Planters' National Bank.
### OF LOUISVILLE.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, Feb. 9, 1865.

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "THE PLANTERS' NATIONAL BANK OF LOUISVILLE," in the City of Louisville, in the County of Jefferson, and State of Kentucky, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide a National currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking under said act:

Now, therefore, I, Hugh McCullough, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the "Planters' National Bank of Louisville," in the City of Louisville, in the County of Jefferson, and State of Kentucky, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.

SEAL In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this ninth day of February, 1865.

HUGH McCULLOUGH,
f15 d2m Comptroller of the Currency.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, February 8, 1865.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "*The Louisville City National Bank*," of the *city of Louisville*, in the *county of Jefferson*, and *State of Kentucky*, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress, entitled "An act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking under said act:

Now, therefore, I, Hugh McCullough, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Louisville City National Bank," in the city of Louisville, in the county of Jefferson, and State of Kentucky, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office this eighth day of February, 1865.

HUGH McCULLOUGH,
Comptroller of the Currency.

Currency Bureau,
Seal of the
Comptroller of the Currency,
Treasury Department.

f13 d60

### THE CELEBRATED IMPROVED ELLIPTIC LOCK-STITCH
### SEWING - MACHINE

SURPASSES ALL OTHERS IN BEAUTY, SIMPLICITY, durability, and perfection of its work. It is fast becoming the most popular FIRST-CLASS MACHINE ever invented, and comprises fifteen different patterns and styles, with prices ranging accordingly. Each Machine is warranted for three years. Agents wanted in every town throughout Indiana and Kentucky where agencies are not already established. Send for circular and terms.

HARRIS, PROUTY, & CO.,
General Agents for Indiana and Kentucky,
INDIANAPOLIS, IND.
f18 d1m

### Kentucky Marine and Fire Insurance Co., Louisville, Ky.,

Jan. 10, 1865.

THIS COMPANY INSURES AGAINST LOSS OR damage by fire, and against perils of navigation on the oceans, bays, lakes, rivers, canals, and overland on railroads, on the mutual plan on the cargo risks ratably divided semi-annually among the business contributors.

Office No. 402, northwest corner of Main and Fourth streets, Louisville, Ky.

DIRECTORS:

E. A. Gardner, James M. Duncan,
A. Brandeis, W. H. Walker,
Wm. C. Hall, John M. Davis,
M. A. HUSTON, P. B. ATWOOD, Pres't.
j16 d3m

### Notice to Discharged Officers and Soldiers.

CERTIFICATES OF NON-INDEBTEDNESS FROM the different Departments at Washington, procured in a short time. Having two established agents in Washington, we are prepared to settle and adjust the accounts of officers with promptness and despatch. Also the only agency in the city that makes cash advances to officers on their Muster-out Rolls and Discharge Papers.

Bounty procured for soldiers wounded and discharged, or for soldiers who have served two full years.

Invalid Pensions procured for soldiers, and Bounty, Back Pay, and Pensions, procured for widows or relatives of deceased soldiers.

MARKS & CO,
Bankers and U. S. Claim Agents,
f24 d3m Third street, near corner of Main.

W. E. HOBSON, Late Col. 13th Ky. Vols. J. J. COOKE

### WM. E. HOBSON & CO.,
### Commission and Forwarding
### MERCHANTS,

BOWLING GREEN, KY.,

HAVING LEASED THE WAREHOUSE AT THE landing, in connection with their business, they solicit consignments of Goods and Produce to their address for sale or transportation by rail or river.

Advances made on shipments to their correspondents in New York, Philadelphia, Cincinnati, Louisville, and Evansville. j25 d3m

### DENTAL NOTICE.

HAVING REMOVED TO THE CITY I am permanently located.

Office on Jefferson street, between First and Second, north side.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
f27 d1m* E. W. MASON.

C. M. BRIGGS. A. L. STAMPS

### BRIGGS & CO.,
### Wholesale Grocers,
### COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
### Cotton Factors,

AND DEALERS IN

### FOREIGN and DOMESTIC LIQUORS,

Northeast corner of Church and College sts.,
NASHVILLE, TENN.

WE DEVOTE ESPECIAL ATTENTION TO THE forwarding of Cotton. Our connection with Louisville and an intimate acquaintance with the different Lines of Transportation, as well as a long experince in the handling of the Staple, enables us to insure those favoring us with their business quick despatch and low rate of charges.

REFER TO—Messrs McFerran & Menefee, Messrs. A. Rawson & Co., } Louisville.
Messrs. R. M. Bishop & Co., Messrs. Hanks & Porter, } Cincinnati.
j17 d3m

### 15,000 Mules Wanted

**FOR WHICH THE HIGHEST PRICES WILL BE PAID**

AT W. B. LEONARD & CO.'S,
Market, between Sixth and Seventh.
f15 d3m

### W. B. LEONARD & CO.,
### AUCTION & SALES' STABLE,

Market, bet. Sixth and Seventh.

SALES TWICE A WEEK, WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
f16 d3m E. D. HETCHENS, Auctioneer

### Notice.

ROBERT FLOYD, ESQ., IS ADMITTED A PARTner in our house from this date. The style will be as heretofore.

Jan. 1, 1865. MITCHELL & ARMSTRONG.

J. W MITCHELL. VENE P. ARMSTRONG. ROB'T FLOYD.

### MITCHELL & ARMSTRONG,
### Provision & Commission Merchants,

222 Main st., between Second and Third,
LOUISVILLE, KY.,

**DEALERS IN PORK, BACON, LARD, FLOUR, &c., &c.,**

Agents for the sale of ALCOHOL, COLOGNE SPIRITS, BOURBON and RAW WHISKEYS, &c.
j2 d3m

### Tobacco! Tobacco!

50 HALF BUTTS REED'S BRIGHT LBS;
40 do do Valley Rose do;
125 caddies Isabella bright 10's.
300 caddies Black Sweet do;
50 boxes Navy lbs;
200 caddies Navy ½ lbs;
100 caddies Black Sweet quarters;
On consignment and for sale by
DORN, BARKHOUSE, & CO.,
f20 d1m 428 Main st.

### Safes! Safes!

WE ARE AGENTS FOR THE BEST SAFES IN use, and invite buyers to examine ours before purchasing.
f20 d1m DORN, BARKHOUSE, & CO.

CASTOR OIL—40 bbls Castor Oil for sale by
m2 d&w1m R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

## WANTED.

### Work-Mules Wanted.

PERSONS HAVING WORK-MULES, 14½ to 16 hands high, 3 to 8 years old, will find a liberal purchaser at the Shelby House for ten days. m1 d1m*

HORSES AND MULES FOR Government purposes wanted at the Shelby Stock Yard. The highest cash price will be paid.
m1 d1m H. B. DONALDSON.

### Wanted—Agents.

FROM $100 TO $200 PER MONTH. Active business men wanted everywhere, both local and travelling, to sell Sewing-Machines. We are paying higher commissions by far than any other firm in the U. S. For particulars address WM. H. POST & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio. m1 d20*

### Wanted.

A YOUNG MEDICAL GENTLEMAN WISHES TO open correspondence with some young lady with a view to matrimony. Address Dr., Box 967, Nashville, Tenn. f28 d1m*

### Wanted,

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE will be paid for 500 CAVALRY and ARTILLERY HORSES and 500 MULES at ELIAS LEVI'S Auction and Sale Stable, corner Seventh and Market.
f24 d1m* ELIAS LEVI.

### Wanted,

A SITUATION AS GOVERNESS BY A YOUNG lady qualified to teach the branches of an English education and to give lessons on the Piano. A moderate compensation would be accepted in a pleasant family. Refer to Mrs. Eliza Field, Mr. Geo. Anderson, or R. P. Cropper. Address either of the above. f23 dtf

### Wanted,

AGENTS TO SELL STENCIL PLATES IN EVERY regiment in the army. Those plates are used for marking cards, envelopes, soldiers' clothing, blankets, knapsacks, &c.

R. W. MERCER,
f28 d2m* Box 753, Louisville, Ky.

### $10 PER DAY.

WANTED—AGENTS MALE OR FEMALE—CAN clear $50 per week at their own homes, in a light, honorable business, that pays over eight hundred per cent. A capital of $1 to $5 only required. Any person having a few hours daily to spare, will find this a splendid paying business. Address, sending two stamps, for full particulars, R. WAVELL, Box 4,781, Chicago.
f15 d20is*

### Wanted,
### 30 GOOD MILLINERS,

FOR THE SPRING TRADE. INQUIRE OF

MRS. A. E. PORTER,
f8 dtf 331 Market street.

### Wanted,

A WOMAN TO DO THE COOKING, WASHING, and ironing for a very small family. A good home and the highest wages will be given to one who is thoroughly competent, and none other need apply. Address drawer No. 239 Post-office. f12 distf

### Wanted,

AN UNFURNISHED ROOM IN FIRST OR SECOND story, between Second and Fifth and Market and Walnut. Address "Union," Box #19. f11 dtf

## GROCERIES.

R. M. BISHOP. W. T. BISHOP.

### R. M. BISHOP & CO.,
### Wholesale Grocers,

**NO. 36 MAIN STREET,**

NEAR COLUMBIA STREET,

**Cincinnati, Ohio.**

568 hhds good to strictly choice N. O. Sugar;
1,000 bbls Cr., Gran., Powd., and Refined Yellow do;
500 bbls choice new N. O. Molasses;
200 ½ do old do do;
1,000 bags good to choice Rio Coffee;
500 bags old Laguayra and Java Coffee;
1,000 packages Nos. 1, 2, and 3 Mackerel;
1,000 kegs Shoenberger and Belmont Nails;

Large assortment Tobaccos, Cigars, Wooden-Ware, Cordage, Spices, Teas, Soaps, Candles, and various other articles; on hand and for sale AT VERY LOWEST MARKET RATES by R. M. BISHOP & CO.,
No. 36 Main street, near Columbia,
f15 d6m CINCINNATI, O.

### PLOUGHS AND WAGONS.

WE HAVE ON HAND AND ARE MAKING ALL sizes of the STEEL PEACOCK PLOUGHS, also all our different kinds of Ploughs. Constantly on hand all kinds of WAGONS, Ploughs, Castings, &c., at our old stand, corner of Main and Hancock streets.
f21 d1m&w4 HAYS & COOPER.

### CHERRY, DANIEL, & CO.,
### Bankers & Brokers,

No. 49 Wall street,

**New York.**

W. H. CHERRY, R. C. DANIEL, } of Memphis, Tenn.
T. F. TERRELL, THOS. P. AKERS, } of Paducah, Ky.

(Post-Office Box 2,909)

STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD, AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES bought and sold on Commission.
f16 d1m

### ENTERPRISE MILLS,
### ATWOOD, RALSTON, & CO.,

Manufacturers & Commission Merchants

### CARPETINGS,

**Oil-Cloths, Mattings, Rugs, &c.,**

NO. 619 CHESTNUT STREET,

f25 d3m **Philadelphia.**

### H. HARRIS & ROSENAU,

Wholesale Dealers

IN

### GENTS' CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS,

No. 428 Main street,

**Louisville, Ky.**

f14 d2m

### New Wholesale
### CLOTH HOUSE.

### R. L. BROWN

INVITES THE ATTENTION OF CITY AND COUNtry Merchants to his stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TAILORS' TRIMMINGS, and GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, &c., which will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

**No. 527 Main street,**
Over Heeter & Chaudoin's.
j24 d3m

### STEAM TO AND FROM THE OLD COUNTRY.

The well-known favorite Clyde-built Iron Steamships of the ANCHOR LINE of Steamships "*HIBERNIA*," "*CALEDONIA*," "*BRITANNIA*," and "*UNITED KINGDOM*" are intended to sail fortnightly to and from New York, carrying passengers to and from *Liverpool*, *Glasgow*, *Belfast*, *Dublin*, *Waterford*, *Cork*, *Limerick*, *Galway*, or *Londonderry*. These steamers were built specially for the Atlantic trade, are divided into water and air-tight compartments.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

From New York to any of the above places: Cabins, $120 and $100; steerage, $45, payable in American currency.

To New York from any of the above places: Cabins, $65 and $50; steerage, $35, payable in gold or equivalent in American currency.

Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets at these rates from the Agents.

FRANCIS MACDONALD & CO.,
j12 d4m 6 Bowling Green, New York.

A. S. WOODRUFF. JAS. P. HULL. W. D. SMITH.

### WOODRUFF & CO.,
### Wholesale Grocers

AND

### COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
### Tobacco Factors,

AND DEALERS IN

**WINES, LIQUORS, and CIGARS,**

No. 317 Main st., bet. Third and Fourth,
jan23 d3m LOUISVILLE, KY.

### Proclamation by the Governor.
### $300 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN TO ME that William B. Keas was, on the night of the 25th November, 1864, by some unknown person or persons, murdered;

Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of three hundred dollars ($300) for each of the unknown murderers and their apprehension and delivery to the jailer of Clarke county, payable when such persons are indicted by the grand jury of the county.

SEAL In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed.

Done at Frankfort this 6th day of January, A. D. 1865, and in the 73d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.

By the Governor.
E. L. VAN WINKLE,
Secretary of State.
By JAS. R. PAGE,
Assistant Secretary. j9 d3m

### A. H. & W. O. GARDNER,
### Wholesale Grocers

AND

### COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

418 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth, one door above Citizens' Bank,
j30 d3m LOUISVILLE, KY.

### Louisville City National Bank,

Feb. 23, 1865.

THE ABOVE BANK WILL OPEN FOR THE transaction of business on the 1st day of March, 1865. An additional call on the capital stock has been made by the Board of Directors, 25 per cent payable on the 1st of April, and the remaining 25 per cent on the 1st of May.

f23 d30 RICH'D S. MOXLEY, Cashier.
[Press and Democrat copy 30 days.]